## MiVoice MX-ONE Optional Installations Release 7.2 February 18, 2020



### Notice

The information contained in this document is believed to be accurate in all respects but is not warranted by **Mitel Networks**<sup>™</sup> **Corporation (MITEL**<sup>®</sup>). The information is subject to change without notice and should not be construed in any way as a commitment by Mitel or any of its affiliates or subsidiaries. Mitel and its affiliates and subsidiaries assume no responsibility for any errors or omissions in this document. Revisions of this document or new editions of it may be issued to incorporate such changes.No part of this document can be reproduced or transmitted in any form or by any means - electronic or mechanical - for any purpose without written permission from Mitel Networks Corporation.

#### Trademarks

The trademarks, service marks, logos and graphics (collectively "Trademarks") appearing on Mitel's Internet sites or in its publications are registered and unregistered trademarks of Mitel Networks Corporation (MNC) or its subsidiaries (collectively "Mitel") or others. Use of the Trademarks is prohibited without the express consent from Mitel. Please contact our legal department at legal@mitel.com for additional information. For a list of the worldwide Mitel Networks Corporation registered trademarks, please refer to the website: <u>http://www.mitel.com/trademarks</u>.

> ®,™ Trademark of Mitel Networks Corporation
>  © Copyright 2020, Mitel Networks Corporation All rights reserved

## Contents

Chapter: 1	MiCollab Integration1MiCollab Example Introduction1Prerequisites1OVA Deployment Installation1Configuration of MiCollab2Menu: Service Link3Menu: Configuration3Menu: Security4Menu: Administration4Menu Application4Option: Users and Service4Option: MiCollab Client Service5Option: NuPoint Web Console5Option: NuPoint Web Console6Test Access to AWV and NuPoint8
Chapter: 2	MiCollab Advanced Messaging
Chapter: 3	Mitel CMG 10
Chapter: 4	Mitel InAttend
Chapter: 5	MiContact Center Enterprise
Chapter: 6	Mitel MC Controller
Chapter: 7	Mitel Performance Analytics       14         Introduction       .14         Brief Description of Mitel Performance Analytics       .14         Supported Scenarios       .14         Prerequisites       .15

	Mitel Performance Analytics SNMP integration with MiVoice MX-ONE .16
	How to integrate with MiVoice MX-ONE
	Useful information
	Co-existence with Similar Tools
	References
Chapter: 8	MiVoice Call Recording
Chapter: 9	Microsoft Products
	Introduction
	General
	Scope
	Integration Description
	Direct SIP
	Direct SIP Signaling Overview
	Direct SIP Supported Features
	Prerequisites
	Skype for Business Server 2019
	Licenses
	Installation and Configuration
	Installation
	MiVoice MX-ONE Installation
	Microsoft Infrastructure
	Configuration
	Direct SIP Setup
	Direct SIP with Security and Media Bypass Setup
	Load Balancing and Failover Setup
	Integration Notes
	References
	Revision History
	Introduction
	Scope
	Solution Description
	MiVoice MX-ONE
	Microsoft Lync Server 2013
	Integration
	Requirements and Setup
	MIVOICE MX-ONE Requirements
	Microsoft Lync Server 2013 Requirements
	Integration Setup - TCP
	MiVoice MX-ONE Setup - TCP
	Microsoft Lync Server 2013 Setup – TCP
	Enable Lync Users for Remote Call Control
	How to Verify the Setup

	Lync 2013 Client Features
	Make an Outgoing Call Using the Lync 2013 Client
	Answer an Incoming Call
	Transfer a Call Between Current Conversations (Monitored Transfer) 54
	Single Step Transfer
	Forward an Incoming Call
	Place Calls on Hold
	Alternate Between Multiple Concurrent Calls
	Answer a Second Call While Already in a Call (call waiting)60
	Dial Dual-Tone Multi-Frequency (DTMF) Digits
	Presence
	Limitations
	Good to Know
	Revision History
Chapter: 10	Teleworker Solution
	General
	Application Requirements
	Installation Notes
	Licensing
	Installing Release 9.2 on a standalone physical server
	Installing Release 9.2 in a VMware environment
	Firewall Configuration
	MSL Configuration
	MBG Configuration
	Phone Configuration
	Limitations
	Known Issues
	Issues Resolved
	Upgrade Notes
	Appendix - Config Script
	Appendix - mitel.cfg Settings
Chapter: 11	GX and EX Controller
	Introduction
	Prerequisites
	Setting up MX-ONE for GX Controller
	Number Analysis
	Extension Data
	Common Service Profile 9:
	Common Service Profile 11:
	Least Cost Routing Data
	Route Data
	ROCAP80
	RODAP

SIP ROUTE	80
Setting up the GX Gateway	81
Logon	81
Network Settings	82
Host	82
Interfaces	84
Local Firewalls	84
Session Board Controller (SBC)	85
Configuration	85
ISDN	92
Primary Rate Interface	93
Interop	96
Services	97
POTS	98
Config	98
FXS Configuration	98
SIP	99
Gateways	99
Servers	99
Registrations	. 101
Authentication	. 102
Transport	. 103
Interop	. 103
Misc	. 104
Media	. 105
Codecs	. 105
Call Router	. 106
Route Config	. 106
Management	. 108
Backup/Restore	. 108
File	. 109
Setting up MX-ONE for an EX Controller	
Setting up EX Controller	. 110
Logon	. 110
Network Settings	. 111
Host	. 111
Interfaces	. 113
Local Firewalls	. 113
SBC	. 114
Configuration	. 114
ISDN	. 120
Primary Rate Interface	. 121
Interop	. 124
Services	. 124
POTS	. 125
Config	. 125

FXS Configuration125
SIP
Gateways
Servers
Registrations127
Authentication
Transport129
Misc
Media
Codecs
Call Router
Route Config131
Management
Backup/Restore133
File
Configure TLS on an EX/GX Controller
Prerequisites
Creating TLS Certificate with SAN
Connecting CA to the MX-ONE Server
Verifying the CA File
Generating the Unit Certificate with SAN
Copying the Files on PC
Configuring the EX/GX for TLS
Login to the EX/GX Controller
Installing Unit Certificates
Configuring the Secure SIP ports
Setting the TLS version, Cipher Suite, and Certificate Validation Level
140
Enabling TLS on the SBC Service
Enabling TLS between SIP Gateways and SBC
Enabling SRTP on EX/GX Controller
Enabling Certificate Validation
Known Limitations

## **MiCollab Integration**

This topic discusses the MiCollab integration with MX-ONE. For information on the MiCollab integration with MX-ONE see MiCollab Platform Integration Guide.

## **MiCollab Example Introduction**

This document contains an example of basic installation and configuration of the MiCollab application server for integration with MiVoice MX-ONE.

## Prerequisites

- Configure MX-ONE for MiCollab integration (see MX-ONE integration chapter in MiCollab Customer Documentation).
  - Configure PBX group and members in MX-ONE to be used for AWV.
  - Configure SIP trunk in MX-ONE using profile NuPoint (remember to use remote port=5058).
  - Configure csta link in MX-ONE.
- · Used numbers and IP address in the examples:
  - Attendant number in MX-ONE: 09
  - MX-ONE IP address: 192.168.222.100
  - Internal number serie:4xxxx
  - Internal number length: 5 digits
  - NuPoint: Access number: 6001
  - Lines to NuPoint VoiceMail: 15
  - Lines for NuPoint MWI: 1
  - Lines for outgoing calls from NuPoint: 4
  - AWV Access number: 8003
  - Number of ports AWV: 3
  - SIP Port Extension numbers for AWV: 8004,8005,8006

## **OVA Deployment Installation**

#### Do as follows:

Deploy the MiCollab .ova file:

- 1. Start the virtual machine.
- 2. Open the console interface.
- 3. Choose keyboard.
- 4. Restore from backup no.

#### CHAPTER 1

- 5. Set Administrator's password (this is the same for both root and admin user).
- 6. Select Timezone (e.g. CET).
- 7. Enter primary domain (e.g. mydomian.com).
- 8. Enter system name (e.g. micollab).
- 9. Select only eth0 just now no WAN should be enabled.
- **10.** Type the IP address of the server.
- 11. Type the netmask.
- 12. Do not configure IPv6.
- 13. Do not configure eth1.
- 14. Do not configure another local network adapter.
- 15. Type the default gateway for the server.
- 16. Type the IP address of the corporate DNS .
- 17. Select the corporate DNS for DNS resolution.
- **18.** Wait for the configuration to be activated.
- 19. Enter ARID and IP address (Important use correct address) of the FMC and then select PBX type.
- 20. Login through the console interface as admin.
- 21. Select 9. Manage Trusted Networks.
- 22. Select 2. Add IPv4 trusted network.(e.g the internal corporate ip network segments).
- 23. Enter the subnetmask.
- 24. Enter the router to use for the trusted network normally the same router as for the server.
- 25. Select Next, then Back to the menu.
- 26. Login to https://<fqdn>/server-manager with admin and password configured during installation.

## **Configuration of MiCollab**

In the main window and from the left menu you administrate the configuration of the MiCollab, see below.Complete all configurations before start using PM to deploy users.

#### Figure 1.1: Main window

🛤 Mitel	Micollab				dmin@m
pplications Users and Services Audio, Wab and Video Conformating Mil/bice Bonder Gabevay Nu/Seice Wol Console	Licensing Information This page displays details about user licensing for your applications. "Currently used" total Resulter.				not currently
MiCollab Client Service		Unified Communications and Co	ollaboration	(UCC) Bundles	
<b>MiCollab Client Deployment</b>		Bundle	User Licenses	Currently used	
Licensing Information		UCC Basic User for Enterprise (V4.0)	5000	0	
erviceLink		UCC Entry User for Enterprise (V4.0)	100	1	
Install Applications Status		UCC Premium User for Enterprise (V4.0)			
		UCC Standard User for Enterprise (V4.0)			
dministration Web services		occ standard over for Enterprise (v4.0)	100		
Backup		Application Us	er Totals		
View log files		Application	User Licenses	Currently used	
Event viewer		Audio, Web and Video Conferencing	10000	2	
System information System monitoring		Nuppint Unified Messaging	302	5	
System users				0	
Shutdown or reconfigure		Teleworker	450	0	
Virtualization		MiCollab Client			
infiguration		Console	0	0	
Integrated Directory Service		Deskphone	200	2	
MiCollab Client Integration Wicord		Mobile	200	2	
MiCollab Settings		Softphone	200	2	
MiCollab Language Vidyo Settings				-	
Networks	Micollab 7.0.0.51 Mibel Standard Linux 10.3.26				
E-mail settings	0vA 7/0v0/29				
Google Apps	© Mibel Networks Corporation				
DHCP					
Date and Time Hostnames and addresses					
Domains					
IPr6-in-IPr4 Tunnel					
Shimp					
Ethernet Cards					
Review configuration					
curity					
Remote access					
Port forwarding					
Web Server Cartificate					
Certificate Management					
liscellaneous					
Support and licensing					

## Menu: Service Link

- Select Service Link and then Status.
- If you have not entered your ARID (Service account id) during the initial installation then enter it now together with the ip.address of the FMC.

**NOTE:** If you have not selected the PBX during the initial installation, go to ServiceLink/Install Applications/Install Applications - select the PBX type and Next.

## **Menu: Configuration**

- Select and start the MiCollab Client Integration Wizard.
- Select MiCollab Language Settings and set the System Language and Other NuPoint UM Prompt.
- Select E-mail settings. If required, configure settings for outbound SMTP server and userid.

## **Menu: Security**

 Select Remote Access. If required, change Secure Shell Settings to allow SSH access for later diagnostics.

## Menu: Administration

• Select System Users. For the account micollab api. select Reset password and enter a new password. You will require this user account and password when configuring the MiCollab subsystem in PM.

## **Menu Application**

Menu application options are discussed in this section.

### **Option: Users and Service**

Select User and Services and then configure following options:

- Option: Network Element
  - a. Select Add.
  - **b.** Type =MiVoice MX-ONE
  - c. System Name= <my Mxone>
  - d. IP Address = 192.168.222.100
  - e. Call Forward Destination Number = 6001
- Option: User templates
  - Select Add.

Create customer roles templates from available default templates. It's done by selecting wanted default template, creating a copy of it and save with a new name. Edit the created customer templates for Entry, Premium, Standard and Standard - Mobile.

- Entry
  - Select TUI Passcode. TUI Passcode = Same as Primary Phone Extension (can only be used if extension length is 4 digits or more). TUI Passcode = Use this value = 4-10 digits (if extension length is less than 4 digits).
  - Attendant Extension: 09
  - Message Waiting #1 = DTMF to PBX
- Premium
  - Password = Use this value = "Strong Password"
  - Select TUI Passcode
  - TUI Passcode = Same as Primary Phone Extension (can only be used if extension length is 4 digits or more)
  - TUI Passcode = Use this value = 4-10 digits (if extension is less than 4 digits)
  - Attendant Extension: 09
  - Message Waiting #1 = DTMF to PBX
- Standard

- Password = Use this value = Enter a strong Password
- Select TUI Passcode
- TUI Passcode = Same as Primary Phone Extension (can only be used if extension length is 4 digits or more)
- TUI Passcode = Use this value = 4-10 digits (if extension is less than 4 digits)
- Attendant Extension: 09
- Message Waiting #1 = DTMF to PBX
- Standard Mobile
  - Password = Use this value = Enter a strong Password
  - Select TUI Passcode
  - TUI Passcode = Same as Primary Phone Extension (can only be used if extension length is 4 digits or more)
  - TUI Passcode = Use this value = 4-10 digits (if extension is less than 4 digits)
  - Attendant Extension: 09
  - Message Waiting #1 = DTMF to PBX

### **Option: MiCollab Client Service**

Select MiCollab Client Services and then Configure MiCollab Client Services. Configure following options.

### PBX Nodes.

- Select the PBX Node and configure.
- Set length: 5 (internal number length in the MiVoice MX-ONE).

### Enterprise

- Select Enterprise and then Default Account Settings.
- Select appropriate Country from the drop-down list

### **Option: Audio, Web and Video Conferencing**

Select Audi, WEB and VIDEO conferencing and configure following options.

### Configure SIP Server

- Select Add and configure, MX-ONE SIP Server Configuration. Extension first: 8004 Extension last: 8006
- SIP password: 8003 (if authorization code is set to 8003 in MX-ONE for the extensions 8004-8006)
- SIP Domain: mydomain.com (domain of MX-ONE)
- IP Address: 192.168.222.100
- SIP Port: 5060

### Web Conferencing Settings

- Select and configure Web Conference Name.
- · Web conferencing Name: micollab.mydomain.com

## System Options

Select and configure System Options:

- Platform MiVoice MX-ONE
- Dial -in phone number 1: 8003 (Internal number to AVW)
- Dial in Phone Number 1 Label: internal
- Dial-in Phone number 2: 8468003 (corporate number to AWV)
- Dial- in Phone number 2 Label: corporate
- Dial -in number 3 +4684428003 (Public number to AWV)
- Dial- In Phone number 3 Label: Public
- · Webserver admin E-mail system.admin@mydomain.com
- Generate Alert E-mail system admin@mydomain.com
- · Prompt for Access Code first: Enable checkbox
- Allow HD Video Resolutions: Enable checkbox
- Prompt to extend conference 5 minutes prior to its end time: Enable checkbox

## **Option: NuPoint Web Console**

Select and NuPoint Web Console and configure following options

## Offline Configuration

Select Offline configuration/Edit Offline configuration and Duplicate Active Configuration - yes

Then select and configure following items:

- 1. Network Elements/Add
  - a. Type = SIP GATEWAY
  - **b.** Name = Mxone
  - c. IP Address = 192.168.222.100
  - d. Number of Ports = 20
- 2. Dialers (Pagers) (for Request playback call feature in UCA client) and select:
  - a. Add a "dialer"
  - b. Number: Select Next Available
  - c. Enter a name Dialer
  - d. Acces code: T
  - e. Hold Time : 20
  - f. Add
- 3. Line Groups/Add
  - a. Add a line group for Voicemail connection:
  - Line Group Number = 1
  - Name = VoiceMail
  - Application = NuPoint Voice
  - User Interface = NuPoint Voice
  - Lines/Add
  - Line Triplet next Available

- Number of lines = 15
- PBX = MX-ONE
- Mapping = 1 (0 must not be used, see Online help "add at Line Group)
- "Save"
- Pilot Number = 6001
- Dialling Plan
- · Length of extensions starting with...
- 4 = 5 digits
- Voicemail
- System Attendent's extension = 09
- Save
- **b.** Add a line group for Message Waiting indication:
- Line Group Number = 2
- Name = MWI
- Application = DTMF to PBX Dialler
- User Interface = NuPoint Voice
- Lines/Add
- Line Triplet next Available
- Number of lines = 1
- PBX = MX-ONE
- Mapping = 16
- Add
- Pilot number = 6001
- DTMF to PBX Dialler/DTMF to PBX Dialer
- Pre-DN On Dial String = 1
- Pre-DN Off Dial String = 0
- Save
- c. Add a line group for Outgoing calls from NuPoint:
- Line Group Number = 3
- Name = Outgoing Dialler
- Application = Outbound (Pager) Dialer
- User Interface = NuPoint Voice
- Lines/Add
- Line Triplet next Available
- Number of lines = 4
- PBX = MX-ONE
- Mapping = 17
- Add
- Pilot number = 6001
- Save
- Dialling Plan
- Length of extensions starting with...

- 4 = 5 digits
- Select the Dialer(Pagers) created in step b) by selecting the checkbox
- Save
- 4. Select Commit Changes and Exit and then Activate.

### Active Configuration/Line Groups

- Select Active Configuration/Line groups and then Edit line group for Voicemail (Linegroup 1)
- Check that Prompt Language 1 is set to default (Do not change this).

### Class of service Feature COS/14. MAS

- · Select Class of Service/Feature COS and then Edit FCOS number 14 (MAS)
- Enable checkbox for:
  - 051 Do not switch language for outside callers
  - 218 Passcode NOT needed on direct calls
  - 263 Store Caller Line Id as a phone or mailbox number
  - 264 Play outside caller user interface (with FCOS bit 280)
  - 280 Enable CLI Outside caller interface (with FCOS bit 264)

## **Test Access to AWV and NuPoint**

- Call Voice Mail (access number 6001). Get Welcome message.
- Call to AWV (access number 8003). Get prompt to enter conference code.

## **MiCollab Advanced Messaging**

Customer Product Information of MiCollab Advanced Messaging, see Product Documentation.

## **Mitel CMG**

Customer Product Information of Mitel CMG, see Mitel InfoChannel

## **Mitel InAttend**

Customer Product Information of Mitel InAttend, see Mitel InfoChannel

## **MiContact Center Enterprise**

Customer Product Information of MiContact Center Enterprise, see Product Documentation.

## **Mitel MC Controller**

Customer Product Information of Mitel MC Controller, see Product Documentation.

## **Mitel Performance Analytics**

Customer Product Information of Mitel Performance Analytics, see Product Documentation.

## Introduction

## **Brief Description of Mitel Performance Analytics**

The Mitel Performance Analytics (MPA 2.1, former MarWatch) monitoring system provides fault and performance management for multiple enterprise VoIP systems and associated network infrastructure, both LAN and WAN. MPA supports monitoring and remote access, both for private networks, such as enterprise LANs and MPLS VPNs, and for public network or Internet-reachable devices, such as access routers.

MPA can monitor any SNMP device regarding alarms and general status.

MPA is a product from Martello Technologies.

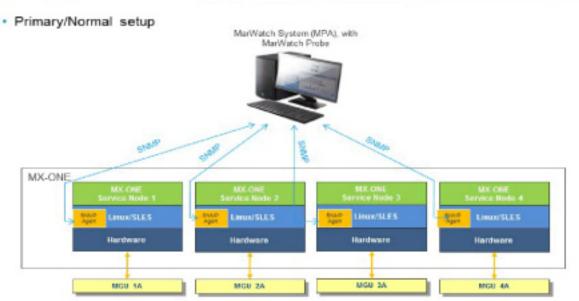
## **Supported Scenarios**

For an MX-ONE system with a single Service Node, the MPA shall of course be connected to that Service Node.

The MPA can be connected in a couple of different ways to a multi-server MX-ONE system.

The primary multi-server scenario is that each Service Node server is connected to a MPA probe.

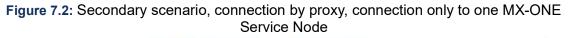
Figure 7.1: Primary scenario, direct connection to all MX-ONE servers in a 4-server MiVoice MX-ONE system

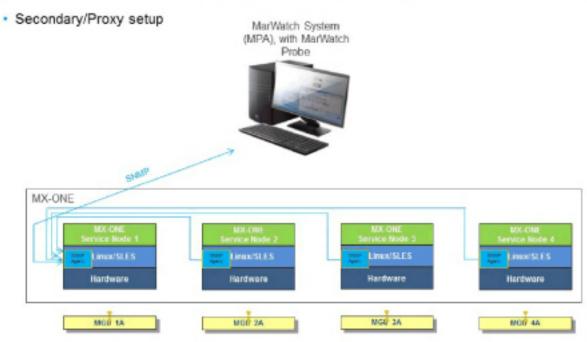


Another possibility is that one Service Node can act as a proxy for several other Service Nodes (and other entities), in which case only the proxy Service Node will be connected to the MPA probe.

The second scenario is not recommended, since it has certain resiliency problems, due to the fact that the monitoring function will be fully dependent on the proxy, so if the proxy goes down, the status of the other nodes will not be reported.

You can also have a mix of the primary and secondary scenarios.





## **Prerequisites**

MPA consists of a number of web services running on either a cloud-hosted computing platform or on-premises computing platform. There are several components to MPA. The remote 'Probe' installed in non-Internet accessible networks maintains databases of status and events, and provides a web portal with access security. Additionally, MPA has a Remote Access Service that provides a secure "cross-connect" for remote access to the customer network.

MPA 2.1 or later version shall be used.

The MiVoice MX-ONE system(s) shall be up and running on Linux (SLES), either on a cloud-hosted computing platform or on-premises computing platform. Appropriate MIB shall be active.

# Mitel Performance Analytics SNMP integration with MiVoice MX-ONE

## How to integrate with MiVoice MX-ONE

Do as follows:

- 1. As root open the file /etc/snmp/snmpd.conf.
- 2. Set the correct syslocation and syscontact to reflect where the server is located and who manages it.
- **3.** Update the rocommunity setting to allow the Martello Marprobe to perform snmp-queries towards the MX-ONE.
- 4. Update the trapsink setting to point towards the Martello Marprobe. This should be done in all MX-ONE servers that the Martello MPA system should monitor.
- 5. After saving the changes you need to restart the snmpd daemon for the changes to take effect.

(The Martello MPA probe has been assigned IP-address 192.168.157.128. To limit the access the "rocommunity" setting can be set to only allow access from a certain subnet or even a single IP-address).

## **Useful information**

- Please see /usr/share/doc/packages/net-snmp/EXAMPLE.conffor a more complete example and snmpd.conf(5).
- Writing is disabled by default for security reasons. If you would like to enable it, uncomment the rwcommunity line and change the community name to something nominally secure (keeping in mind that this is transmitted in clear text).

**NOTE:** do not use '< > in strings for syslocation or syscontact.

**NOTE:** If you define the following here you will not be able to change them with:

snmpset syslocation (Optional) Server Room on Floor 7.

syscontact Sysadmin (mxone-adminstrator@example.com).

They include all MIBs and can use considerable resources. See snmpd.conf(5) for information on setting up groups and limiting MIBs.

rocommunity public 127.0.0.1

rocommunity public 192.168.157.0/24

rwcommunity mysecret 127.0.0.1

MX-ONE alarm traps use the agentx protocol:

master agentx

AgentXSocket tcp:localhost:705

MX-ONE alarm traps can trigger snmptrapd to sent mail and textmessages rapcommunity:

Default trap sink community to use trapcommunity private

trap2sink: A SNMPv2c trap receiver trap2sink 192.168.157.128

## **Co-existence with Similar Tools**

There are other tools for fault and performance management, for example the Manager System Performance application, that can also be connected to the MiVoice MX-ONE system, as long as different IP addresses are used compared to MPAs.

However, there should be no need to have several such tools, so that is not recommended.

## References

For further reading regarding MPA and its features and configuration options, please see MPA System Guide, Release 2.1 or later.

## **MiVoice Call Recording**

Customer Product Information of MiVoice Call Recording, see Product Documentation.

## **Microsoft Products**

This topic discusses the integration of MX-ONE with the Microsoft products described in the following sections:

## Introduction

The MiVoice MX-ONE communication system is based on an open software and hardware environment that uses standard servers with a Linux SUSE operating system. This open standards approach enables Mitel to offer our customers the choice of integrating MiVoice MX-ONE latest Microsoft UC products. We have worked with Microsoft to ensure that this possibility is workable.

MiVoice MX-ONE 5.0 is the first communications system (IP-PBX) to be fully Unified Communications Open Interoperability Program (UCOIP) qualified with Skype for Business Server 2019. The integration of MX-ONE with Microsoft products is a complete Direct SIP Integration, including security and media bypass, enabling customers to have both MX-ONE 5.0/6.x and Microsoft Lync 2019 co-exist in the same infrastructure and thereby derive the benefits from the best of both worlds. MX-ONE integrates with Microsoft UC solutions directly via a SIP connection to reduce the overall cost and complexity of the combined solution.

Refer to Microsoft's TechNet site for "Infrastructure Qualified for Microsoft Lync" for more information about the Microsoft Unified Communications Open Interoperability Program. http://technet.micro-soft.com/en-us/lync/gg131938

## General

Integration of MiVoice MX-ONE with Skype for Business Server 2019 is supported as a complementary solution providing end-user services, such as instant messaging and conferencing.

Microsoft Partner Program has certified the integration between MX-ONE communications system running the MX-ONE Service Node software 5.0 SP4 and Skype for Business Server 2019 through a Direct SIP connection. Also, later versions of MX-ONE can be integrated with Skype for Business Server 2019.

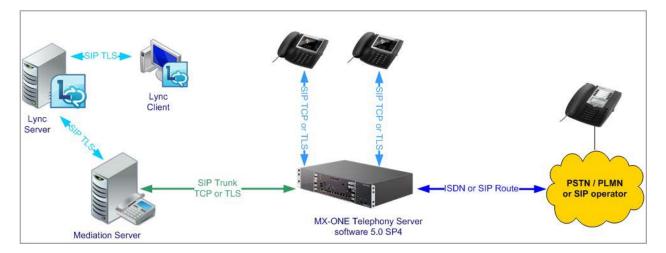
## Scope

This guide describes the basic integration between MiVoice MX-ONE and Skype for Business Server 2019. The following sections describe the solution integration that has been certified through the Microsoft Partner Program and covers only the Direct SIP Integration. For more information about how this integration is set up and functions, refer to the relevant CPI documentation for MX-ONE, or go to the Microsoft UC product websites.

We recommend that you check the latest products documentation.

## **Integration Description**

The integration of MiVoice MX-ONE and Skype for Business Server 2019 described in this guide is achieved via a Direct SIP that is specified by Microsoft. It means that a SIP trunk is used to connect MX-ONE and Skype for Business Server 2019 (Mediation Server). The SIP trunk connection between the systems can be deployed with or without encryption. MX-ONE supports TLS for signaling and SRTP for media encryption when connected with Mediation Server.



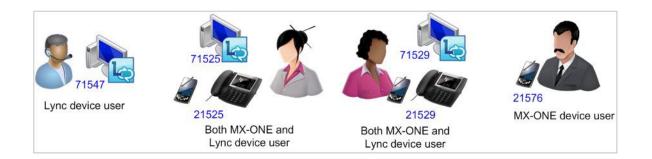
This guide covers only the components that are required in the integration between MX-ONE 5.0 SP4 or a later version, and Skype for Business Server 2019 via Direct SIP to offer the functionality required by the Microsoft UC Open Interoperability Program for enterprise telephony services and infrastructure.

At least the following Skype for Business Server 2019 components are required to support this integration:

- Server Infrastructure
  - Microsoft infrastructure (Domain Controller, Active Directory, DNS and so on)
  - Skype for Business Server 2019 Standard or Enterprise Edition
  - Microsoft Mediation Server
- Client
  - Microsoft Lync 2019

## **Direct SIP**

In Direct SIP Integration, referred to as Enterprise Voice by Microsoft Lync 2019, users will have dedicated phone numbers that differ from those used in the MX-ONE.



This enables the Microsoft Lync 2019 client to make and receive external calls through a PC. The calls are routed from the Skype for Business Server 2019 by the SIP trunk to the MX-ONE and further to the PSTN and vice-versa. MX-ONE and Skype for Business Server 2019 will behave as networked PBXs, as typically is the case with all external trunks in the MX-ONE.

## **Direct SIP Signaling Overview**

MiVoice MX-ONE supports SIP/TCP or SIP/TLS as the SIP transport mechanism when connected with Mediation Server.

The MX-ONE ports used for such connections are:

- SIP/TCP: 5060
- SIP/TLS: 5061

In addition to this, MX-ONE also supports media encryption (SRTP) when connected with Microsoft Lync 2019 Server when TLS is used. The media encryption is done between MX-ONE media gateway unit (MGU) and Microsoft Mediation Server or between MX-ONE media gateway unit (MGU) and Microsoft Lync client when Media Bypass is configured in Microsoft Lync 2019 Server.

## **Direct SIP Supported Features**

During the certification process, the following Microsoft Lync features were validated with MX-ONE Service Node software 5.0 SP4.

- Basic Call services between MX-ONE and Lync end-points over SIP trunks:
  - Anonymous user calls
  - Caller ID on both ends
  - Decline call
  - Call forwarding and simultaneously ring feature
  - Inbound and outbound calls
- Media bypass (also known as direct media between MX-ONE and Microsoft Lync clients). Encryption (TLS and SRTP) is required for this functionality.
  - Inbound call from MX-ONE user device to Microsoft Lync client
  - Outbound call from Microsoft Lync client to MX-ONE user device
  - Outbound call: Call Forward All (CFA) to another Microsoft Lync client
  - Outbound call from Microsoft Lync to another Lync user; with bypass enabled and CFA enabled
- Outbound call: PBX CFB (Call Forward on Busy) to another Microsoft Lync user

- Outbound call from Microsoft Lync to another Lync user; with bypass enabled and CFB enabled

- Conference
- Failover (to secondary Mediation Server Lync gateway)
- Security (support for TLS/SRTP encryption)

### **Prerequisites**

For proper integration between MiVoice MX-ONE and Skype for Business Server using Direct SIP, there are some prerequisites on both sides that must be fulfilled.

### MiVOICE MX-ONE Requirements

On the MiVoice MX-ONE side, at least one MX-ONE Service Node and one Media Gateway are required to interwork with Skype for Business Server 2019.

#### **Main Components**

•

At least, the following MX-ONE components are required:

- MX-ONE communications system
- MX-ONE Service Node
  - 5.0 SP4 or a later version
- Supported media gateways with the latest firmware compatible with 5.0 SP4, or a later version, which can be:
  - MX-ONE Classic 7U 19-inch chassis, MGU board, or
  - MX-ONE Lite 3U 19-inch chassis, using MGU board
  - MX-ONE Slim 1U 19-inch chassis, using MGU board
- Terminals
  - All current MX-ONE terminal types are supported with this integration: SIP, H.323, analog, digital, DECT, and mobile extension

#### Licenses

The MX-ONE licenses needed for this integration are:

- SIP trunk licenses-note that the quantity of licenses depend on how the system is deployed).
- Encryption licenses are required if encryption (TLS/SRTP) is used.

Always check with your Mitel partner that your system has the required licenses, before beginning the integration deployment.

## Skype for Business Server 2019

A Microsoft environment needs to be in place in the customer site. Note that Microsoft Lync is not part of the MX-ONE offering. It is important that expertise of Microsoft-competent engineers are available for installation and integration according to the MX-ONE configuration guidelines for the interface between the systems.

### **Main Components**

The main Microsoft components that are required to interconnect with MiVoice MX-ONE are Skype for Business Server 2019, Mediation Server, and Lync clients. The Lync requirements are described in the Microsoft Lync Serve documentation. See the chapter References at the end of this guide. **NOTE:** In Mitel's lab validation, a single Skype for Business Server Standard Edition with a co-located Mediation Server was used. For testing load balancing and failover, two stand-alone Mediation

Servers were added to the topology.

### Licenses

Microsoft licenses needed for this integration are described as they are beyond the scope of this guide.

Contact Microsoft or a qualified Microsoft partner to obtain the proper license requirements for each component of the Skype for Business Server solution.

## Installation and Configuration

## Installation

### **MiVoice MX-ONE Installation**

Ensure that MX-ONE Service Node software 5.0 SP4 or a later version is installed in the customer environment. The system installation is not covered in this guide and must be performed by a qualified Mitel certified partner before the start of the integration work begins.

For Mitel MX-ONE installation, check the appropriate CPI documentation.

### **Microsoft Infrastructure**

Ensure that Microsoft infrastructure and Skype for Business Server are installed in the customer environment by a qualified engineer.

For Microsoft infrastructure and Skype for Business Server requirements, check the appropriate Microsoft documentation.

## Configuration

The following information was used in Mitel's laboratory setup during the validation of the solution. The setup may change depending of the customer specific needs.

**NOTE:** Fully Qualified Domain Name (FQDN) needs to be properly specified in the Domain Name System (DNS).

- MX-ONE 5.0 SP4 (or a later version)
  - Domain: lab.moon.galaxy Note that MX-ONE is part of a sub-domain
  - IP address: 192.168.222.10

FQDN: mx-one-lync.lab.moon.galaxy

• Microsoft Domain Controller, Active Directory, Certification Authority, and DNS Server

- Domain: moon.galaxy
- IP address: 192.168.222.2
   FQDN: lync-infra.moon.galaxy
- Skype for Business Server Standard Edition and Mediation pool
  - Domain: moon.galaxy
  - IP address: 192.168.222.3

FQDN: lync-2019-se.moon.galaxy

**NOTE:** Mitel recommends that complex scenarios be validated in the partner labs before customer deployment.

## **Direct SIP Setup**

A SIP trunk must be configured in MX-ONE and the access code for this route (a trunk towards Skype for business).

MX-ONE uses ports TCP 5060 and TLS 5061 to be interconnected with Skype for Business Server 2019. **NOTE:** MX-ONE 5.0 SP4 (or a later version) works with predefined SIP profiles for certain SIP service providers. if used, the profile file will help you in configuring the right data for the type selected. Each profile file may contain a number of profiles. The profile will preconfigure settings such as "-register", "-trusted", and so on according to the requirements of telephony provider.

MX-ONE 5.0 SP4 (or a later version) has predefined SIP trunk profiles to be used with Microsoft Lync 2019. One of the following trunk profiles needs to be selected during the MX-ONE SIP trunk configuration.

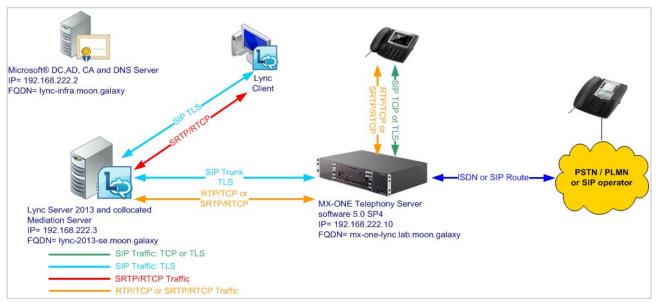
- Lync\_TCP TCP is used as transport protocol; the listening port is 5068.
- Lync\_TLS\_SRTP. TCP is used as transport protocol; the listening port is 5067. SRTP is used to encrypt the media; it uses RTP/SAVP.

The following setup uses Lync\_TCP where TCP is the transport protocol. In this case, the remote port is expected to be listening on port 5068.

To ensure a good interoperability between MiVoice MX-ONE and Skype for Business Server 2019, the SIP trunk profiles defined to Lync are "Forced Gateway", at this guarantees the same behavior for all types of calls passing through MX-ONE and towards Skype for Business Server 2019.

## MiVoice MX-ONE Direct SIP Setup - TCP

The following figure shows the Direct SIP Configuration used in this guide.



The following setup needs to be done in MX-ONE for configuring Direct SIP. Note that only SIP Route definitions are shown.

- 1. Use the following command to view more details regarding the SIP Profile Lync\_TCP: sip\_route -print -profile Lync\_TCP
- 2. Define SIP Route category:

ROCAI:ROU=99,SEL=711000000000010,SIG=0111110000A0,TRAF=03151515,TRM=4, SERV=3100000001,BCAP=001100;

3. Define SIP Route data:

RODAI:ROU=99,TYPE=TL66,VARC=0000000,VARI=0000000,VARO=0000000;

4. Define SIP trunk data specific:

sip\_route -set -route 1 -profile Lync\_TLS\_SRTP -uristring0 "sip:+?@skype.skypebusiness.com" -remoteport 5067 -accept REMOTE\_IP -match "mxoneskype.skypebusiness.com,10.211.62.165,skype.skypebusiness.com,10.211.62.175" -codecs PCMA,PCMU -protocol tls -service PRIVATE;

5. Verify your configuration:

sip\_route -print -route 99 -short

6. Define the SIP Route equipment initiate; for example:

ROEQI:ROU=99,TRU=1-1&&1-30;

7. Define external destination SIP Route data:

RODDI:ROU=99,DEST=99,ADC=000500000000250000001010000,SRT=3;

## Skype for Business Server 2019 Configuration -- TCP

To finalize the configuration between MX-ONE and Skype for Business Server 2019, do the following: 1. Enable TCP port for the Mediation pool (disabled by default)

1. Enable TCP port for the Mediation pool (disabled by default).

5	Edit Properties	
General Next hop	General FQDN: *	▲ ^
PSTN gateway	meds.moon.galaxy	
	Associations	
	Associate Edge pool (for media components)	
	Note: To view or change the federation route, use the site property page.	=
	Next hop selection	<u> </u>
	Next hop pool:	
	ajantaskype.mxonebglman.com VWSKYPE 🔹	
	Mediation Server PSTN gateway Listening ports: * TLS: 5067 - 5067 ICP: 5068 - 5068	•
	Enable TCP port The following trunks are associated with this Mediation Server. Click Make Default to mark a trunk as default. A default trunk is required only when your topology contains Office Communications Server 2007 R2.	
	Trunk Gateway Site	
Help	ОК	Cancel

## Define PSTN Gateway in the Skype for Business Server 2019 Topology Builder

- 1. Open Skype for Business Server 2019, Topology Builder, and define a PSTN gateway to be used between Lync and MX-ONE.
- 2. To define the PSTN gateway, expand Shared Components, right-click **PSTN gateways**option.

⊿		Shared Compone	nts	
	$\triangleright$	🚞 SQL Server sto	ores	
	$\triangleright$	🚞 File stores		
	⊿	🚞 PSTN gateway	s	
		🐻 mxone-ne	New IP/PSTN (	Gateway
		🖏 mxone.m	Topology	Define a new IP/PSTN gateway.
	⊿	🚞 Trunks	Help	
		🍫 mxone-nc.	neib	

3. Click New IP/PSTN Gateway. The dialog box opens the Gateway FQDN or IP Address. Specify the MX-ONE IP Address or FQDN and click Next.

-	Define New IP/PSTN Gateway	X
5	Define the PSTN Gateway FQDN	
Define th F <u>Q</u> DN: *	ne fully qualified domain name (FQDN) for the PSTN gateway.	
mx-one	e-lync.lab.moon.galaxy	
Help	<u>B</u> ack <u>N</u> ext Cancel	

4. Define the IP address: in this example, the default is retained. Click Next.

Define New IP/PSTN	Gateway	X
Define the IP address		
Enable IPv4		
Use all configured IP addresses.		
<ul> <li>Limit service usage to selected IP addresses.</li> </ul>		
PSTN <u>I</u> P address:		
⊖ Enable IPv <u>6</u>		
Use all configured IP addresses.		
Limit service usage to selected IP addresses.		
PSTN <u>I</u> P address:		
Help	<u>B</u> ack <u>N</u> ext Ca	ncel

- 5. Define the root trunk:
  - Trunk name: FQDN (MX-ONE FQDN)
  - Listening port for IP/PSTN gateway: 5060 (MX-ONE SIP TCP port)
  - SIP Transport Protocol: TCP
  - Associated Mediation Server: lync-2019-se.moon.galaxy
  - Associated Mediation Server port: 5068 (default)
- 6. Click Next.
- 7. Publish the Topology.

	nateways	-
-	New IP/PSTN Gateway	
5	Topology	New
⊿ 🛄 Tru	Help	Open
- Shaw		Download Current Topology
mxone.mxonebglman.com     Office Web Apps Servers		Save A Copy
Video (	10. 1 Brits	Publish
Constraint and	eo trunks	Insta Publish topology to the Central Management store.
🚞 Branch site	es	Remove Deployment

## Define a Dial Plan

The **Dial Plan** configuration is required to allow Microsoft Lync users to dial to MX-ONE terminals and PSTN.

To define it, execute the following:

- 1. Open the Skype for Business Server Control Panel.
- 2. Click Voice Routing and choose Dial Plan.
- Define Normalization rules that fits your organization needs. A rule for Lync users to dial to MX- ONE terminals and another to dial to PSTN (ensure that MX-ONE is connected to PSTN) are required. If needed, contact Microsoft for the appropriate setup for your requirement.

	Skype for Business Server 2015 Control Panel	_ <b>D</b> X
oseis	Create voice routing test case information	
Topology	create voice routing test case mormation	
IM and Presence		
Persistent Chat	Edit Dial Plan Edit Normalization Rule - MXONE-10.211.62.15	
Voice Routing	Name: *	
Voice Features	MXONE-10.211.62.15	
Response Groups	Description:	
Conferencing	MXONE-10.211.62.15	
Clients	Build a Normalization Rule	
Federation and	Fill in the fields that you want to use, or create the rule manually by clicking Edit.	
External Access	Starting digits:	
Monitoring and Archiving	4	
Security	Length:	
Network	Exactly ¥ 4	
Configuration	Digits to remove:	
	٥	
	Digits to add:	
	Pattern to match: *	
	^(4)d(3))\$	
	Translation rule: *	
	\$1	
	Edit Reset	
(		>

Figure 9.1: New Normalization Rule, five digits example

4. Commit the changes.

#### Define Voice Policy

A voice policy is required to enable Microsoft Lync users to dial out via the Direct SIP connection using MX-ONE. Lync client users need to be assigned for this policy.

To Create the Voice Policy, do the following:

- 1. Click Voice Routing and choose Voice Policy.
- 2. Click **New** and choose the type of policy that is applicable for your company setup, site policy or user policy.
- 3. Enter a Name and a Description for the voice policy.

	Skype for Business Server 2015 Control Panel	
IM and Presence Persistent Chat	Edit Voice Policy - Global	
Voice Routing	Scope: Global	
Voice Features	Name: *	
Response Groups	Global	
Conferencing	Description:	
Clients	Global	
Federation and External Access	<ul> <li>^ Calling Features</li> <li>✓ Enable call forwarding</li> </ul>	✓ Enable team call
Monitoring	C Enable delegation	Senable PSTN reroute
and Archiving	✓ Enable call transfer	Enable bandwidth policy override
Security	Enable call park	Enable malicious call tracing
Network	C Enable simultaneous ringing of phones	Enable busy options
Configuration	Associated PSTN Usages	
	🔶 New 🛀 Select 🥖 Show details Remove 👚 🐥	
	PSTN usage record Associated routes	
	MXONE-10.211.62.15 towards-MXONE-10.211.62.15	
	MXONE-10.211.62.18 MXONE-10.211.62.18	
	Call forwarding and simultaneous ringing PSTN usages:	
	Route using the call PSTN usages 🔹 🕐	

- 4. Associate a new PSTN for the policy and click New.
- 5. Enter a Name and a Description for the New PSTN Usage Record

	Skype for Business Server 2015 Control Panel		
Home	DIAL PLAN VOICE POLICY ROUTE PSTN USAGE TRUNK CONFIGURATION TEST VOICE ROUTING		
Users Topology	Create voice routing test case information		
IM and Presence Persistent Chat	Edit Voke Policy  New PSTN Usage Record		
Voice Routing			
Voice Features	Name:		
Response Groups	Associated Routes		
Conferencing	💩 New 🔭 Select. 🥖 Show details Remove		
Clients	Name Pattern to match		
Federation and External Access			

- 6. Click New to associate a route with this PSTN usage record.
- 7. Enter a Name and a Description for the new Route.
- 8. Associate the MX-ONE gateway that you created earlier with the new **Route**. To do this, click **Add in Associated Gateways**.

	Skype for Business Server	2015 Control Panel	
IM and Presence Persistent Chat	Edit Voice Policy > New PSTN Usage Record > New	Voice Route	
Voice Routing	Scope:		
Voice Features	Name: *		
Response Groups	Route to MX-ONE		
Conferencing	Description:		
Clients			
Federation and	Build a Pattern to Match		
External Access	Add the starting digits that you want this route to har the expression manually by clicking Edit.	ndle, or create	
Monitoring	Starting digits for numbers that you want to allow:		
and Archiving	Type a valid number and then click Add.	Add	
Security		Exceptions	
Network			
Configuration		Remove	
	Match this pattern: *		
	Edit Reset 🕐		
	Suppress caller ID Alternate caller ID:		
	Arterhate caller ID:		

- 9. In **Select Gateway**, select the MX-ONE gateway created previously.
- **10.** Click **OK** for all the queries to retain the configurations made.
- **11.** Commit all changes.

elect Trunk		0	23
	٩		
Service	Site		
PstnGateway:mxone-node2.mxonebglman.com	VWSKYPE		
PstnGateway:mxone.mxonebglman.com	VWSKYPE		
	OK	Cancel	

### Define Trunk Configuration

To assign the MX-ONE gateway to a site or pool trunk, follow these steps:

- 1. Click Voice Routing and then click Trunk Configuration.
- 2. Click **New** and choose the type of trunk that is applicable for your company setup, site trunk, or pool trunk.

	Skype for Business Server 2015 Control Panel	
Skype for Bus	iness Server	Administrator   Sign out 6.0.9319.259   Privacy statement
S Skype for Bus Home Users Topology IM and Presence Persistent Chat Voice Routing Voice Features Response Groups Conferencing Clients Federation and External Access Monitoring and Archiving Security Network Configuration	InestServer  DIAL PLAN VOICE POLICY ROUTE PSTN USAGE TRUNK CONFIGURATION TEST VOICE ROUTING  Create voice routing test case information  Edit Trunk Configuration - Global  Create voice routing test case information  Edit Trunk Configuration - Global  Create voice routing test case information  Edit Trunk Configuration - Global  Create voice routing test case information  Edit Trunk Configuration - Global  Create voice routing test case information  Edit Trunk Configuration - Global  Create voice routing test case information  Edit Trunk Configuration - Global  Create voice routing test case information  Edit Trunk Configuration - Global  Create voice routing test case information  Edit Trunk Configuration - Global  Create voice routing test case information  Edit Trunk Configuration - Global  Create voice routing test case information  Edit Trunk Configuration - Global  Create voice routing test case information  Edit Trunk Configuration - Global  Create voice routing test case information  Edit Trunk Configuration - Global  Create voice routing test case information  Edit Trunk Configuration - Global  Create voice routing test case information  Edit Trunk Configuration - Global  Create voice routing test case information  Edit Trunk Configuration  Edit Trunk Configuratio	

3. Select the Encryption support level. In this case, it is Not supported.

Encryption support level:	
Not supported	•
Required	
Optional	
Not supported	

4. Commit all changes to complete the setup.

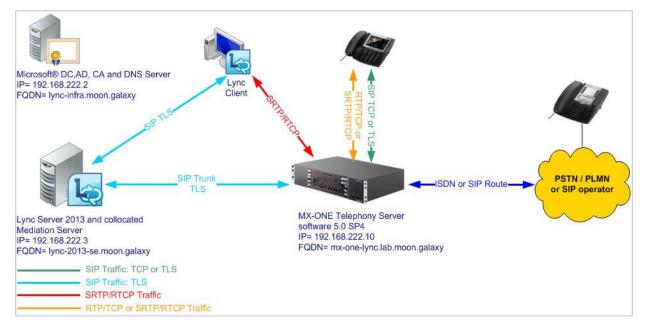
### Conclusion

Now the setup is complete, assign users to the Policy created previously and test the integration by making calls between the systems.

See the topic Enable users for Enterprise Voice in Skype for business Server at the following link: http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/gg413011.aspx

### **Direct SIP with Security and Media Bypass Setup**

The following figure shows the Direct SIP with security and Media Bypass configuration used in this guide.



#### MiVoice MX-ONE Direct SIP with Security and Media Bypass Setup

The following setup needs to be done in MX-ONE in order to configure Direct SIP with security (encryption). Note that only Route definitions are shown.

NOTE: MX-ONE FQDN needs to be properly defined in the DNS Server.

When using security, the appropriate certificate must be installed in MX-ONE in addition to the encryption licenses. Check Certificate Management on MX-ONE CPI documentation for more details regarding certificates.

**NOTE:** TLS/SRTP security is required for Media bypass functionality. It means that the proper encryptions licenses must be loaded in the MX-ONE system.

- 1. Use the following command to view more details regarding the SIP Profile Lync\_TLS\_SRTP: sip route -print -profile Lync TLS SRTP
- 2. Define SIP Route category:

```
ROCAI:ROU=98,SEL=7110000000000010,SIG=0111110000A0,TRAF=03151515,TRM=4, SERV=3100000001,BCAP=001100;
```

3. Define SIP Route data:

RODA I:ROU=98,TYPE=TL66,VARC=0000000,VARI=00000000, VARO=00000000;

4. Define SIP trunk data specific:

sip\_route -set -route 1 -profile Lync\_TLS\_SRTP -uristring0 "sip:+?@skype.skypebusiness.com" -remoteport 5067 -accept REMOTE\_IP -match "mxoneskype.skypebusiness.com,10.211.62.165,skype.skypebusiness.com,10.211.62.175" -codecs PCMA,PCMU -protocol tls -service PRIVATE;

5. Verify your configuration:

sip\_route -print -route 98 -short

- 6. Define the SIP Route equipment initiate: ROEQI:ROU=98,TRU=1-1;
- 7. Define external destination SIP Route data:

RODDI:ROU=98,DEST=98,ADC=000500000000250000001010000,SRT=3;

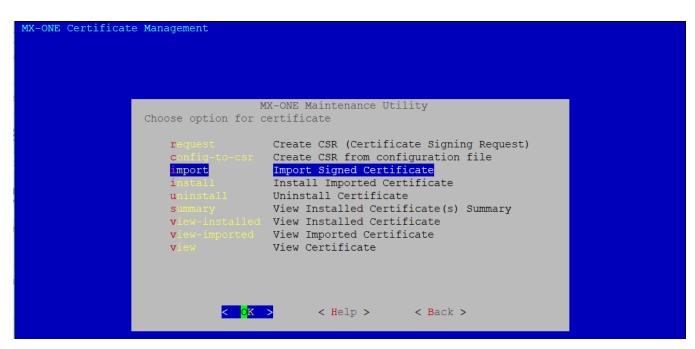
#### Import the Certificate to MX-ONE Service Node

Import the server certificate mx-one-certificate.pfx to MX-ONE Service Node.

- 1. Install the certificate in the MX-ONE Service Node 1.
- 2. Run the mxone\_certificate as root and press Enter button. The following screen appears.

MX-ONE Maintenance Utility	
If an enterprise CA or standalone root CA is to be used select 'certificate' to create the CSR and import later the signed certificate. Use also this option if TLS networking shall be used and a CSR shall be signed on another MX-ONE server.	
If neither an enterprise CA nor standalone root CA is to be used select 'auto' or 'root' plus 'server' to create needed certificates.	
The auto option will create and install a certificate with default settings and activate in all servers in the MX-ONE system.	TLS
Choose option for certificate. (-) certificate root Manage Certificate root Manage Root Certificate mxone-tls mxone-tls mxone-secLevel Manage Security level in MX-ONE	
100%	
<pre>&lt; OK &gt; &lt; Help &gt; &lt; Exit &gt;</pre>	

3. Select certificate and click OK. The following screen appears.



4. Select import and click OK. The following screen appears.

MX-ONE Maintenance Utility Import of signed certificate. The CA can issue a certificate in different formats, e.g. x509 PEM, PKCS#7 or PKCS#12. There can be one or more files received from the CA. When importing a PKCS#12 file the password must be stored in a file named password.txt in the same directory as the PKCS#12 file. A PKCS#12 file contains the private key, server certificate, intermediate CA and root CA. For other formats than PKCS#12, the password file and private key file created at CSR creation will be used (both files are expected to be in a sub-directory under /etc/opt/eri sn/certs/pending) unless the private key exists in the file to be imported. A PKCS#7 file is expected to contain certificate, intermediate CA and root CA in that order. If a x509 PEM file contains several certificates, this tool expects the order to be certificate, intermediate CA and root CA. This tool expects the intermediate CA and root CA to be in the same file (i.e. the server certificate can be in a separate file). A x509 PEM file might contain the private key as well. < <mark>0</mark>K >

5. Click **OK**. The following screen appears to select a file or directory where the signed certificate is stored.

nadoadanaanaan eesse select either a file of a director Directories	y where the signed certificate is stored qqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqq Files
1 qaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaa	144444444444444444444444444444444444444
<.	x.bash history
κ.,	x.lesshst
k.cassandra	x.mdsh.history
K.dbus	x.rnd
k.gnupg	x.viminfo
K. Kbd	x7.0_Subhankar_D_LAB_CPE_Ver2_x_2-1.lic
k.ssh	xcall.pcap
Kbin	xsip_route
kinst-sys	x
K	x
¢	x
ĸ	X
(	x
(	X
ĸ	×x
ί.	x
¢	x
¢	x
t	×x
6	X
<b>.</b>	jmqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqq
rtoor\ raadaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaa	444444444444444444444444444444444444444
12224222222222222222222222222222222222	
< OK >	<cancel></cancel>

6. Specify the path where the **forMXONE.pfx** certificate is stored as shown in the following screen.

Directories	y where the signed certificate is stored qqqqqqqqqqqqqqqq Files
144444444444444444444444444444444444444	144444444444444444444444444444444444444
х.	x.rnd
х	x.s.PGSQL.5432
x.ICE-unix	x.s.PGSQL.5432.lock
x.Test-unix	xartemisJLHandler 35b2s4
x.X11-unix	xartemisJLHandler 4UIAMF
x.XIM-unix	xartemisJLHandler V6OKFK
x.com ibm tools attach	xartemisJLHandler XhjYL4
x.font-unix	xartemisJLHandler nnv74j
xSLES12SP3 updates 20181126	xartemisJLHandler sToC50
xYaST2-03472-NikCs6	xaxis2-tmp-1696558935556050315.tmp.lck
xaxis2-tmp-1696558935556050315.tmp	xaxis2-tmp-1966729109227965252.tmp.lck
xaxis2-tmp-1966729189227965252.tmp	xaxis2-tmp-863070690944369777.tmp.lck
xaxis2-tmp-863070690944369777.tmp	xerimca trace startup.conf
xhsperfdata mxone db d	xerioma trace startup.conf
xhsperfdata_root	xerisupv_trace_startup.conf
xjna89375289	rxforMXONE.pfx
xmxone	xliblz4-java5532951713714107759.so
xss19804	xliblz4-java7618868143503649692.so
xsystemd-private-28c36a71dfee4b84b08d37f335a324f6-ntpd.se	
xsystemd-private-449d37501b0f41a49c1876ac809acb79-ntpd.se	xliblz4-java997645639968539253.so
madaada araaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaa	jmqqqqqq 👘 qqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqq
lqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqq	aadaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaa
<b></b>	
draffaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaa	
	daaqaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaa

7. Click **OK** to store the imported certificate. Next, you install the certificate that you have imported and click **OK**.

M	X-ONE Maintenance Utility
Choose option for c	ertificate
-	
request	Create CSR (Certificate Signing Request)
config-to-csr	2 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
import	Import Signed Certificate
install	Install Imported Certificate
uninstall	Uninstall Certificate
summary	View Installed Certificate(s) Summary
	View Installed Certificate
	View Imported Certificate
view	View Certificate
	A Tala A Reals A
< <mark>o</mark> k	> < Help > < Back >

MX-ONE Maintenance Utility No imported certificate found. To install root/server certificate (not the imported) do the following: To install the root certificate, select root and then install and select not to use imported root certificate. To install the server certificate, select server and then install and select not to use imported server certificate.

- Enable the TLS in MX-ONE > Manage TLS in MX-ONE -> Configure MX-ONE to use TLS. Refer to the 132/154 31-ANF 901 14 document for more detail.
- 9. Enable Media Encryption in the route:

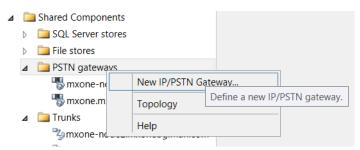
media\_encryption\_enable -type route media\_encryption\_enable -type extension media\_encryption\_enable -type intermgw media\_encryption\_print

#### Lync Configuration with Security and Media Bypass Setup

You must do the following to finalize the configuration between Mitel MX-ONE and Skype for Business Server 2019 the following needs to be done:

#### Define PSTN Gateway in the Skype for Business Server 2019 Topology Builder

1. Open the Skype for Business Server 2019, Topology Builder, and define a PSTN gateway be used between Lync and MX-ONE.



- 2. To define the PSTN gateway, expand Shared Components and right-click the PSTN gateway.
- 3. Click New IP/PSTN Gateway. The Define the PSTN Gateway FQDN dialog box appears.

5	Define New IP/PSTN Gateway	x
5	Define the PSTN Gateway FQDN	
Define th F <u>O</u> DN: *	ne fully qualified domain name (FQDN) for the PSTN gateway.	
mx-one	-lync.lab.moon.galaxy	
Help	<u>B</u> ack <u>N</u> ext Cancel	

- 4. Enter the FQDN or the IP address: specify the MX-ONE IP Address or FQDN and click Next.
- 5. Define the IP address: in this example, the default is retained. Click Next.

4	Define New IP/PSTN Gateway	X
5	Define the IP address	
۲	ble IPv4 Use all configured IP addresses. Limit service usage to selected IP addresses. PSTN IP address:	
۲	ble IPv <u>6</u> Use all configured IP addresses. Limit service usage to selected IP addresses. PSTN IP address:	
Hel	<u>B</u> ack <u>N</u> ext Cancel	

6. Define the root trunk:

- Trunk name: FQDN (MX-ONE FQDN)
- Listening port for IP/PSTN gateway: 5061 (MX-ONE SIP TCP port)
- SIP Transport Protocol: TCP
- Associated Mediation Server: lync-2019-se.moon.galaxy
- Associated Mediation Server port: 5067 (default)
- 7. Click Next.

Define New IP/PSTN Gateway	x
Define the root trunk	
Irunk name: *	
mx-one-lync.lab.moon.galaxy	
Listening port for IP/PSTN gateway: *	
5067	
SIP T <u>r</u> ansport Protocol:	1
Associated Mediation Server:	1
ajantaskype.mxonebgIman.com VWSKYPE	
Associated Mediation Server port: *	
5067	
Help <u>B</u> ack <u>F</u> inish Cancel	]

#### 8. Publish the Topology

⊿ PSTNL ■	New IP/PSTN Gateway	
	Topology •	New
⊿ 🛄 Tru	Help	Open
	cone.mxonebglman.com	Download Current Topology
-	Web Apps Servers	Save A Copy
and the second se	gateways	Publish
and the second	deo trunks	Insta Publish topology to the Central Management store.
🚞 Branch si	tes	Remove Deployment

#### Define Dial Plan and Voice Policy

Define the Dial Plan and the Voice Policy as explained previously in this section.

### Define Trunk Configuration

To assign the MX-ONE gateway to a site or a pool trunk, and follow these steps:

- 1. Click Voice Routing, and then click Trunk Configuration.
- 2. Click **New** and choose the type of trunk that is applicable for your company setup, site trunk, or pool trunk.
- 3. Select Enable media bypass.

<b>N</b>	Skype for Business Server 2015 Control Panel	
Topology	Create voice routing test case information	^
IM and Presence		
Persistent Chat	Edit Dial Plan Edit Normalization Rule - MXONE-10.211.62.15	
Voice Routing	Name: *	
Voice Features	MXONE-10.211.62.15	
Response Groups	Description:	
Conferencing	MXONE-10.211.62.15	
Clients	Build a Normalization Rule	
Federation and External Access	Fill in the fields that you want to use, or create the rule manually by clicking Edit.	
Monitoring and Archiving	Starting digits: 4	
Security	Length:	
Network	Exactly  4	
Configuration	Digits to remove:	
	Digits to add:	
	Pattern to match: *	
	^(4\d{3})\$	
	Translation rule: *	
	\$1	
	Edit Reset 🕐	✓
<		>

4. Keep the default Encryption support level, which in this case is **Required**.

Now that the setup is concluded, assign users with the policy created previously and test the integration making calls between the systems.

### Load Balancing and Failover Setup

### Load Balancing

Mitel MX-ONE 5.0 and later versions support load balancing setup when connected with more than one Mediation Server. In such scenario, the Microsoft DNS Load Balancing functionality can be used.

MX-ONE 5.0 and later versions support DNS SRV and multiple A-record query where a list with multiple entries can be used. When properly configured, MX-ONE will attempt to send an INVITE to the entries in the list until the call is successful. No answer or 503 Service Unavailable from one entry will trigger MX-ONE to try the next entry.

For more details, see MX-ONE SIP Route command description in CPI or sip\_route –help, parameter remote port.

### Failover

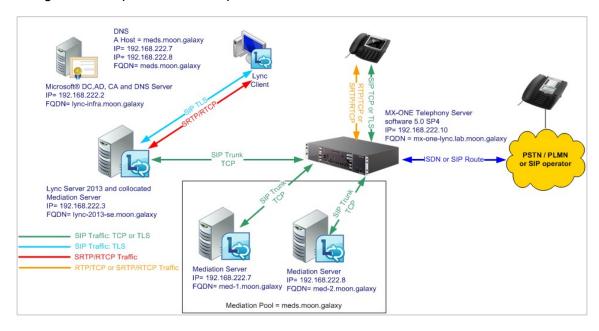
The failover feature also uses the Microsoft DNS Load Balancing functionality. When integrating MX-ONE and Mediation Server, the same configuration is valid for both failover and load balancing.

In a scenario, where two Mediation servers are used and if one of the servers is unavailable, then the first call will be attempted to set up to the first server, but it will be redirected after a few seconds and answered; and all subsequent calls will be redirected and answered in the second Mediation Server.

The reason it takes some seconds before getting an answer from the second server, is that after the INVITE is sent to the first server, the system waits four seconds for an answer, and if no answer is received, the host is grey-listed for 32 seconds and an INVITE is sent to the second server after this.

For additional details, see the MX-ONE SIP Route command description in CPI or sip\_route – help, parameter remote port.

The following is a description of the setup that was verified in Mitel's lab.



For this scenario, two standalone Mediation servers are used. In the MX-ONE side, only one MX-ONE Service Node is used, and it is configured with the Mediation Pool entry.

### DNS Setup

Microsoft DNS needs to be configured to support Round Robin as described in the TechNet article "Configure DNS for Load Balancing". Follow the link and see the item "To enable round robin for Windows Server".

http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/gg398251.aspx

The following figure shows the setup when Round Robin option is enabled.

LINC 2013-101 P	roperties				? >
Debug Logging Interfaces	Event Logging Forwarders	_	t Anchors   Advanced	Monito	ring Security Root Hints
Server version n					
6.1 7601 (0x1dt Ser <u>v</u> er options:	)))				
Disable recur	sion (also disable laries	es forwar	ders)		
□Fail on load if ▼Enable round	bad zone data robin				
✓Enable netma ✓Secure cach	ask ordering e against pollutio	n			
Name checking:		Multiby	ite (UTF8)		•
Load zone data	on startup:	From A	ctive Direct	ory and	registry 💌
Enable autor	matic scavenginj	g of stale	records		
Scavenging	period:	0	C	lays	7
				<u>R</u> esel	t to Default
	ОК	Cancel	AP	ply	Help

DNS Multiple A record setup - Mediation Servers

To set up DNS Host (A) records for the two Mediation servers, the following must be configured. In the DNS Manager Tool, create the entries as shown in the following table.

**NOTE:** For more information about creating the DNS Host A records, refer to http://technet.micro-soft.com/en-us/library/gg398593.

FQDN	ТҮРЕ	IP ADDRESS		
med.moon.galaxy	Host (A)	192.168.222.7		
med.moon.galaxy	Host (A)	192.168.222.8		

To test your configuration, use the command ping to check the setup.

📾 Administrator: C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe	- 0
C:\Users\Administrator.AAS>ping meds	
Pinging meds. Reply from .7: bytes=32 time=35ms TIL=128 Reply from .7: bytes=32 time=21ms TIL=128 Reply from .7: bytes=32 time(ims TIL=128 Reply from .7: bytes=32 time(ims TIL=128 Particle in the second seco	
Ping statistics for <b>an annual</b> .?: Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss), Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds: Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 35ms, Average = 14ms	
C:\Users\Administrator.AAS>ping meds	
Pinging meds	
Ping statistics for <b>the second second</b> .8: Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss), Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds: Minimum = 1ms, Maximum = 1ms, Average = 1ms	
C:\Users\Administrator.AAS>ping meds	
Pinging meds. Reply from .8: bytes=32 time=1ms TIL=128 Reply from .8: bytes=32 time=1ms TIL=128 Reply from .8: bytes=32 time=1ms TIL=128 Reply from .8: bytes=32 time=1ms TIL=128	
Ping statistics for <b>the second</b> .8: Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss), Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds: Minimum = 1ms, Maximum = 1ms, Average = 1ms	
C:\Users\Administrator.AAS>ping meds	
Pinging meds	
Ping statistics for <b>the second 1.7:</b> Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss), Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds: Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 10ms, Average = 2ms	
C:\Users\Administrator.AAS>_	

MX-ONE Direct SIP with Load Balancing and Failover Setup - TCP

The following setup needs to be done in MX-ONE for configuring Direct SIP with load balancing and failover setup. Note that only Route definitions are shown.

NOTE: MX-ONE FQDN needs to be properly defined in the DNS Server.

- 1. Use the following command to view more details regarding the Profile Lync\_TCP: sip route -print -profile Lync TCP
- 2. Define SIP Route category:

#### RO-

CAI:ROU=97,SEL=711000000000010,SIG=0111110000A0,TRAF=03151515,TRM=4,SERV=3100 0000 01,BCAP=00110;

3. Define SIP Route data:

RODAI:ROU=97,TYPE=TL66,VARC=0000000,VARI=00000000, VARO=00000000;

4. Define SIP trunk data specific:

sip\_route -set -route 1 -profile Lync\_TLS\_SRTP -uristring0 "sip:+?@skype.skypebusiness.com" -remoteport 5067 -accept REMOTE\_IP -match "mxoneskype.skypebusiness.com,10.211.62.165,skype.skypebusiness.com,10.211.62.175" -codecs PCMA,PCMU -protocol tls -service PRIVATE;

5. Verify the configuration:

sip\_route -print -route 97 -short

6. Define the SIP Route equipment initiate:

ROEQI:ROU=97,TRU=1-1;

7. Define external destination SIP Route data:

#### RODDI:ROU=97,DEST=97,ADC=000500000000250000001010000,SRT=3;

#### Lync Configuration with Load Balancing and Failover Setup – TCP

Define a Mediation poll in the Skype for Business Server 2019 Topology Builder.

In the test validation, a Mediation poll named meds.moon.galaxy was created with two standalone Mediation servers.

Mediation Pool FQDN=meds.moon.galaxy Mediation Server 1 FQDN= med-1.moon.galaxy Mediation Server 2 FQDN= med-2.moon.galaxy

🔀 Lync Server 2013, Topology Builder			
<u>File Action Help</u>			
Knc Server     RND_Site1	General		•
E Content Lync Server 2010	-		
Lync Server 2013 Image: Standard Edition Front End Servers	FQDN:	meds.moon.galaxy	
Enterprise Edition Front End pools Director pools	Associations		
Mediation pools	Edge pool (for media):	Not associated	
ag, lync-2013-se1. ag, lync-2013-se2. ⊟ ar meds.moon.galaxy	Note: To view the federatio	n route, use the site property page.	
med1.moon.galaxy med2.moon.galaxy	Next hop selection		•
Persistent Chat pools Tusted application servers Shared Components	Next hop pool:	lync-2013-se2 (RND_Site1	1
	Mediation Server PSTN gat	teway	•
	TLS listening port:	5067 - 5067	
Gifice Web Apps Servers     Branch sites	TCP listening port:	5068 - 5068	
	Trunks:	Default Trunk	Gateway Site
	•		

To set up the PSTN gateways, refer the Skype for Business Server 2019 configuration - TCP.

Execute calls between MX-ONE and Microsoft Lync and check that the calls are distributed between the systems.

#### MX-ONE Direct SIP with Load Balancing and Failover Setup - TLS

The following setup needs to be done in MX-ONE in order to configure Direct SIP with load balancing and failover setup, please note that only Route definitions are showed.

**NOTE:** MX-ONE FQDN needs to be properly defined in the DNS Server.

- 1. Use the following command to check more details regarding SIP Profile Lync\_TLS sip\_route -print -profile Lync\_TLS
- 2. Define SIP Route category:

```
ROCAI:ROU=96,SEL=711000000000010,SIG=0111110000A0,TRAF=03151515,TRM=4, SERV=3100000001,BCAP=00110;
```

3. Define SIP Route data:

RODAI: ROU=96,TYPE=TL66,VARC=0000000,VARI=00000000, VARO=00000000;

4. Define SIP trunk data specific:

sip\_route -set -route 1 -profile Lync\_TLS\_SRTP -uristring0 "sip:+?@skype.skypebusiness.com" -remoteport 5067 -accept REMOTE\_IP -match "mxoneskype.skypebusiness.com,10.211.62.165,skype.skypebusiness.com,10.211.62.175" -codecs PCMA,PCMU -protocol tls -service PRIVATE;

5. Verify your configuration:

sip\_route -print -route 96 -short

6. Define the SIP Route equipment initiate:

ROEQI:ROU=96,TRU=1-1;

7. Define external destination SIP Route data:

RODDI: ROU=96,DEST=96,ADC=000500000000250000001010000,SRT=3;

#### Import the Certificate to MX-ONE Service Node

Import the server certificate mx-one-certificate.pfx to MX-ONE Service Node. On the access Server, for example, MX-ONE Service Node 1 runs the following command:

- 1. Install the certificate in the MX-ONE Service Node 1: mxone\_certificate, and select the certificate mx-one-certificate.pfx
- 2. Enable Media Encryption in the route: media\_encryption\_enable -type route

#### Lync Configuration with Load Balancing and Failover Setup – TLS

Define a Mediation poll in the Skype for Business Server 2019 Topology Builder.

In the test validation, a Mediation poll named meds.moon.galaxy was created with two standalone Mediation servers.

Mediation Pool FQDN=meds.moon.galaxy Mediation Server 1 FQDN= med-1.moon.galaxy Mediation Server 2 FQDN= med-2.moon.galaxy

To set up the PSTN gateways, refer the Lync configuration with security and Media Bypass setup section.

Execute calls between MX-ONE and Microsoft Lync and check that the calls are distributed between the systems.

## **Integration Notes**

The latest software and firmware versions of MX-ONE components must be used.

**NOTE:** Mitel recommends that complex scenarios shall be validated in the partner labs before to customer deployment.

## References

Always check the latest documentation. The links below are the ones available for reference. Mitel CPI Documentation – Mitel MX-ONE 5.0 SP4 or a later version.

#### Skype for Business Server Deploying Enterprise Voice

#### **Enable Users for Enterprise Voice**

## **Revision History**

DOCUMENT VERSION	COMMENTT	DATE
A	First release	2015-11-19
В	Minor corrections	2014-03-28
С	Updated with Mitel template	2015-06-08
D	Updated in 4.2.3.7, cert_install_local replaced by mxone_certificate. MX-ONE version information also corrected.	2015-10-27
D3	Spelling correction	2017-04-05
D4	2013 old screens replaced with 2015 screens	2019-04-24
D5	Server 2015 is changed to server 2019	2019-09-10

## Introduction

MiVoice MX-ONE, a complete IP-based communications system, has evolved from a voice centric system into a true multimedia communication system that can route and provide services to media sessions like video, instant messaging etc. It is the core component of the MX-ONE solution, which provides the necessary applications to offer true mobility and Unified Communications and Collaboration (UCC). MX-ONE (TS) is based on an open software and hardware environment, using standard servers with a LINUX SUSE operating system. MX-ONE Service Node focuses on enhanced SIP implementations to target our strategy regarding openness, cloud computing and video support. An example of MX-ONE openness is the fact that it can interwork with third party UC products using standards-based protocols, such as SIP and CSTA III (XML).

As part of this standards-based approach and in order to offer our customers a choice, we have worked together with Microsoft to ensure that MX-ONE can be integrated with the latest Microsoft Unified Communications products. MX-ONE is fully certified by the Microsoft Partner Program since Version 4.1 with Lync Server 2010 (Direct SIP integration) as well as MX-ONE 5.0 SP3 HF2 with Lync 2013 (Direct SIP integration) in order to ensure that customers have seamless experiences with setup, support, and use of MX-ONE with Microsoft Unified Communications software.

In MX-ONE 5.0 SP1, TR-87 support for CSTA III (Computer Supported Telecommunications Applications Version 3) was added to allow a third party application to control an MX-ONE device via CSTA and SIP messages. This service can be used, for example, to connect MX-ONE and Microsoft Lync Server via a function called Remote Call Control.

Mitel has performed an internal integration validation between MX-ONE 6.0 and Lync Server 2013 via Remote Call Control, where several tests were executed to assure the compatibility between the products.

### Scope

The intent of this guide is to describe the setup tasks to integrate MiVoice MX-ONE and Microsoft Lync Server 2013 for Remote Call Control.

For more details regarding components of this integration, we refer to the relevant MX-ONE CPI documentation or, please, go to the Microsoft Lync Server 2013 product website.



Note! Always check the latest products documentation.

## **Solution Description**

Integration of MX-ONE 6.0 with Microsoft Lync Server 2013 for Remote Call Control as a complementary solution, provides users enabled for remote call control to use Lync 2013 client to control calls on their MX-ONE phones.

### **MiVoice MX-ONE**

MiVoice MX-ONE has a built-in CSTA III server that is an interface that other applications can use to remotely control a phone. Examples of operations that can be performed with CSTA Phase III are: make call, answer call, dial a number and terminate a call.

MX-ONE 6.0 supports CSTA method that is based on European Computer Manufacturers Association (ECMA) Technical Report-87 (TR-87), called Using CSTA for SIP Phone User Agents (uaCSTA). MX-ONE implements a subset of the capabilities and methods proposed in TR-87 specification.

In TR-87 (Using CSTA for SIP Phone User Agents (uaCSTA)):

SIP is used to establish a CSTA application session

CSTA service request and response messages are transported over SIP

CSTA monitor is started and CSTA events are transported over SIP

### **Microsoft Lync Server 2013**

Microsoft Lync Server 2013 offers Remote Call Control (RCC) support that allows users to remotely control phones connected to a call manager, such as MX-ONE. It gives Lync 2013 client users the ability to make or receive calls on their fixed or mobile phone instead of a computer.

### Integration

CSTA III (XML) is required to provide the integration between MX-ONE and Lync Server for Remote Call Control as shown in the figure below.

The telephony feature commands are sent from the Lync 2013 client through the Microsoft Lync Server 2013 to the internal MX-ONE CSTA server as CSTA III messages over SIP, so called user agent CSTA (uaCSTA). The internal MX-ONE CSTA server analyzes the requests and maps them to the corresponding CSTA commands towards MX-ONE, which will then carry out the requests.

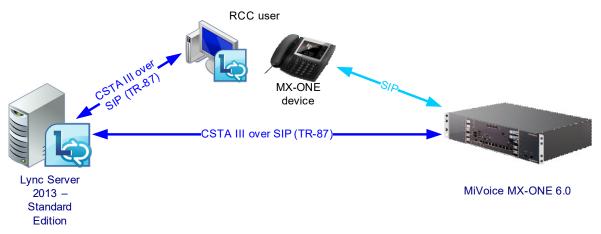


Figure 1 - Integration via Remote Call Control (RCC) between MX-ONE and Lync Server 2013

With Microsoft Lync Server 2013 integration, it is possible from Lync 2013 client (Remote Call Control Only) to manage calls and talk using any fixed and remote extensions within the MX-ONE.

The features that a Lync 2013 client can manage when integrate with MX-ONE using RCC are:

Make an outgoing call

Answer an incoming call

Transfer a call to another user (monitored transfer with current conversations)

Single step transfer

Forward an incoming call to an internal number (internal and private network extensions)

Forward an incoming call to an external number

Redirect an incoming call

Place calls on hold

Alternate (toggle) between multiple concurrent calls

Answer a second call while already in a call.

Dial dual-tone multi-frequency (DTMF) digits

## **Requirements and Setup**

MX-ONE and Microsoft Lync needs to be configured in different sip domains. Mitel recommendation is that MX-ONE is a sub-domain of the Lync domain.

For example, Lync runs on the domain: domain.com and MX-ONE runs on the domain: mx-one.domain.com.

### **MIVOICE MX-ONE Requirements**

Software and licenses required for Microsoft Remote Call Control integration:

MiVoice MX-ONE Service Node 6.0 or later

#### MX-ONE licenses for:

#### CSTA III

Z

Note! Multi terminal extensions cannot be monitored via CSTA and therefore it does not work in the Remote Call Control scenario.

### **Microsoft Lync Server 2013 Requirements**

The Microsoft infrastructure (AD, DNS, CA, etc) needs to be in place, including all licenses required.

This guide does not cover the Lync Server 2013 installation. Our recommendation is that the Microsoft infrastructure shall be installed by a trained Microsoft engineer.

Before to start Microsoft Lync Server 2013 for RCC setup, read the following document:

Microsoft Lync Server 2013, Deploying Remote Call Control

http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/gg558664.aspx

Z

Note! This Microsoft documentation is used in conjunction with this guide.

MX-ONE was validated with Microsoft Lync 2013 Remote Call Control with only one Lync Front End server.

Microsoft Lync 2013 requires load balancer when more than one Front End is used. Please note that this setup was not validated with MX-ONE.



Note! The latest Lync Client (Lync 2013 update: April 2014) needs to be installed in the end user computers, please see that article below.

http://support.microsoft.com/kb/2880474

### **Integration Setup - TCP**

The setup used in this guide is based on the following scenario:

One Microsoft Lync Server - Standard Edition connected with one MiVoice MX-ONE 6.0.



Figure 2 - Integration setup



Note! Mitel recommends that complex scenarios shall be validated in the partner labs prior to customer deployment.

### **MiVoice MX-ONE Setup - TCP**

The following shall be configured:

CSTA server needs to be initiated

Creating CSTA Server

CSTA III Setting:

csta--initiate--lim1 --csta-serv00000010

For more about CSTA III, see MX-ONE CPI documentation.

#### Microsoft Lync Server 2013 Setup – TCP

The following setup is based in the Microsoft Lync Server 2013 documentation, Deploying Remote Call Control, for more about commands syntaxes check:

http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/gg558664.aspx

The following shall be configured:

Configure a Static Route for Remote Call Control

Configure a Trusted Application Entry for Remote Call Control

Configure Static Route for Remote Call Control

The following commands shall be executed in the Lync Server Management Shell to configure Remote Call Control.

Route for Remote Call ControlSetup, port 5060 (TCP):

\$TCPRoute= New-CsStaticRoute-TCPRoute-Destination 192.168.222.156 -Port 5062 -MatchUrimx-one.domain.com

Set-CsStaticRoutingConfiguration-Route @{Add=\$TCPRoute} -Identity Global

To verify the setup use the command:

Get-CsStaticRoutingConfiguration

Configure a Trusted Application Pool Entry for Remote Call Control

To create a Trusted Application Pool use the command:

New-CsTrustedApplicationpool-Identity 192.168.222.156 -Registrar lync-enter.domain.com –Site 1 –TreatAsAuthenticated\$True –ThrottleAsServer\$True

To verify the setup use the command:

Get-CsTrustedApplicationpool

Configure a Trusted Application Entry for Remote Call Control

To setup the trusted application use the command::

New-CsTrustedApplication-ApplicationIDRCC -TrustedApplicationPoolFqdn192.168.222.156 -Port 5062 -EnableTcp

To verify the setup use the command:

Get-CsTrustedApplication

Publish the topology

To implement the changes in the Lync , publish the topology

Enable-CsTopology

Define a SIP/CSTA Gateway IP Address

In this example TCP is used, then the SIP/CSTA gateway IP address needs to be defined. Follow the instruction in the session "Define a SIP/CSTA Gateway IP Address" from Microsoft documentation: http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/gg602125.aspx.

When the setup is done, the Topology Builder screen should be similar to figure below.

🔀 Lync Server 2013, Topology Builder		
<u>File</u> <u>Action</u> <u>H</u> elp		
<ul> <li>□ ↓ Lync Server</li> <li>□ ↓ Lync Server 2010</li> <li>□ ↓ Lync Server 2013</li> <li>□ ↓ Lync Server 2014</li> <li>□ ↓ Lync Lync 2014</li> <li>□ ↓ Lync 2014</li> <li>□ ↓</li></ul>	General FQDN: Enable replication of configuration data to this pool IPv4 addresses: Primary IPv4 address:	▲ 192.168.222.156 Disabled Limit service usage to specified addresses 192.168.222.156
Carl Branch sites	Next hop selection	
	Next hop pool:	lync-enter.domain.com

Figure 3 - Lync Server 2013 Topology Builder

### **Enable Lync Users for Remote Call Control**

Configure a user for remote call control by using Lync Server Control Panel.

Under Telephony, select Remote Call Control Only. Please, note that the option "Remote Call Control" is not supported by MX-ONE.

The following needs to be configured under Line URI and Line Server URI.

Enable Lync Users for Remote Call Control:

Line URI:tel:phonenumber, exampletel:27000

### Line Server URI:sip:tel@MatchUri, for example: sip:27000@mx-one.domain.com

* Enable X Cancel	
Display name Status	Add
Alice RCC	Remove
	i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i
Assign users to a pool: *	
Lync-enter.domain.com	<b>▼</b>
Generate user's SIP URI:	
Use user's email address	
Use the user principal name (UPN)	
Use the following format:	
<firstname>.<lastname> @ domain.com</lastname></firstname>	<b>v</b>
Use the following format:	
<samaccountname> @ domain.com</samaccountname>	<b>v</b>
Specify a SIP URI:	
@ domain.com	v
Felephony:	
Remote call control only	• ?
Line URI: *	
tel:27000	?
Line Server URI: *	
sip:27000@mx-one.domain.com	

Figure 4 - RCC only new user configuration example

## How to Verify the Setup

After completing the setup, the integration can be verified in the following way:

### Lync 2013 Client Features

Using a Lync 2013 client sign-in a RCC user.

If the configuration was done properly the user will be signed in without any error, see the figure below.

•		Lync		-		×
What's ha	ppening today?					
0	Alice RCC Available ▼ Set Your Locati	on 🕶				
*	<b>P</b>	•			¢	•
Find some	one or dial a nur	nber			)	ο
	1	2 ABC	3 DEF			
	4 GHI	5 JKL	6 MNO			
	7 PQRS	8 TUV	9 wxyz			
	*	0 +	#			
	Redial	C C	Call			
	=	I PIN				
						_
🕞 🕈 CALI	FORWARDING	DFF				

If there is small icon in the lower right side of the Lync 2013 client, showing a phone with an error, check the setup, because the CSTA monitoring could not be established.

L>	Lync	– 🗆 ×
What's	happening today?	
	Alice RCC Available ▼ Set Your Location ▼	
2	<b>P</b>	÷.
Find sor	neone or dial a number	Q
GROUPS	STATUS RELATIONSHIPS NEW	20
0	Bob RCC - Available	
<b>€</b> • 0	ALL FORWARDING OFF	lo-
		Notifications
		No Phone System Con

Use the MiVoice MX-ONE command "csta -p --lim all --devices" to check the devices that are monitored.

In the use cases below two Lync clients were used and three MX-ONE extensions.

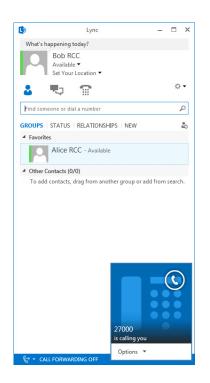
- 1. Alice.RCC controls the extension 27001, which is a SIP extension in MX-ONE.
- 2. Bob.RCC controls the extension 27010, which is a SIP extension in MX-ONE.
- 3. 27000 and 27002 are SIP extensions in MX-ONE.
- 4. 33350202 and 33350102 are the PSTN phones.

### Make an Outgoing Call Using the Lync 2013 Client

From extension A use the Lync client (RCC) to dial extension B, pick up your handset as soon as you hear the ring back tone, wait the extension B answer, check if there is speech.

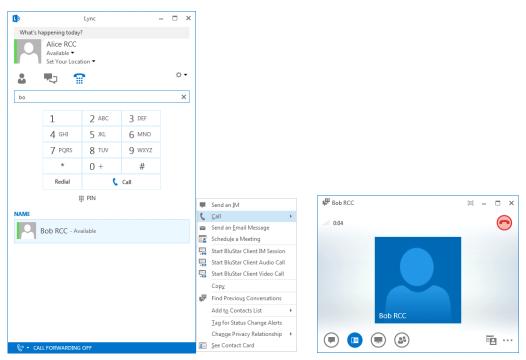
### **Answer an Incoming Call**

From another extension dial to RCC user, answer it and check if there is speech.



### Transfer a Call Between Current Conversations (Monitored Transfer)

In this scenario A (Alice.RCC - extension 27001) calls B (Bob.RCC - extension 27010), A puts B on hold and then calls extension C (27002). After C answers, A transfers the call between B and C. We assume you have answered a call with extension B (27010) from the Lync client (RCC



Using the client, put extension B on hold and make a second call to extension C (27002), and wait until the extension C answers.

		Lync		- 🗆 ×
What's ha	Alice RCC In a call ▼ Set Your Loca	ition 🔻		۵ <b>.</b>
27002	₽ 1			×
	1	2 ABC	3 DEF	
	4 GHI	5 .KL	6 MNO	
	7 PQRS	8 TUV	9 wxyz	
	* Redial	0 +	# Call	
		II PIN	Call	
ME				
2	27002			
→ - CAL	L FORWARDING	OFF		

Once speech is established, initiate the transfer of extension B (Bob RCC) using the Current Conversations option as shown below.

27002	DIAL PAD TRANSFER CALL		n x
.atl 0:38	My Numbers	*	$\bigcirc$
	Mobile +0033350201		
	Current Conversations	^	
	Bob RCC		
	Other Options	^	
	Mute Hold Call	•	
	•	Ē	

Then, check if the call is correctly transferred.

L)		Lync		-	□ ×		
What's h	appening today?	,					
	Bob RCC In a call ▼ Set Your Locat	ion <b>T</b>					
*	<b>P</b>				☆ •		
Find som	eone or dial a nu	mber			Q		
	1	2 ABC	3 DEF				
	4 GHI	5 лкі	6 MNO				
	7 PQRS	8 TUV	9 wxyz			27002	¤ – □ ×
	*	0 +	#			.atl 2:48	
	Redial	د ا	Call				
	1	₩ PIN				27002	
€ + CAI	LL FORWARDING	OFF					

Then, check if the call is correctly transferred.

### Single Step Transfer

In this scenario A (Alice.RCC - extension 27001) is talking with C (extension 27002), A transfer C directly to extension B (Bob.RCC - extension 27010).

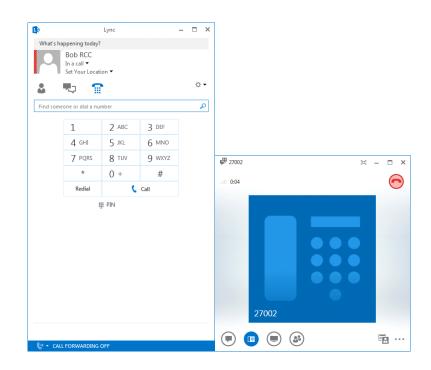
We assume you have answered a call with extension C (27002).



A does single-step transfer from extension C (27002) to B (Bob.RCC - extension 27010).

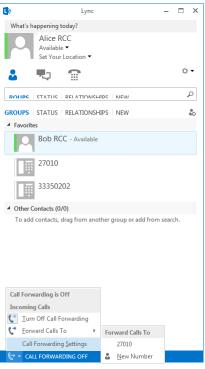
			×
		Invite by Name or Phone Number	
27002	DIAL PAD TRANSFER CALL	Choose a contact or type a name or phone number.	
.atl 0:36	My Numbers		
	Mobile +0033350201	Bob RCC - Available	
	Other Options		
	🎎 Another Person or Number	27001	
	Parking Lot		
	Mute Hold Call		
	iiii iiiii iiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiii		
		<u>OK</u> Cancel	

Then, check if the call is correctly transferred.



### Forward an Incoming Call

Select a predefined or a new number (internal, network extension or external) and click ok.

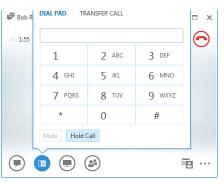


Check if Lync client is showing that the forwarding is on.

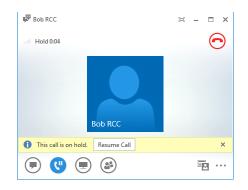
	Lync	-	– ×					
What's happen	ing today?							
Ava	te RCC lable ▼ /our Location ▼							
🚨 🔫	<b>•</b>		¢ <del>-</del>					
1 Calls are b	eing forwarded to Other 27010.	Turn Off	×					
Find someone o	r dial a number		Q					
GROUPS STAT	US RELATIONSHIPS NEW		20					
Favorites								
Bot	RCC - Available							
270	10							
33350202								
▲ Other Contac	ts (0/0)							
Other Contacts (0/0) To add contacts, drag from another group or add from search.								
🕼 👻 CALL FOR	WARDING ON							

### **Place Calls on Hold**

When in speech, press the hold button to hold a call.

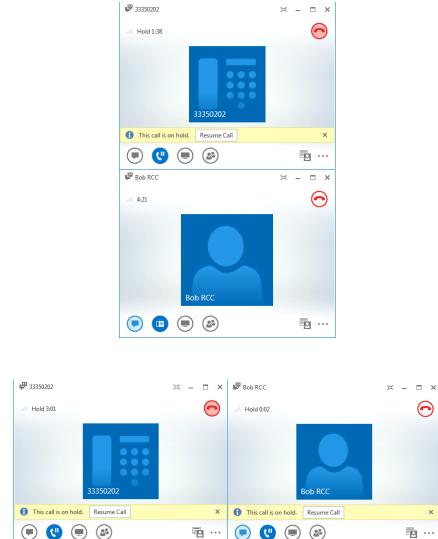


Click on Resume Call to return to the call.



### **Alternate Between Multiple Concurrent Calls**

When connected with two calls, press the hold button to hold a call and click on Resume Call to return to



••••

("  •

### Answer a Second Call While Already in a Call (call waiting)

When a second call is alerting, click on Accept Call to answer it.

(" 

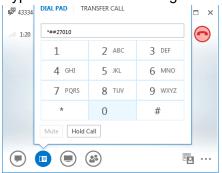
the first one.



You can alternate between the calls.

### **Dial Dual-Tone Multi-Frequency (DTMF) Digits**

In an established call, click on the keypad and enter DTMF digits.



### **Presence**

In order to verify presence, establish a call using Lync client (RCC) as below.

From extension A use the Lync client (RCC) to dial extension B, pick up your handset as soon as you

	-,			=, p.e					
		Lync		- 🗆 ×					
What's happening today?									
	Alice RCC Available ▼ Set Your Location ▼								
	🌡 👦 😭 🔅 **								
Find some	one or dial a nur	nber		Q					
	1	2 ABC	3 DEF						
	1 4 GHI	Z ABC	6 MNO						
	7 PQRS	S JNL 8 TUV	9 WXYZ						
	/ PQRS *		9 WX12						
	Redial	0 +	# Call						
		-	Call						
	-	I PIN							
	FORWARDING								
		Lync	-						
What's	happening toda	y?							
Bob RCC Available 🕶									
	Set Your Loc	ation 🔻							
🎍 👦 😭 👘									
Find someone or dial a number									
GROUPS STATUS RELATIONSHIPS NEW									
.⊿ Favori	tes								
	Alice RCC	- Available							
▲ Other	Contacts (0/0)								
	d contacts, drag	from another g	roup or add fron	n search.					
(⇒ +_C	ALL FORWARDIN	G OFF							

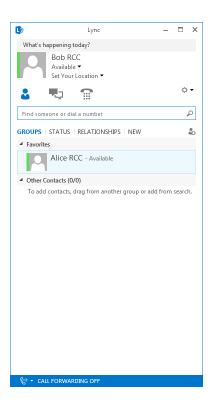
hear the ring back tone, wait until the extension B answers, check if there is speech.

L)		Lync			
What's h	appening today?				
	Alice RCC Available - Set Your Locat	ion 🕶			
8	<b>P</b>			÷.	
Find som	eone or dial a nu	mber		Q	
	1	2 ABC	3 DEF		Call New Phone Number
	4 GHI	5 JKL	6 MNO		
	7 PQRS	8 TUV	9 wxyz		27010
	*	0 +	#		FYI: If you're making an international call, you'll want to
	Redial	C C	Call		include the right country and region codes. Get examples
	:	PIN			OK Cancel

From another Lync client, for example Bob, RCC that is monitoring Alice RCC, check if the presence status is now "In a Call".

•	Lync	-		×				
What's h	appening today?							
2	Bob RCC In a call ▼ Set Your Location ▼							
2	<b>•</b>		¢	•				
Find som	eone or dial a number			ρ				
	STATUS RELATIONSHIPS NEW			<b>.</b> 0				
▲ Favorite	15							
8	Alice RCC - In a call							
▲ Other C	ontacts (0/0)							
	• Other Contacts (0/0) To add contacts, drag from another group or add from search.							
🕞 🕶 CAL	L FORWARDING OFF							

Disconnect the call from extension A (Alice RCC) and check if the Alice RCC presence status goes to Available in the Bob RCC.



## Limitations

The integration supports Lync 2013 clients configured with "Remote Call Control only" option. The option "Remote Call Control" is not supported.

The secure transport mechanism using TLS is not supported in MX-ONE 6.x.

The features listed below are not supported in this integration, when initiated by the Lync client:

Do not disturb (it is not supported by Lync client)

Z

Note! Although these features may not be possible from the client, they may be invoked directly on the terminal instead.

## **Good to Know**

MX-ONE and Lync Server cannot be part of the same domain.

Latest Lync client needs to be installed.

DNS needs to be properly configured.

Conference can be invoked via Lync client using MX-ONE procedure (normally dialing 3). However, the Lync client will merge all other screens with the first one and that will be presented until the last member disconnects.

# **Revision History**

Document Version	Comment	Date
Rev. A	First release	2014-05-09
Rev. B	Rebranding	2015-05-10
Rev. B1	Some further rebranding corrections done.	2016-03-17
Rev. B2	Minor changes done.	2016-10-10

# **Teleworker Solution**

Customer Product Information of MiVoice Border Gateway, see Product Documentation.

# General

This document describes how to configure a single standalone MiVoice Border Gateway (MBG) Release 9.2 server to support Mitel 6900/6800 SIP Terminals as Tele-worker devices for MX-ONE.

This document complements MX-ONE document "Mitel 6700i and 6800i SIP Terminals for MX-ONE" and provides instructions how to setup MBG as an Ingate replacement. The principle used here is to configure MBG to have secure communication on the outside towards the home worker terminals and unsecured communication on the inside towards MX-ONE. The proposed solution has the same limitations as the existing Ingate deployment.

Instructions in this document are specific to the above configuration and must NOT be used in any other deployments. For example, MiCollab 7.1 with MBG and MiCollab clients with MX-ONE.

# **Application Requirements**

You must meet the minimum software level requirements for each application listed below so that the applications function correctly with this Release.

Application	Recommended Software Level	Comments
Mitel Standard Linux (MSL)	10.4.13.0	Release 10.4 64 bits is required. Refer to the Hardware Compatibility List for MSL found on Mitel-On-Line.
MX-ONE	6.3	MX-ONE version 6.0 SP2 HF3 was tested in the Kanata lab, so this version, or later, could be used, but 6.3 is recommended.
6900	5.0.0	Release 5.0 SIP extensions
68xxi	4.2.0.181	Release 4.2 Release 4.2 SP1 recommended.
MBG	4.2.0.181	Release 9.2 PR2 and up recommended.

# **Installation Notes**

The principle used here is to configure MBG to have secure communication on the outside towards the home worker terminals and unsecure communication on the inside towards MX-ONE.

# Licensing

The only licensing required is a MiVoice Border Gateway base kit (physical or virtual) and Teleworker licenses (1 per 68xxi device + a few floater licenses).

# Installing Release 9.2 on a standalone physical server

- 1. Install the latest Microsoft SQL (MSL) 10.4 64 bits release software version.
- 2. Install Release 9.2 via MSL's server-manager Blades panel after syncing with the Mitel Application Management Center (AMC); or,
- 3. Obtain a copy of the latest MiVoice Border Gateway Rel 9.2 software and burn it onto a CD. After inserting the CD in the CD-ROM/DVD-ROM drive, upgrade via MSL's server-manager Blades panel.

NOTE: Your CD burning software must be capable of burning ISO images.

## Installing Release 9.2 in a VMware environment

Virtual deployment should deploy the latest released MBG 9.2 ova and then upgrade to the latest available blade of that stream.

# **Firewall Configuration**

If MBG is deployed in a demilitarized zone, the following ports need to be opened (above ports needed for communication with the AMC).

- TCP port 5061 between the Internet and MBG for SIP TLS
- TCP port 5060 between MBG and MX-ONE
- TCP port 22223 between the Internet and MBG for SIP XML
- TCP port 22222 between MBG and MX-ONE for SIP XML
- TCP port 4431 between the Internet and MBG for Configuration Server Access (Optional)
- TCP port 80 between MBG and the Configuration Server
- UDP port 20000-31000 between the Internet and MBG and between MBG and the LAN for voice
- TCP port 22 between LAN and MBG for secure shell access
- UDP port 53 between MBG and the LAN for DNS resolution to a Corporate DNS server **NOTE:** Do not enable TCP port 5060 or UDP port 5060 between the Internet and MBG.

# **MSL** Configuration

- 1. Configure your MSL server to use a Corporate DNS server that can resolve any FQDN associated with MX-ONE.
- 2. Configure your MSL server to allow Remote Access for secure shell from a local network. This access will be needed to run a special setup script.
- 3. Navigate to Remote Access under MSL Server Manager.
- 4. Select "Allow access only from trusted and remote management networks" to setup secure shell access.
- 5. Select "Yes" for administrative command line access over secure shell.
- 6. Select "Yes" to allow secure shell access using standard passwords.

# **MBG Configuration**

From a new installation of Release 9.2, access the MiVoice Border Gateway User Inter-face from MSL server-manager and perform the following steps:

- 1. Go to System Configuration > Network Profile.
  - a. Select Profile and Apply.
- **2**. Go to System Configuration > Settings.
  - a. Under SIP options, increase the Set-side registration expiry time to 360 from the default of 240.
  - **b.** Enable SIP support for TCP/TLS and TCP.
  - c. Change Codec support to Unrestricted.
  - d. Change Set-side RTP security to Require (to enforce SRTP between the phone and MBG).
     NOTE: Optionally, you can disable support for all protocols under Minet Support.
- 3. Service Configuration > ICPs
  - a. Add your MX-ONE system as type MiVoice MX-ONE with SIP capabilities as UDP, TCP.
  - **b.** Configure MX-ONE support.
  - c. Check Link to the ICP and Enable.
  - d. Configure the XML listen port as 22223 and check TLS.
  - e. Configure the XML destination port as 22222 and uncheck TLS.
  - f. Configure the configuration server listen port as 4431 and check TLS.
  - g. Configure the configuration server port as 80 and uncheck TLS.
  - **h.** Configure the configuration server address.

**NOTE:** Only provide access to the configuration server if ALL the files in all the directo-ries are encrypted with anacrypt. If not, enter a bogus IP address to not expose the internal configuration server to the Internet. The InGate solution has the same exposure.

- i. Click Save.
- 4. Do not start MBG yet.
- 5. Setup MBG with mutual TLS for SIP using configuration script.
- 6. Connect to the system via ssh (ex: using putty) and login as root.

7. Run the configuration script specifying the MBG Public IP address (i.e the address the Teleworker 68xx phones will connect to) and the MBG local or LAN IP address.

Optionally, you can use the script to modify an existing mitel.cfg or use MBG as a TFTP server for the phones.

To view all options available, run the configuration script without arguments. [root@mysystem ~]# /usr/sbin/configure\_68xx\_mbg\_support.sh Example #1: MBG Public IP is 1.1.1.1 and MBG local IP is 192.168.100.10 [root@mysystem ~]# /usr/sbin/configure\_68xx\_mbg\_support.sh --mbg\_wan\_ip ip\_ad-dress --mbg\_lan\_ip ip\_address --generate\_certificate [root@mysystem ~]# /usr/sbin/configure\_68xx\_mbg\_support.sh --mbg\_wan\_ip 1.1.1.1 --mbg\_lan\_ip 192.168.100.10 --generate\_certificate mbg\_wan\_ip=1.1.1.1 mbg\_lan\_ip=192.168.100.10 configure\_ftp=false generate\_certificate=true force=false

creating /root/aastra\_tftp, output files will be placed there. configuring mbg certificate with ip address: 1.1.1.1 Generating a 2048 bit RSA private key

+++

.....+++

writing new private key to '/root/aastra\_tftp/mbg\_mxone\_key.pem' ----writing RSA key details: InsertCertificateIntoChain

Subject: /CN=1.1.1.1 Issuer : /CN=1.1.1.1

ReorderCertificateChain:: client certificate found: Subject: /CN=1.1.1.1 Issuer : /CN=1.1.1.1 ReorderCertificateChain:: root CA certificate found: Subject: /CN=1.1.1.1 Issuer : /CN=1.1.1.1

VerifyCertificateChain:: m\_vrCerts.size()=1 rc=1

certificate and key files for set are /root/aastra\_tftp/mbg\_mxone\_cert.pem and /root/aastra\_tftp/mbg\_mxone\_key.pem done.

Example #2: MBG Public IP is 1.1.1.1, MBG local IP is 192.168.100.10, modify an existing mitel.cfg (transferred to /root

[root@mysystem ~]# /usr/sbin/configure\_68xx\_mbg\_support.sh --mbg\_wan\_ip 1.1.1.1 --mbg\_lan\_ip 192.168.100.10 --generate\_certificate --modify\_cfg\_template mitel.cfg --ntp\_server pool.ntp.org --time\_zone\_name SE-Stockholm

mbg wan ip=1.1.1.1 mbg lan ip=192.168.100.10 configure tftp=true generate certificate=true force=false will configure tftp directory /root/aastra tftp to serve up config files creating /root/aastra tftp, output files will be placed there. configuring mbg certificate with ip address: 1.1.1.1 Generating a 2048 bit RSA private kev +++ .....+++ writing new private key to '/root/aastra tftp/mbg mxone key.pem' \_\_\_\_ writing RSA key details: InsertCertificateIntoChain Subject: /CN=1.1.1.1 Issuer : /CN=1.1.1.1 ReorderCertificateChain:: client certificate found: Subject: /CN=1.1.1.1 Issuer : /CN=1.1.1.1 ReorderCertificateChain:: root CA certificate found: Subject: /CN=1.1.1.1 Issuer : /CN=1.1.1.1 VerifyCertificateChain:: m vrCerts.size()=1 rc=1 certificate and key files for set are /root/aastra tftp/mbg mxone cert.pem and /root/mitel tftp/mbg mxone key.pem creating mitel.cfg from template, configured with MBG's CN ip sip proxy ip sip proxy port sip registrar ip sip registrar port sip outbound proxy sip outbound proxy port tftp server sips trusted certificates sips root and intermediate certificates sips local certificate sips private key https validate certificates https user certificates time server disabled time server time zone name sip transport protocol found URL's pointing to 22222, switching to https and port 22223

appending fixed URLs to config file done.

- 8. Return to the MiVoice Border Gateway User Interface and click on Dashboard to Start MBG
- **9.** Confirm that Teleworker 68xx phones have access to the public IP of MBG using the Teleworker Network Analyzer tool.
- **10.** Download the tool from Administration File Transfer and install it on a Windows machine that has network connectivity to the public IP of your system.
- 11. Launch the application and run a connect test against the public IP.

SIP TLS, Aastra MXL MXOne, Voice Traffic (begin) and (end) should return OK. If any of the above return CLOSED or TIMED OUT, contact your firewall administrator.

# **Phone Configuration**

1) Phone must be staged in the office.

2) Using WinSCP, copy the /root/aastra\_tftp/mbg\_mxone\_cert.pem and /root/aastra\_tftp/mbg\_mxone\_key.pem to a special folder (ex: athome) on your configuration server.

3) Append the settings listed in "Appendix – mitel.cfg Settings" to your mitel.cfg file or used the modified mitel.cfg also available under /root/aastra\_tftp.

If needed, update all other files (ex: <model.cfg>) to use https/22223 instead of http/22222.

# Limitations

A list of known limitations shared with the InGate solution.

- 1. Phones must be staged in the office.
- 2. Phone firmware must be done in the office as a phone firmware upgrade will remove the certificate loaded.
- 3. Access to internal configuration server cannot be limited/controlled/blocked from the outside.
- 4. 68xxi must have access to a NTP server for certificate validation.
- 5. Corporate directory access must be setup with port forwarding on MSL (server-gateway configuration) or the DMZ firewall.
- 6. If MX-ONE is setup to like lim1.mysystem.com, the MSL server must point to a Corporate DNS to allow proper DNS resolution.

Here is a list of known limitations with MBG

- a. Single dedicated MBG.
- **b.** MBG clustering and backup SIP registrar/proxy in the 68xxi configuration files.
- c. Using FQDN instead of IP address in the 68xxi configuration files.

### Known Issues

None.

## **Issues Resolved**

Here is a list of issues resolved in 9.2.0.22 in conjunction with 68xx 4.2 SP1 firmware and workaround is not longer required:

- 1. MN00609195 MBG 9.2: SIP 68xxi/MX-One/SRTP one way audio after "set side" session timer re-invite (decrypt failure).
- 2. Conditions: Session timers are configured on TW 68xxi AND greater than 1310 (default in MX-ONE sample is 1800).
- **3.** Root Cause: 68xxi do NOT increment SDP version but changes SRTP keys in re-invite and MBG falsely detects the SDP as a duplicate.
- 4. Workaround: Select a value less than 1200 for session timers in mitel.cfg for TW 68xxi.
- MN00616730 MBG 9.2: SIP 68xxi/MX-One/SRTP one way audio after "ICP side" session timer re-invite.
- 6. Conditions: Session timers are configured on LAN 68xxi AND greater than 1300 AND the codec list is different between LAN and TW set but 1st selection is the same.
- 7. Root Cause: Still under investigation.
- 8. Workaround #1: Same codec selection list on TW 68xxi as LAN 68xxi (MX-ONE sample has G.722, G711a, G.711u, G.729. Updates are used instead of re-invite.
- 9. Workaround #2: Disable session timers in mitel.cfg for LAN 68xxi or reduce the value to 1200 or less.

# **Upgrade Notes**

Trials sites that have deployed based on earlier versions of this document, need to run the following command on their system to ensure that all required files are part of a backup.

[root@mysystem ~]# db tug setprop config backuplist /etc/tug/tug.ini.certifi-cates.ini,/etc/tug/tugcerts.ini,/etc/tug/ca-bundle.crt,/etc/tug/mbg\_mxone.ini

## **Appendix - Config Script**

[root@ ~]# /usr/sbin/configure\_68xx\_mbg\_support.sh

mbg\_wan\_ip=

mbg\_lan\_ip=

configure\_tftp=false

generate\_certificate=false

force=false

-----

--mbg\_lan\_ip parameter must be specified

\_\_\_\_\_

Usage: /usr/sbin/configure 68xx mbg support.sh --mbg wan ip ip address --mbg lan ip ip address [--tftp] [--generate certificate] [--force] [--modify cfg tem-plate aastra cfg file template] [--ntp server fqdn/ip] [--time zone name aastra name string] --mbg wan ip - MBG public address sets connect to this address and MBG certificate will contain this --mbg lan ip - MBG private address used for SIP udp and tcp communications with ICP (udp and tcp are disabled on MBG's public address) --tftp - configure this MBG to supply configuration files via tftp --generate certificate - create a certificate using the value supplied for 'mbg wan ip' --force - override 'certificate already exists' check --modify cfg template - If set, specified file will be modified. Cfg settings dealing with certs/sip will be adjusted --ntp server - If set, specified fqdn will be used for ntp settings. otherwise 'pool.ntp.org' will be used. --time zone name - If set, specified time zone string will be used for ntp settings. otherwise 'SE-Stockholm' will be used.

## Appendix - mitel.cfg Settings

#-----# MiVoice Border Gateway (MBG) Teleworker features
# SIP TLS and SRTP between the phone and MBG
# HTTPS used for XML
#------

# MBG is the SIP proxy and registrar sip proxy ip:MBGIP sip proxy port:5061 sip registrar ip:MBGIP sip registrar port:5061 sip outbound proxy:MBGIP sip outbound proxy port:5061 #5061 or 0(which will attempt SRV and as fall back send to 5061 due to TLS)

# Persistent SIP TLS (requires 'sip outbound proxy')
sips persistent tls:1

sip outbound support:1 sip transport protocol:4 #4-TLS

# Certificates/keys for sip-tls sips trusted certificates: mbg\_mxone\_cert.pem sips root and intermediate certificates: mbg\_mxone\_cert.pem sips local certificate: mbg\_mxone\_cert.pem sips private key: mbg\_mxone\_key.pem https validate certificates: 1 https user certificates: mbg\_mxone\_cert.pem

# Voice Encryption (SRTP) sip srtp mode:2

# OPTIONAL – Use MBG's TFTP server #tftp server:MBGIP

#NTP server must be accessible from the home network time server disabled: 0 Time server1:<NTP server>

# Action URI must use HTTPS to port 22223
action uri startup:https://\$\$PROXYURL\$\$:22223/Startup?user=\$\$SIPUSERNAME\$\$
services script: https://\$\$PROXYURL\$\$:22223/Services?user=\$\$SIPUSER-NAME\$\$&voicemailnr=
#------

NOTE: Similar changes may be required to <model>.cfg or <mac>.cfg files.

# **GX and EX Controller**

The GX and EX controller installations are explained in this topic.

# Introduction

This document describes a typical scenario for a branch office with survivability and local presence. It contains both the GX and the EX gateways.

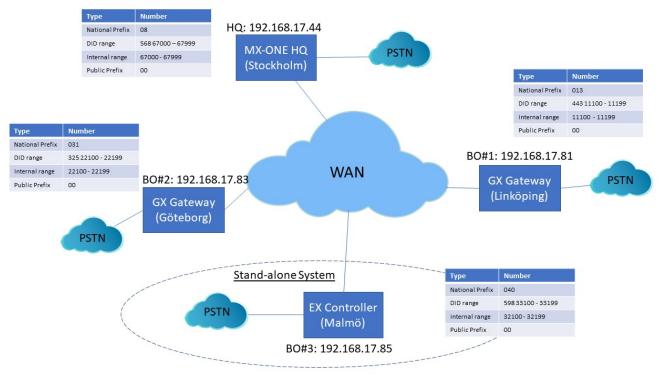


Figure 11.1: EX and GX Controller Gateways

NOTE: The EX gateway can only be used as a stand-alone system.

# **Prerequisites**

When planning the number series in the branch office following must be considered:

- The extension range must be coherent and matching the local DID number series (if local presence is used).
- MX-ONE SW must be at least version 7.0.
- The firmware level of the EX-Controller and GX-Gateway shall be at least Dgw 42.3.1032-MT with profile S100-MT-D2000-45 for GX-Gateway and STNL-MT-D2000-65 for EX-Controller.

Other considerations/restrictions:

• A SIP outbound proxy address must be assigned in the startup.cfg file, that is, the SIP outbound proxy address is the local address of the EX-Controller / GX-Gateway.

# Setting up MX-ONE for GX Controller

# **Number Analysis**

Number Analysis Data

Type of Series	Number Series
Extension Number Series	10000 - 31999 33200 - 49999 67000 - 67999
External Destination Code	068 081 – 088 321 331 81 - 88
LCR Access Code	00

#### Call Discrimination Data

Type of Series	Number Series
External/Internal Number	CDCAT Customer
Number Analysis Data	

## **Extension Data**

#### Figure 11.2: Directory Number Profile

Dir Party							ig Max Hotline				Security um	AMC Area	Vide	o BluStar	Third
Client	Supp	1 5	Seco	leve Ind Lin			Cost	t		⊺em	n Exceptio	n Code		Client Mod	SIP
11101 00	0 1	1	9	-	-			No 0810	13443	1 31110	Yes 1 013	No	No		No
11102 00	0 1	1	9			•	-	No 0810	1344:	1 31110	Yes 2 013	No	No		No
11103 00	0 0	1	9	-	-	•	-	No 0810	1344:	1 31110	Yes 3 013	No	No	•	No
11104 00	0 0	1	9	-	-	•	-	No -		1	Yes	No	No	~	No
11105 00	0 0	1	9	-		•	•	No 0810	1344:	4 31110	Yes 5 013	No	No	•	No
11106 00	0 0	1	9	-		•	-	No 0810	1344:	4 31110	Yes 6 013	No	No		No
22101 00	0	1	9			·	-	No 0820	3132	4 52211	Yes 01 031	No	No	•	No
22102 00	0 0	1	9	_	-	•	-	No 0820	3132	4 52211	Yes 102 031	No	No		No
22103 00	0 0	1	9	5		•	-	No 0820	3132	4 5221	Yes 103 031	No	No	2	No
22104 00	0 0	1	9			2	÷	Na 0820	3132	4 5221	Yes 104 031	No	No	-	Na
22105 00	0 0	1	9				×	No 0820	3132	4 5221	Yes 105 031	No	No		No
22106 00	0 0	1	9	-		÷		No 0820	3132	4 52211	Yes 106 031	No	No		No
67820 00	0 1	1	11		-	•		Na -		4	Yes	No	No		Na
67821 00	0 0	1	9			2	a.	No -		4	Yes	No	No	÷	No
67822 00	0 1	1	9	_		2	5	No -		1	Yes	No	No	ā	No

# Quat Lim Can Facture Long, May Searclan: May Search AMC Mideo BluSter Third

#### MDSH>

#### **Common Service Profile 9:**

Cust: 0 Traf: 0103151515 Serv: 1111000110010000000010000300 Cdiv: 111000111010000 Roc: 000001 Npres: 0011000 Offered Time: 0 Forced DisconnectTime: 0 CnnLog: 0 Csp Name: Standard

## **Common Service Profile 11:**

Cust: 0

Traf : 0103151515 Serv: 11113001100100000000100000300 Cdiv: 111000111010000 Roc: 000001 Npres: 0011000 Offered Time: 0 Forced DisconnectTime: 0 CnnLog: 0 Csp Name: Intrusion

# Least Cost Routing Data

Least Cost Destination Data

#### Table 11.1:

Entry	TRC	PRE	Conf
00013443111	8		Ν
00031325	8		Ν
00040598	8		Ν
00084226	7		Ν
000856867	7		Ν

#### END

Least Cost Destination Data

#### Table 11.2:

Entry	TRC	PRE	CONF	MIN	MAX	ACF
001	0		Ν	6	18	Y
002	0		Ν	6	18	Y
003	0		Ν	6	18	Y
004	0		Ν	6	18	Y
005	0		Ν	6	18	Y
006	0		Ν	6	18	Y
007	0		Ν	6	18	Y
008	0		Ν	6	18	Y
009	0		Ν	6	18	Y

#### Least Cost Destination Data

#### Table 11.3:

Entry	TRC	PRE	АССТ	FRCT	TOLL	CBCS	BTON	TNS	OSA
	5		0	1	1111111 1111111 1		0		
	5		0	2	1111111 1111111 1		0		
	5		0	3	1111111 1111111 1		0		
	4		0	4	1111111 1111111 1		0		

### END

Least Cost Destination Data

#### Table 11.4:

FRCT	TZONE	PRE
1	1	081
2	1	083
3	1	085
4	1	088

END

# **Route Data**

### ROCAP

Route Category Data

	Figure 11.3: Route Category Data										
ROU BCAP	CUST SEL	TRM	SERV	NODG	DIST	DISL	TRAF	SIG			
81 001100	7110000000000010	4	31000000	1 0	30	128	03151515	0111110000A0			
83 001100	7110000000000010	4	31000000	01 0	30	128	03151515	0111110000A0			
211 001100	71100000000000010	4	31000000	01 0	30	128	03151515	0111110000A1			

### RODAP

Route Data

#### Table 11.5:

ROU	Туре	VARC	VARI		VARO	Filter
81	TL66	H'00000000	H'0000000 0	H'00000000	NO	
83	TL66	H'00000000	H'0000000 0	H'00000000	NO	
211	TL66	H'00000000	H'0000000 0	H'00000000	NO	

### SIP ROUTE

One SIP route to each branch node is specified.

Route 81 towards BO#1 (Linköping)

route : 81

protocol = tcp

profile = Default

service = PUBLIC

uristring0 = sip:?@192.168.17.81

fromuri0 = sip:?@192.168.17.44

remoteport = 5070

accept = TRUNK\_INFO

match = user=trunk register = NO REG Route 83 towards BO#2 (Göteborg) route: 83 protocol = tcp profile = Default service = PUBLIC uristring0 = sip:?@192.168.17.83 fromuri0 = sip:?@192.168.17.44 remoteport = 5070 accept = TRUNK INFO match = user=trunk register = NO REG Route 211 towards BO#3 (Malmö) route : 211 protocol = udp profile = MXONE-tieline service = PRIVATE SERVICES uristring0 = sip:?@192.168.17.94;tgrp=BO3 fromuri0 = sip:?@192.168.17.44;tgrp=BO3 accept = ALL register = SET BY PROFILE trusted = TRUST BY PROFILE NOTE: BO#3 is only reached by SIP trunks as it is an EX controller system running an own instance of MX-ONE.

# Setting up the GX Gateway

This section describes how to setup BO#1 (Linköping). Setting up BO#2 (Göteborg) is similar, only numbering information and own IP-address is changed.

# Logon

This section describes how to setup BO#1.

Factory Reset the EX Controller and plug in the network cable to the ETH1 port on EX Controller (If DHCP is running in the network).

**NOTE:** If DHCP is not running into the network then, plug in the network cable to the ETH2 port on EX Controller and use the default IP address of 192.168.0.10 to open the EX Controller Interface.

F	igure 11.4: Login pag	e
User Name:		
Password:		
	Login	

This section describes how to setup BO#1.

- 1. Factory Reset the EX Controller and plug in the network cable to the ETH1 port on EX Controller (If DHCP is running in the network)
  - User name/password: public /
  - User name/password: admin/administrator
- 2. Plug in the analog phone in the FXS port 1 of the EX Controller and dial \*#\*0 to know the IP address of the EX Controller assigned by using DHCP server.
- 3. Log into the EX Controller by using the above-mentioned IP address and navigate as described below to configure.

## **Network Settings**

#### Host

1. Select **Network > Host** and keep the default configuration interface as mentioned below.

System	Network	SIP Proxy	SBC	ISDN	POTS	SIP	Media	Telephony	Call Ro	uter	Management	Reboot
Status	Host	Interfaces	VLAN	QoS	Local Firewall		IP Routing	Network	Firewall	NAT	DHCP Server	
	Figure 11.6: Host settings - 2											

Automatic Configuration Interface		
Automatic IPv4 config source network:	Uplink	
Automatic IPv6 config source network:	UplinkV6 🗸	

2. Change to Static IP-address and enter default Gateway (GW).

#### Figure 11.7: Changing static IP address

Figure 11 5: Host settings - 1

Default Gateway Configuration		
IPv4		
Configuration Source:	Static	
Default Gateway:	192.168.17.1	
IPv6		
Configuration Source:	Automatic IPv6 🗸	
Default Gateway:		

3. Change to static DNS server and enter IP-address or FQDN to DNS server.

#### Figure 11.8: Changing static DNS server

DNS Configuration		
Configuration Source:	Static 🗸	
Primary DNS:	10.105.64.3	
Secondary DNS:		
Third DNS:		
Fourth DNS:		

4. Change to static SNTP server, enter time server data.

#### Figure 11.9: Changing to static SNTP server

SNTP Configuration		
Configuration Source:	Static	
Static Servers:		
Primary SNTP:	pool.ntp.org	
Secondary SNTP:		
Third SNTP:		
Fourth SNTP:		
Synchronization:		
Synchronization Period:	1440	
Synchronization Period On Error:	60	

#### 5. Set the Static Time Zone.

Valid options are:

- Pacific Time (Canada and US): PST8PDT7,M3.2.0/02:00:00,M11.1.0/02:00:00
- Mountain Time (Canada and US): MST7MDT6,M3.2.0/02:00:00,M11.1.0/02:00:00
- Central Time (Canada and US): CST6CDT5,M3.2.0/02:00:00,M11.1.0/02:00:00
- Eastern Time (Canada and US): EST5EDT4,M3.2.0/02:00:00,M11.1.0/02:00:00
- Atlantic Time (Canada): AST4ADT3,M3.2.0/02:00:00,M11.1.0/02:00:00
- GMT Standard Time: GMT0DMT-1,M3.5.0/01:00:00,M10.5.0/02:00:00
- W. Europe Standard Time: WEST-1DWEST-2,M3.5.0/02:00:00,M10.5.0/03:00:00
- China Standard Time: CST-8
- Tokyo Standard Time: TST-9
- Central Australia Standard Time: CAUST-9:30DCAUST-10:30,M10.5.0/02:00:00,M3.5.0/02:00:00
- Australia Eastern Standard Time: AUSEST-10AUSDST-11,M10.5.0/02:00:00,M3.5.0/02:00:00
- UTC (Coordinated Universal Time): UTC0

#### Figure 11.10: Setting static time zone

Time Configuration		
Static Time Zone:	WEST-1DWEST-2,M3.5.0/02:00:00,M10.5.0	

6. Leave all other items as it is and click **Apply** when finished.

### Interfaces

1. Go to **Network > Interface**.

	Figure 11.11: Interface											
System	Network	SIP Proxy	SBC	ISDN	POTS	SIP	Media	Telephony	Call Rou	uter	Management	Reboot
Status	Host	Interfaces	VLAN	QoS	Local Fir	ewall	IP Routing	Network F	irewall	NAT	DHCP Server	r

2. Change Uplink to IpStatic (IPv4 Static) and enter the static IP-address and Static Default Gateway.

Figure 11.12: Changing Uplink to IpStatic

Network Interface C	twork Interface Configuration											
Name	Link	Туре	Static IP Address	Static Default Router	Activation							
Lan1	eth2-5 🗸	IpStatic (IPv4 Static)	192.168.0.10/24		Enable 🔽 😑							
Uplink	eth1 🗸	IpStatic (IPv4 Static)	192.168.17.81/24	192.168.17.1	Enable 🗸 😑							
UplinkV6	eth1 🗸	Ip6Static (IPv6 Static) 🗸			Disable 🗸 😑							
					<b>•</b>							

3. Leave all other items as it is and click Apply when ready.

**NOTE:** When the IP-address is changed the connection is lost and a new logon must be done with the new IP-address.

# **Local Firewalls**

1. Go to Network > Local Firewall.

	Figure 11.13: Local firewalls											
System	Network	SIP Proxy	SBC	ISDN	POTS	SIP	Media	Telephony	Call Rou	uter	Management	Reboot
Status	Host	Interfaces	VLAN	QoS	Local Fir	rewall	IP Routing	Network f	Firewall	NAT	DHCP Server	

2. If local firewall security is needed change default policy to Drop.

#### Figure 11.14: Changing default policy

Configuration Modified:		No
Local Firewall Configuration		
Default Policy:	Drop 🗸	
Blacklist Timeout:	60	
Blacklist Rate Limit Timeout:	60	

3. Enter the networks for which traffic can enter from.

#### Figure 11.15: Enter network traffic

	Local Firewall Rules												
	#	Activation	Source Address	Source Port	Destination Address	Destination Port	Protocol	Blacklist enable	Action	Rate Limit Value	Rate Limit Time Period		
	1	Enable 🗸	192.168.17.0/24		Uplink		All 🗸		Accept 🗸	10	60		
;	2	Enable 🗸	172.17.17.0/24		Uplink		All 🗸		Accept 🗸	10	60	<u>∧∨+−</u>	
:	3	Enable 🗸	10.105.0.0/16		Uplink		All 🗸		Accept 🗸	10	60	$\land$ $\lor$ + -	
												•	

4. Click Save or Save and Apply when ready.

## **Session Board Controller (SBC)**

### Configuration

1. Go to SBC > Configuration. The following Call Agents are present.

Figure 11.16: Call agent - 1											
System	Network	SIP Proxy	SBC	ISDN	POTS	SIP	Media	Telephony	Call Router	Management	Reboot
Status	Status Configuration Rules		ets I	Live Calls Running Config Events Registration							
	Figure 11.17: Call agent - 2										

Configuration Modified:	no

#### Figure 11.18: Call agent - 3

Call Agent Configuration								
Name	Enable	Gateway	Signaling Interface	Media Interface	Peer Host	Peer Network		
local_users_ca	$\checkmark$		uplink_s	uplink_m		0.0.0.0/0		
trunk_lines_ca	$\checkmark$	trunk_lines_gw		loop_m				
remote_users_ca			uplink_s	uplink_m			2-	
MX-One_LIM1	$\checkmark$		uplink_s	uplink_m	192.168.17.44			
MX-One_LIM2			uplink_s	uplink_m	lim2.mitel.com		2-	
							+	

- 2. Insert A-Number prefix and B-number prefix. These numbers are to be added in front of the numbers in when the GW is in survivable mode, that is, the call is routed to PSTN and thus needs to be prefixed.
- **3.** Enter the number range that is allowed in the branch in the PATTERN parameter. For example, 111[0-9][0-9]\$ means that the allowed number range in this branch is 11100 11199.

#### Figure 11.19: Parameters screen

Routing	Routing Rulesets								
Priority	Name	Parameters							
1	MX-One_local_users_failover_to_trunk	ANUMBER=013443BNUMBER=08568							
2	MX-One_to_trunk_lines	PATTERN=PATTERN=111[0-9][0-9]\$							
3	MX-One_trunk_lines_to_local_users								
4	MX-One_routes_with_basic_local_survivability_TCP								
5	MX-One_routes_with_basic_local_survivability_UDP								
		<b>•</b>							

- 4. Configure each call agent (ca).
- 5. Click to enter specific data for each call agent.

#### Local\_users\_ca

- Enter the IP-address of MX-ONE to the DOMAIN variable.
- Enter the number range that is allowed in the branch in the PATTERN parameter. For example, 111[0-9][0-9]\$ means that the allowed number range in this branch is 11100 11199.
- Insert A-Number prefix and B-number prefix. These numbers are to be added in front of the numbers in when the GW is in survivable mode, that is, the call is routed to PSTN and thus needs to be prefixed.

P

#### Figure 11.20: Configure Call Agent screen

Configure Call Agent		
	Value	
Call Agent Parameters		
Name	local_users_ca	
Enable	$\checkmark$	
Gateway	~	
Signaling Interface	uplink_s 🗸	
Media Interface	uplink_m 🗸	
Peer Host		
Peer Network	0.0.0/0	
Force Transport	None 🗸	
Monitoring and Blacklisting Parameters		
Keep-Alive Interval	0	
Blacklisting Duration	0	
Blacklisting Delay	0	
Blacklisting Error Codes		

#### Figure 11.21: Call Agent Rulesets screen

Call Age	Call Agent Rulesets								
Priority	Name	Parameters							
1	MX-One_build_RURI_survivability v	PATTERN=221[0-9][0-9]\$ DOMAIN=192.168.17.44							
2	MX-One_Appearance_Prefix	APP_PRFX=SCA-							
3	MX-One_Appearance_Prefix 🗸	APP_PRFX=EDN-							
4	MX-One_Remove_Outbound_Appearance	PATTERN=221[0-9][0-9]\$							
5	MX-One_outbound_A_Number_prefix 🗸	PATTERN=221[0-9][0-9]\$ A_PRFX=031325 PSTN_PREFIX=00							
6	MX-One_outbound_B_Number_prefix v	BNUMBER=67[0-9][0-9][0-9]\$ B_PRFX=08568							
7	MX-One_outbound_B_Number_prefix v	BNUMBER=111[0-9][0-9]\$ B_PRFX=013443							
8	MX-One_outbound_B_Number_Override	BNUMBER=330[0-9][0-9]\$ BOVERRIDE=0856867000							
9	MX-One_local_reg_users_with_survivability v	EXT_DIGIT_LENGTH=5							
			•						

#### Ruleset MX-ONE\_build\_RURI survivability (ACTIVE ONLY IN SURVIVAL MODE)

#### PATTERN=111[0-9][0-9]\$

The pattern for the internal range of numbers, in this example the internal range would be 11100 – 11199

Calls to this number range stay always local (do not send to the PSTN in survival mode)

DOMAIN=192.168.17.44

The IP of the headquarter (the main PBX), in this case 192.168.17.44

#### Ruleset: MX\_ONE\_Appearance\_Prefix (ACTIVE ONLY IN SURVIVAL MODE)

NEW: APP\_PREFIX=SCA-

This is the prefix for the usernames connected with shared appearance. In this example we have two: "SCA-" and "EDN-"

#### Ruleset: MX-ONE\_Remove\_Outbound\_Appearance (ACTIVE ONLY IN SURVIVAL MODE)

PATTERN=111[0-9][0-9]\$

This rule will remove any prefix used for Shared Call Appearance. The pattern for the internal range of numbers, in this example the internal range would be 11100 – 11199

#### Ruleset: MX-ONE\_outbound\_A\_Number\_prefix (ACTIVE ONLY IN SURVIVAL MODE)

PATTERN=111[0-9][0-9]

This defines the local numbers.

A\_PRFX=013443

This is the prefix for the local numbers used on outgoing calls to the PSTN (in this example we received a number block 013443xxxx from the PSTN provider and add the prefix on outgoing calls, so that the calling party number sent to the PSTN is correct)

#### PSTN\_PREFIX=00

Dial this prefix to break out to the PSTN. Here we have configured the "00" (not to be mixed up with the "00" for international calls!)

#### Ruleset: MX-ONE\_outbound\_B\_Number\_prefix (ACTIVE ONLY IN SURVIVAL MODE)

This ruleset applies to calls to numbers defined in BNUMBER and will add B\_PRFX to the called party number.

#### BNUMBER=67[0-9][0-9]\$

Applies to calls to the specific range of extensions,

B\_PRFX=08568

This is the prefix for the Called Party Number. In this case it was build like: National Prefix (08) + Main part of the HQ's local number: (568), in case somebody dials an extension in the HQ

#### Ruleset: MX-ONE\_outbound\_B\_Number\_Override (ACTIVE ONLY IN SURVIVAL MODE)

This ruleset applies to calls to numbers defined in BNUMBER and will use the BOVERRIDE as Called Party Number.

BNUMBER=330[0-9][0-9]\$

Applies to calls to the specific range

BOVERRIDE=0856867000

Calls to extensions like BNUMBER will be sent to BOVERRIDE, in this example they will be sent to 0856867000

#### Ruleset: MX-ONE\_local\_reg\_users\_with\_survivability

(Builds the registration cache for survivability purpose)

EXT\_DIGIT\_LENGTH=5

The length of the internal numbers, in this case set to "5", for numbers like "00001 - 99999"

1. Click **Save** when done.

#### Trunk \_ Lines \_ca

- Enter the IP-address of MX-ONE to the DOMAIN variable (in two places).
- Enter the number range that is allowed in the branch in the PATTERN parameter. For example, 111[0-9][0-9]\$ means that the allowed number range in this branch is 11100 11199.
- Insert a main extension number in MAIN\_EXT parameter, this is could be the local answering position when dialling a vacant number, and so on.
- Enter the PSTN\_PREFIX and STRIPNDIGTS, this is used to remove the public access code when dialling PSTN calls in survivable mode.

#### Figure 11.22: Trunk\_Lines\_ca

Configure Call Agent		
	Value	
Call Agent Parameters		
Name	trunk_lines_ca	
Enable		
Gateway	trunk_lines_gw 🗸	
Signaling Interface	$\sim$	
Media Interface	loop_m 🗸	
Peer Host		
Peer Network		
Force Transport	Тср 🗸	
Monitoring and Blacklisting Parameters		
Keep-Alive Interval	0	
Blacklisting Duration	0	
Blacklisting Delay	0	
Blacklisting Error Codes		

#### Figure 11.23: Trunk\_Lines\_ca Parameters

Call Age	Call Agent Rulesets								
Priority	Name	Parameters							
1	200_OK_to_SIP_OPTIONS								
2	MX-One_remove_prefix	PSTN_PREFIX=00							
3	MX-One_trunk_lines_to_reception_survivability 🗸	MAIN_EXT=11104 PATTERN=111[0-9][0-9]\$ DOMAIN=192.168.1							
4	MX-One_Set_RURI_User_Type_Parameter	USER_TYPE=trunk							
5	MX-One_build_RURI_survivability	DOMAIN=192.168.17.44							
6	MX-One_Appearance_Prefix	APP_PRFX=SCA-							
7	MX-One_Appearance_Prefix	APP_PRFX=EDN-							
8	media_relay 🗸								
			+						

#### Ruleset: MX-One\_remove\_prefix

PSTN\_PREFIX=00

This is the prefix used to dial out to the PSTN

#### Ruleset: MX-One\_trunk\_lines\_to\_reception\_survivability

An incoming call in survival mode will be sent to MAIN\_EXT destination if not reachable

MAIN\_EXT=11104

This will receive the incoming call in case the original destination is not reachable (not defined or not registered)

PATTERN=111[0-9][0-9]\$

The pattern for the internal range of numbers, in this example the internal range would be 11100 – 11199 DOMAIN=192.168.17.44

The IP of the headquarter (the main PBX), in this case 192.168.17.44

#### Ruleset: MX-One\_Set\_RURI\_User\_Type\_Parameter

Set RURI User Type Parameter

USER\_TYPE=trunk

1. Click Save when done.

#### MX-ONE\_Lim1

- 1. Enter the IP-address of the MX-ONE in the Peer Host field.
  - Figure 11.24: Peer Host field

Configure Call Agent		
	Value	
Call Agent Parameters		
Name	MX-One_LIM1	
Enable	$\searrow$	
Gateway	<b>~</b>	
Signaling Interface	uplink_s 🗸	
Media Interface	uplink_m 🗸	
Peer Host	192.168.17.44	
Peer Network		
Force Transport	None 🗸	
Monitoring and Blacklisting Parameters		
Keep-Alive Interval	30	
Blacklisting Duration	60	
Blacklisting Delay	0	
Blacklisting Error Codes		

2. Enter the IP-address of the GW in the **RURI\_HOST** parameter.

#### Figure 11.25: RURI\_HOST Parameter

Call Agent Rulesets							
Priority	Name	Parameters					
1	rewrite_RURI_host 🗸	RURI_HOST=192.168.17.81					
2	MX-One_core_side						
			<b>H</b>				

#### Ruleset: rewrite\_RURI\_host

Customize RURI host

RURI\_HOST= 192.168.17.81. This is the local IP address.

- 3. When all the changes for call agents are done, a yellow field is shown indicating that configuration has been modified.
- 4. Click Save when ready.

#### MX-ONE\_TRUNK

1. Enter the IP-address of the MX-ONE in the Peer Host field.

#### Figure 11.26: MX-ONE Trunk

Configure Call Agent		
	Value	
Call Agent Parameters		
Name	MX-One_LIM1	
Enable		
Gateway	~	
Signaling Interface	uplink_s 🗸	
Media Interface	uplink_m 🗸	
Peer Host	192.168.17.44	
Peer Network		
Force Transport	None 🗸	
Monitoring and Blacklisting Parameters		
Keep-Alive Interval	30	
Blacklisting Duration	60	
Blacklisting Delay	0	
Blacklisting Error Codes		

#### Figure 11.27: MX-ONE\_TRUNK Parameters

Call Agent Rulesets							
Priority	Name	Parameters					
1	rewrite_RURI_host 🗸	RURI_HOST=192.168.17.81					
2	MX-One_core_side 🗸						
			+				

- 2. When all the changes for call agents are done, a yellow field is shown indicating that configuration has been modified.
- 3. Click Save when ready.

#### Figure 11.28: Configuration Modified

Configuration Modified:

- 4. If the indication is not removed there are some error in the configuration.
- 5. Double check changes described above and correct them.

If ISDN trunks are used, press **Start Sensing**. The system automatically detects certain parameters, for example, number of channels.

## **Primary Rate Interface**

	Figure 11.30: Primary Rate Interface										
System	Network	SIP Proxy	SBC	ISDN	POTS	S SIP	Media	Telephony	Call Router	Management	Reboot
Status	Statistics	Primary Ra	ite Interface	Inte	rop	Timer	Services				

1. When sensing is done for several markets, specific parameters can be changed.

### Figure 11.31: Interface Configuration

Interfac	e Configuration		
	: [Configure]	E1	
Endpoint	Туре:	TE 🗸	
Clock Mo	de:	Slave 🗸	
Port Pinor	ut:	Auto 🗸	
Monitor L	ink State:	Enable 🗸	
Line Codi	ing:	HDB3 🗸	
Line Fran	ning:	CRC4 🗸	
Signaling	Protocol:	DSS1 🗸	
Network	Location:	User 🗸	
Preferred	Encoding Scheme:	G.711 a-Law 🗸	
Fallback B	Encoding Scheme:	G.711 u-Law 🗸	
Channel I	Range:	1-30	
Channels	Reserved for Incoming Calls:		
Channels	Reserved for Outgoing Calls:		
Channel	Allocation Strategy:	Ascending	
Maximum	Active Calls:	30	
Signal Inf	ormation Element:	Disable 🗸	
Inband To	one Generation:	Enable 🗸	
Inband D	TMF Dialing:	Enable 🗸	
Overlap [	Dialing:	Disable 🗸	
Calling Na	ame Max Length:	34	
Exclusive	B-Channel Selection:	Disable 🗸	
Sending	Complete:	Enable 🗸	
Send Res	start On Startup:	Enable 🗸	
Link Estal	blishment:	Permanent 🗸	
Accepted	d Status Causes:		
Accepted	d Progress Causes:	1-127	
Send Isdr	n Progress:	Send All	
Send Pro	gress Indicator IE:	Send All	
Default T	ON for Calling Party Number IE:	National	
Default N	PI for Calling Party Number IE:	Isdn Telephony 🗸	
Default P	I for Calling Party Number IE:	Presentation Allowed 🗸	
Default S	I for Calling Party Number IE:	Context Dependent	
Default T	ON for Called Party Number IE:	National	
Default N	PI for Called Party Number IE:	Isdn Telephony 🗸	
Notificatio	on User Suspended:	Ignore 🗸	

2. Click Apply and restart requested service when done.

### Interop

Figure 11.32: Interop											
System	Network	SIP Proxy	SBC	ISDN	POTS	SIP	Media	Telephony	Call Router	Management	Reboot
Status	Statistics	Primary Ra	ate Interface	Interd	op	Timer	Services				

1. You can change other parameters dependent on market.

#### Figure 11.33: Interop Configuration screen

Interop Configuration		
Progress Indicator In Setup:	Enable 🧹	
Progress Indicator In Setup Ack:	Enable 🗸	
Progress Indicator In Call Proceeding:	Enable 🧹	
Progress Indicator In Progress:	Enable 🗸	
Progress Indicator In Alerting:	Enable 🧹	
Progress Indicator In Connect:	Enable 🗸	
Maximum Facility Waiting Delay (ms):	0	
Use Implicit Inband Info:	Disable 🗸	
Call Proceeding Delay (ms):	0	
Calling Name Delivery:	Signaling Protocol 🗸	

2. Click Apply and restart requested service when done.

#### Services

Figure 11.34: Services											
System	Network	SIP Proxy	SBC	SDN	POT	s sip	Media	Telephony	Call Router	Management	Reboot
Status	Statistics	Primary Ra	te Interface	Inte	rop	Timer	Services				

1. Change other parameters dependent on market.

### Figure 11.35: Services Configuration screen

Services Configuration		
Facility Services:	Disable 🗸	
Calling Line Information Presentation:	Enable 🗸	
Calling Line Information Restriction:	Disable 🗸	
Calling Line Information Restriction Override:	Disable 🗸	
Connected Line Identification Presentation:	Enable 🤝	
Connected Line Identification Restriction:	Disable 🗸	
Connected Line Identification Restriction Override:	Disable 🗸	
Outgoing Notify:	Disable 🗸	
Maintenance Service Call Termination:	Graceful 🗸	
Date/Time IE Support:	Disable 🗸	
AOC-E Support:	No 🗸	
AOC-D Support:	No	
Call Rerouting Behavior:	Unsupported 🗸	

2. Click Apply and restart requested service when done.

# POTS

## Config

			Figure 11.36: Config											
System	Network	SIP Proxy	SBC	ISDN	POTS	SIP	Media	Telephony	Call Router	Management	Reboot			
Status	Config	FXS Configuration		FXO Configuration										

1. Set market specific data for Caller Id handling.

#### Figure 11.37: General Configuration screen

General Configuration		
Caller ID Customisation:	EtsiDtmf 🗸	
Caller ID Transmission:	First Ring 🗸	
Vocal Unit Information:	All 🗸	

2. Click **Apply** when done and restart service.

### **FXS** Configuration

#### Figure 11.38: FXS Configuration

System	Network	SIP Proxy	SBC	ISDN	POTS	SIP	Media	Telephony	Call Router	Management	Reboot
Status	Config	FXS Configuration		FXO Cont	figuration						

1. Set analog phone specific data according to market.

#### Figure 11.39: FXS Configuration screen

FXS Configuration		
Line Supervision Mode:	DropOnDisconnect 🗸	
Disconnect Delay:	0	
Auto Cancel Timeout:	0	
Inband Ringback:	Disable 🗸	
Shutdown Behavior:	Disabled Tone 🗸	
Power Drop On Disconnect Duration:	1000	
Service Activation:	Flash Hook 🗸	

#### Figure 11.40: Country Customisation screen

Country Customisation	
Override Country Configuration:	Disable 🗸
Country Override Loop Current:	30
Country Override Flash Hook Detection Range:	100-1200

2. Click Apply when done and restart service.

## SIP

### Gateways

Following gateways and port numbers are pre-defined.

Figure 11.41: Gateways													
System	Net	work	SIP	Proxy	SBC	ISDN	POTS	SIP	Media	Telephony	Call Router	Management	Reboot
Gateway	/s	Servers	s	Registra	itions	Authentic	ation	Transport	Interop	Misc			

**NOTE:** A SIP route must be defined in MX-ONE to handle traffic to and from the 'trunks\_MX-ONE' gateway.

Figure	11.42:	trunks	mx-one

Gateway Configuration							
Name	Туре	Signaling Network	Media Networks	Media Networks Suggestion	Port	Secure Port	
MX1_analog_ext	Trunk 🗸	Uplink 🗸		Suggestion 🗸	5080	0 -	
trunk_lines_gw	Trunk 🗸	Loop 🗸	Loop	Suggestion 🗸	5066	• -	
trunks_mx-one	Trunk 🗸	Uplink 🗸		Suggestion 🗸	5070	• -	
						•	

### Servers

Figure 11.43: Servers

System	Network	SIP	Proxy	SBC	ISDN	POTS	SIP	Media	Telephony	Call Router	Management	Reboot
Gatewa	ys Serv	rers	Registra	ations	Authentic	ation	Transport	Interop	Misc			

1. Enter IP-address to MX-ONE in both Registrar Host and Proxy Host fields.

Figure 11.44: Default Servers

Default Servers		
Registrar Host:	192.168.17.44	
Proxy Host:	192.168.17.44	
Messaging Server Host:		
Outbound Proxy Host:		

2. Change trunk\_lines\_gw to Yes in the drop-down list for Gateway Specific.

#### Figure 11.45: trunk\_lines\_gw

Registrar Servers	)		
Gateway	Gateway Specific	Registrar Host	
MX1_analog_ext	No 🗸	192.168.0.10:0	
trunk_lines_gw	Yes 🗸	%sbc%	
trunks_mx-one	No 🗸	192.168.0.10:0	

- 3. Enter IP-address of MX-ONE in the Proxy Host field.
- 4. Enter IP-address of the gateway in the Outbound Proxy Host field.

#### Figure 11.46: Outbound Proxy Host field

Proxy Servers				
Gateway	Gateway Specific	Proxy Host	Outbound Proxy Host	
MX1_analog_ext	Yes 🗸	192.168.17.44	192.168.17.81	
trunk_lines_gw	Yes 🗸	%sbc%	%sbc%	
trunks_mx-one	No 🗸	192.168.0.10:0	0.0.0.0:0	

- 5. Enter the IP-address of the gateway as Alternate Destination for MX1\_analog\_ext.
- 6. Enter the IP-address of MX-ONE as Alternate Destination for trunks\_mx-one.

Figure 11.47: Alternate Destination for trunks\_mx-one

K	Keep Alive Destination		
G	Gateway	Alternate Destination	
N	MX1_analog_ext	192.168.17.81	
tr	trunk_lines_gw	127.0.0.1	
tr	trunks_mx-one	192.168.17.44	

7. Click Apply when done and restart service.

### Registrations

#### Figure 11.48: Registrations

System	Network	SIP Proxy	SBC	ISDN	POTS	SIP	Media	Telephony	Call Router	Management	Reboot
Gateway	s Servers	Registra	ations	Authentic	ation	Transport	Interop	Misc			

1. Enter the extension numbers for the analog extensions.

### Figure 11.49: Endpoints Registration screen

Endpoints	Endpoints Registration									
Endpoint	User Name	Friendly Name	Register	Messaging	Gateway Name					
FX01			Disable 🗸	Disable 🗸	trunks_mx-one 🧹					
FX02			Disable 🗸	Disable 🗸	trunks_mx-one 🗸					
FX03			Disable 🗸	Disable 🗸	trunks_mx-one 🗸					
FXO4			Disable 🗸	Disable 🗸	trunks_mx-one 🗸					
FXS1	11104		Enable 🗸	Disable 🗸	MX1_analog_ext 🗸					
FXS2	11105		Enable 🗸	Disable 🗸	MX1_analog_ext 🗸					
FXS3	11106		Enable 🗸	Disable 🗸	MX1_analog_ext 🗸					
FXS4	11107		Enable 🗸	Disable 🗸	MX1_analog_ext 🗸					
PRI1			Disable 🗸	Disable 🗸	trunks_mx-one 🗸					

2. Click Apply or Apply and Refresh when done.

# Authentication

Figure 11.50: Authentication												
	System	Network	SIP Proxy	SBC	ISDN	POTS	SIP	Media	Telephony	Call Router	Management	Reboot
	Gateway	/s Serve	ers Regist	rations	Authentio	cation	Transport	Interop	Misc			

Ì

1. If password is required press for any item.

# Figure 11.51: Authentication Screen

Authenti	cation							
Priority	Criteria	Endpoint	Gateway	Username Criteria	Validate Realm	Realm	User Name	
1	Endpoint	FXS1			Disable		11104	
2	Unit				Enable			
3	Unit				Enable			
4	Unit				Enable			
5	Unit				Enable			
6	Unit				Enable			
7	Unit				Enable			
8	Unit				Enable			
9	Unit				Enable			
10	Unit				Enable			
11	Unit				Enable			
12	Unit				Enable			
13	Unit				Enable			
14	Unit				Enable			
15	Unit				Enable			
16	Unit				Enable			
17	Unit				Enable			
18	Unit				Enable			
19	Unit				Enable			
20	Unit				Enable			
				Number of	frows to add: 1			<b>=</b>

- 2. Indicate for which Endpoint and Criteria the changes are to apply.
- 3. Enter the Auth Code, in the **Password** field.
- 4. In the Validate Realm field, select Disable.

#### Figure 11.52: Validate Realm field

	Authentication										
	P	Priority	Criteria	Endpoint	Gateway	Username Criteria	Validate Realm	Realm	User Name	Password	
Γ	1		Endpoint 🗸	FXS1 🗸	~		Disable 🗸		11104	*******	

5. Click **Apply** or **Apply and Refresh Registration** when done and restart service. The result after 'Registration' and 'Authentication' should be like as follows:

Figure 11.53: Endpoints Registration Status
---

Endpoints Re	Endpoints Registration Status								
Endpoint	User Name	Gateway Name	Registrar	Status					
FXS1	11104	MX1_analog_ext	192.168.17.44:0	Registered					
FXS2	11105	MX1_analog_ext	192.168.17.44:0	Registered					
FXS3	11106	MX1_analog_ext	192.168.17.44:0	Registered					

Transport

Figure 11.54: Transport												
Syste	em N	Vetwork	SIP Proxy	SBC	ISDN	POTS	SIP	Media	Telephony	Call Router	Management	Reboot
Ga	ateways	Servers	s Registi	ations	Authentic	ation	Transport	Interop	Misc			

**1.** Enable UDP if required.

## Figure 11.55: Protocol Configuration screen

Protocol Co	Protocol Configuration									
UDP	UDP QValue	тср	TCP QValue	TLS	TLS QValue					
Enable 🗸		Enable 🗸		Disable 🗸						

2. Click Apply when done and restart service.

# Interop

#### Figure 11.56: Interop

System	Network	SI	P Proxy	SBC	ISDN	POTS	SIP	Media	Telephony	Call Router	Management	Reboot
Gateway	s Serv	/ers	Registra	tions	Authentic	ation	Transport	Interop	Misc			

- 1. Select trunk in the SIP URI User Parameter Value field.
- 2. This is used in the 'match' parameter for the SIP route in MX-ONE.

# Figure 11.57: SIP URI User Parameter Value field

SIP Interop		
Secure Header:	Disable 🗸	
Default Username Value:	Anonymous 🗸	
OPTIONS Method Support:	None	
Ignore OPTIONS on no Usuable Endpoints:	Disable 🗸	
SIP URI User Parameter Value:	trunk	
Behavior on Machine Detection:	Re-INVITE on Fax T38 Only	
Registration Contact Matching:	Strict	
Transmission Timeout:	32	

3. Click Apply or when done and restart service.

# Misc

								Figure '	11.58: Mi				
5	System	Netw	vork	SIP Proxy	SBC	ISDN	POTS	SIP	Media	Telephony	Call Router	Management	Reboot
	Gateways	s	Servers	Registr	ations	Authentic	ation	Transport	Interop	Misc			

1. Enter the IP-address of MX-ONE in the SIP Domain Override field for trunk\_lines\_gw.

Figure 11.59: Gateway Configuration field

Gateway Configuration		
Gateway Name	SIP Domain Override	
MX1_analog_ext		
trunk_lines_gw	192.168.17.44	
trunks_mx-one		

2. Click Apply when done and restart service.

# Media

# Codecs

					Fi	igure 1					
System	Network	SIP Proxy	SBC	ISDN	POTS	SIP	Media	Telephony	Call Router	Management	Reboot
Codecs	Security	RTP Statis	tics	Misc							

1. Change Codecs according to preference.

# Figure 11.61: Changing Codecs

Codec	Voice	Data	Advanced	
G.711 a-Law	Enable 🗸	Enable 🗸		
G.711 u-Law	Disable 🗸	Enable 🗸		
G.723	Disable 🗸			
G.726 16Kbps	Disable 🗸			
G.726 24Kbps	Disable 🗸			
G.726 32Kbps	Disable 🗸	Disable 🗸		
G.726 40Kbps	Disable 🗸	Disable 🗸		
G.729	Disable 🗸			
T.38		Enable 🗸		
Clear Mode	Disable 🗸	Disable 🗸		
Clear Channel	Disable 🗸	Disable 🗸	2	
X CCD	Disable 🗸	Disable 🗸		

2. Click Apply when done and restart service.

# **Call Router**

# **Route Config**

		Figure 11.62: Route Config									
System	Network	SIP Proxy	SBC	ISDN	POTS	SIP	Media	Telephony	Call Router	Management	Reboot
Status	Route Con	ifig Auto-i	routing								

1. Click for index 1. This is used if the received B-number contains a full number. That is, more digits

# than the pure DID numbers.

Figure 11.63: Routes screen

	Routes							
	Index	Sources	Criteria Property	Criteria Rule	Transformations	Signaling Properties	Destination	
	1	isdn-PRI1, isdn-PRI2, isdn-PRI3, isdn-PRI4, isdn- PRI5, isdn-PRI6, fxo-FX01, fxo-FX02, fxo- FX03, fxo-FX04	None		DID_Extension		hunt-sip	
	2	sip-trunk_lines_gw, sip-trunks_mx-one	None				hunt-Hunt1	
								<b>E</b>

2. In the **Transformations** field add a name for a transformation rule.

# Figure 11.64: Transformations field

Configure Route 1			
	Value	Suggestion	
Sources	isdn-PRI1, isdn-PRI2, isdn-PRI3, isdn-PRI4, isdn- PRI5, isdn-PRI6, fxo-FXO1, fxo-FXO2, fxo-FXO3, fxo-FXO4	Suggestion 🗸	
Criteria Property	None		
Criteria Rule		Suggestion 🗸	
Transformations	DID_Extension	Suggestion 🗸	
Signaling Properties		Suggestion 🗸	
Destination	hunt-sip	Suggestion 🗸	
Config Status			

+

- 3. Click Save.
- 4. Click in the first Call Property Transformation and enter the same name as above.
- 5. Use Called E164 for both Criteria Based On and Transformation Applies To fields.

#### Figure 11.65: Configure Transformation 1 Screen

Configure Transformation		
	Value	
Name	DID_Extension	
Criteria Based On	Called E164	
Transformation Applies To	Called E164	
Config Status		

- 6. Click Save or Save and Insert Rule.
- 7. Click in the second Call Property Transformation and enter the same name as above.
- 8. The 'Criteria Rule' in this case is 443 (111..)\$ and the transformation rule is '\1. This means that if a B-number is received containing 44311104, then the 3 first digits (443) are removed before the call is sent to MX-ONE for further processing. (111..)\$ means that the number can only be 5 digits starting with 111.

÷

Figure 11.66: Configure Transformation Rule 1 screen

Configure Transform	Configure Transformation Rule 1				
	Value	Suggestion			
Туре	Called E164 to Called E164				
Name	DID_Extension	Suggestion 🗸			
Criteria Rule	443(111 <b>\$</b> )	Suggestion 🗸			
Transformation Rule	\1	Suggestion 🗸			
Next Transformation	.::	Suggestion 🗸			
Config Status					

9. Click Save or Save and Insert Rule. Now, the 'Call Property Transformations' looks like this as shown below.

#### Figure 11.67: Transformations screen

	Transformations					
	Index	Name	Criteria Based On	Transformation Applies To		
	1	DID_Extension	Called E164	Called E164		
					<b>E</b>	
_						

Transformation Rules					
Index	Name	Criteria Rule	Transformation Rule	Next Transformation	
1	DID_Extension	443(111\$)	И		
					<b>•</b>

10. Click **Save** if the yellow indication on top of the page is ON.

# Management

# **Backup/Restore**

1. Click Activate .....

Figure 11.68: Image Configuration screen

Image Configuration			
Transfer Parameters			
File Name:	20180503_final.xml	Suggestion 🗸	
Transfer Protocol:	File 🗸		
Host Name:	0.0.0:0		
Location:			
User Name:			
Password:			
Backup Parameters			
Content:	Config And Certificates 🗸		
Privacy Parameters			
Privacy Algorithm:	None 🗸		
Privacy Key:			

2. Click Apply and Backup Now.

# File

# Figure 11.69: Internal files screen

Internal files			
Name	Description	Size	
conf/20180503_final.xml	Automatically generated on 03/05/2018 15:50:11.	264 KB	
conf/FXO_Country_Defaults.cfg	FXO Country Defaults	1 KB	
conf/FXO_North-America_3km.cfg	FXO North-America 3km	1 KB	
conf/PRI_China-DSS1.cfg	China DSS1	3 KB	
conf/PRI_Default.cfg	PRI default configuration	3 KB	
conf/PRI_NorthAmerica-NI1.cfg	North America NI1	3 KB	
conf/PRI_NorthAmerica-NI2.cfg	North America NI2	3 KB	
conf/Survivability.cfg	Configures the unit to use the SipProxy service for basic use cases.	1 KB	
sbc/rulesets/200_OK_to_SIP_OPTIONS.crs	Answer 200 OK to inbound SIP OPTIONS message	1 KB	
sbc/rulesets/MX-One_build_RURI_survivability.crs	Builds the RURI when in survivability mode	6 KB	
sbc/rulesets/MX-One_core_side.crs	Generic ruleset facing MX-One core	5 KB	
sbc/rulesets/MX-One_local_reg_users_with_survivability.crs	local registered users ruleset for MX-One with basic local calling survivability	11 KB	
sbc/rulesets/MX-One_local_users_failover_to_trunk.rrs	Failover route from local_users_ca to trunk_lines_ca	6 KB	8
sbc/rulesets/MX-One_outbound_survivability_prefix.crs	ANumber and BNumber prefix	2 KB	
sbc/rulesets/MX-One_remove_prefix.crs	Removes prefix from RURI for outbound calls	1 KB	
sbc/rulesets/MX- One_routes_with_basic_local_survivability_TCP.rrs	MX-One - Basic Routes with Survivability	23 KB	
sbc/rulesets/MX- One_routes_with_basic_local_survivability_UDP.rrs	MX-One - Basic Routes with Survivability	21 KB	
sbc/rulesets/MX-One_to_trunk_lines.rrs	Route from MX-One servers to trunk lines	5 KB	
sbc/rulesets/MX-One_trunk_lines_to_local_users.rrs	Route from trunk_lines_ca to local_users_ca	3 KB	
sbc/rulesets/MX-One_trunk_lines_to_reception_survivability.crs	Forwards trunk calls to reception number in survivability	2 KB	
sbc/rulesets/rewrite_RURI_host.crs	Customize RURI host	1 KB	
21 file(s)	Total: 366 KB / Available: 6 GB		

Find the previously made backup image

Öppnar 20180503_final.xm	l	×			
Du har valt att öppna:					
20180503_final.xn	nl				
som är en fil av typ	en: XML Document (264 kB)				
från: http://192.168	3.17.81				
Vad vill du att Firefox gö	r med denna fil?				
Oppna med Int	ernet Explorer (standard) V				
○ <u>S</u> para fil					
<u>G</u> ör detta automatiskt för denna filtyp i fortsättningen.					
	OK Avbryt				

# Setting up MX-ONE for an EX Controller

The setting up of MX-ONE is not described in this document since it does not differ from an ordinary MX-ONE setup.

# Setting up EX Controller

# Logon

This section describes how to setup BO#1.

Factory Reset the EX Controller and plug in the network cable to the ETH1 port on EX Controller (If DHCP is running in the network).

**NOTE:** If DHCP is not running into the network then, plug in the network cable to the ETH2 port on EX Controller and use the default IP address of 192.168.0.10 to open the EX Controller Interface.

	Figure 11./1: Log	Figure 11.71: Logon screen						
User Name:								
Password:								
		Login						

44.74.1 -----

This section describes how to setup BO#1.

- 1. Factory Reset the EX Controller and plug in the network cable to the ETH1 port on EX Controller (If DHCP is running in the network).
  - User name/password: public /
  - User name/password: admin/administrator
- 2. Plug in the analog phone in the FXS port 1 of the EX Controller and dial \*#\*0 to know the IP address of the EX Controller assigned by using DHCP server.
- 3. Log into the EX Controller by using the above-mentioned IP address and navigate as described below to configure.

# **Network Settings**

## Host

1. Select **Network > Host** and keep the default configuration interface as mentioned below.

	Figure 11.72: Host screen											
System	Network	SIP Proxy	SBC	ISDN	POTS	SIP	Media	Telephony	Call Rou	uter	Management	Reboot
Status	Host	Interfaces	VLAN	QoS	Local Fir	ewall	IP Routing	Network f	Firewall	NAT	DHCP Serve	r

#### Figure 11.73: Automatic Configuration Interface

Automatic Configuration Interface		
Automatic IPv4 config source network:	Uplink 🗸	
Automatic IPv6 config source network:	UplinkV6 🗸	

2. Change to Static IP-address and enter default Gateway (GW).

#### Figure 11.74: Default Gateway Configuration

Default Gateway Configuration		
IPv4		
Configuration Source:	Static	
Default Gateway:	192.168.17.1	
IPv6		
Configuration Source:	Automatic IPv6 🗸	
Default Gateway:		

3. Change to static DNS server and enter IP-address or FQDN to DNS server.

#### Figure 11.75: DNS Configuration screen

DNS Configuration		
Configuration Source:	Static 🗸	
Primary DNS:	10.105.64.3	
Secondary DNS:		
Third DNS:		
Fourth DNS:		

4. Change to static SNTP server and enter time server data.

#### Figure 11.76: SNTP Configuration

SNTP Configuration		
Configuration Source:	Static	
Static Servers:		
Primary SNTP:	pool.ntp.org	
Secondary SNTP:		
Third SNTP:		
Fourth SNTP:		
Synchronization:		
Synchronization Period:	1440	
Synchronization Period On Error:	60	

- 5. Set the Static Time Zone. Valid options are:
  - Pacific Time (Canada and US): PST8PDT7,M3.2.0/02:00:00,M11.1.0/02:00:00
  - Mountain Time (Canada and US): MST7MDT6,M3.2.0/02:00:00,M11.1.0/02:00:00
  - Central Time (Canada and US): CST6CDT5,M3.2.0/02:00:00,M11.1.0/02:00:00
  - Eastern Time (Canada and US): EST5EDT4,M3.2.0/02:00:00,M11.1.0/02:00:00
  - Atlantic Time (Canada): AST4ADT3,M3.2.0/02:00:00,M11.1.0/02:00:00
  - GMT Standard Time: GMT0DMT-1,M3.5.0/01:00:00,M10.5.0/02:00:00
  - W. Europe Standard Time: WEST-1DWEST-2,M3.5.0/02:00:00,M10.5.0/03:00:00
  - China Standard Time: CST-8
  - Tokyo Standard Time: TST-9
  - Central Australia Standard Time: CAUST-9:30DCAUST-10:30,M10.5.0/02:00:00,M3.5.0/02:00:00
  - Australia Eastern Standard Time: AUSEST-10AUSDST-11,M10.5.0/02:00:00,M3.5.0/02:00:00
  - UTC (Coordinated Universal Time): UTC0

### Figure 11.77: Time Configuration screen

Time Configuration		
Static Time Zone:	WEST-1DWEST-2,M3.5.0/02:00:00,M10.5.0	

6. Leave all other items as it is and click **Apply** when finished.

# Interfaces

1. Go to Network > Interface.

					Figure	11.78	Interface	s screen				
System	Network	SIP Proxy	SBC	ISDN	POTS	SIP	Media	Telephony	Call Rou	iter	Management	Reboot
Status	Host	Interfaces	VLAN	QoS	Local Fir	ewall	IP Routing	Network Fir	rewall	NAT	DHCP Server	

2. Change Uplink to IpStatic (IPv4 Static) and enter the static IP-address and Static Default Gateway.

Figure 11.79: Network Interface Configuration

Network Interfac	etwork Interface Configuration									
Name	Link Type	Static IP Addres	ss Static Default Router	Activation						
Lan1	eth2-5 🗸 IpStatic (	Pv4 Static) v 192.168.0.10/24		Enable 🗸 😑						
Uplink	eth1 🗸 IpStatic (	Pv4 Static) 192.168.17.81/24	4 192.168.17.1	Enable 🔽 😑						
UplinkV6	eth1 🗸 Ip6Static	(IPv6 Static)		Disable 🧹 😑						
				<b>=</b>						

3. Leave all other items as it is and click **Apply** when ready.

# **Local Firewalls**

1. Go to **Network > Local Firewall**.

# Figure 11.80: Local Firewall screen

System	Network	SIP Proxy	SBC	ISDN	POTS	SIP	Media	Telephony	Call Rou	ıter	Management	Reboot
Status	Host	Interfaces	VLAN	QoS	Local Fire	ewall	IP Routing	Network F	irewall	NAT	DHCP Server	

2. If local firewall security is needed, change default policy to Drop.

#### Figure 11.81: Local Firewall Configuration screen

Configuration Modified:		No
Local Firewall Configuration		
Default Policy:	Drop 🗸	
Blacklist Timeout:	60	
Blacklist Rate Limit Timeout:	60	

3. Enter the networks for which traffic can enter from.

#### Figure 11.82: Local Firewall Rules screen

l	Local Firewall Rules											
#	Activation	Source Address	Source Port	Destination Address	Destination Port	Protocol	Blacklist enable	Action	Rate Limit Value	Rate Limit Time Period		
1	Enable	192.168.17.0/24		Uplink		All 🗸		Accept 🗸	10	60		
2	Enable	172.17.17.0/24		Uplink		All 🗸		Accept 🗸	10	60	<u>∧∨+−</u>	
3	Enable	10.105.0.0/16		Uplink		All 🗸		Accept 🗸	10	60	$\land$ +-	
											•	

4. Click Save or Save and Apply when ready.

# SBC

# Configuration

1. Go to SBC > Configuration. The following Call Agents are present.

#### Figure 11.83: SBC Configuration screen

System	Network	SIP Proxy	SBC	ISDN	POTS	SIP	Media	Telephony	Call Router	Management	Reboot
Status	Configurati	on Rules	ets	Live Calls	Running	Config	Events	Registration			

#### Figure 11.84: Call Agent Configuration screen

Call Agent Configuration								
Name	Enable	Gateway	Signaling Interface	Media Interface	Peer Host	Peer Network		
local_users_ca	$\checkmark$		uplink_s	uplink_m		0.0.0.0/0	2 -	
trunk_lines_ca	$\checkmark$	trunk_lines_gw		loop_m				
remote_users_ca			uplink_s	uplink_m			2-	
MX-One_LIM1			uplink_s	uplink_m	192.168.17.93			
MX-One_LIM2			uplink_s	uplink_m	lim2.mitel.com			
MX-ONE-trunk			trunk_s	uplink_m	192.168.17.93			
							•	

- 2. Insert A-Number prefix and B-number prefix. These numbers are to be added in front of the numbers when the GW is in survivable mode. That is, the call is routed to PSTN and thus needs to be prefixed.
- **3.** Enter the number range that is allowed in the branch in the PATTERN parameter. For example, 321[0-9][0-9]\$ means that the allowed number range in this branch is 32100 32199.

#### Figure 11.85: Routing Rulesets screen

Routing	Routing Rulesets						
Priority	Name	Parameters					
1	MX-One_local_users_failover_to_trunk	ANUMBER=013443BNUMBER=08568					
2	MX-One_to_trunk_lines	PATTERN=PATTERN=111[0-9][0-9]\$					
3	MX-One_trunk_lines_to_local_users						
4	MX-One_routes_with_basic_local_survivability_TCP						
5	MX-One_routes_with_basic_local_survivability_UDP 🗸						

- 4. Configure each call agent (ca).
- 5. Click to enter specific data for each call agent.

# Local\_users\_ca

- Enter the IP-address of MX-ONE to the DOMAIN variable.
- Enter the number range that is allowed in the branch in the PATTERN parameter. For example, 321[0-9][0-9]\$ means that the allowed number range in this branch is 32100 32199.
- Insert A-Number prefix and B-number prefix. These numbers are to be added in front of the numbers when the GW is in survivable mode. That is, the call is routed to PSTN and thus needs to be prefixed.

P

# Figure 11.86: Configure Call Agent screen

Configure Call Agent		
	Value	
Call Agent Parameters		
Name	local_users_ca	
Enable	$\searrow$	
Gateway	~	
Signaling Interface	uplink_s 🗸	
Media Interface	uplink_m 🗸	
Peer Host		
Peer Network	0.0.0/0	
Force Transport	None 🗸	
Monitoring and Blacklisting Parameters		
Keep-Alive Interval	0	
Blacklisting Duration	0	
Blacklisting Delay	0	
Blacklisting Error Codes		

#### Figure 11.87: Call Agent Rulesets

Call Age	III Agent Rulesets							
Priority	Name		Parameters					
1	MX-One_build_RURI_survivability	$\sim$	PATTERN=321[0-9][0-9]\$ DOMAIN=192.168.17.94					
2	MX-One_Appearance_Prefix	$\sim$	APP_PRFX=SCA-					
3	MX-One_Appearance_Prefix	$\sim$	APP_PRFX=EDN-					
4	MX-One_Remove_Outbound_Appearance	$\sim$	PATTERN=321[0-9][0-9]\$					
5	MX-One_outbound_A_Number_prefix	$\sim$	PATTERN=321[0-9][0-9]\$ A_PRFX=anumber_prefix PSTN_PREf					
6	MX-One_outbound_B_Number_prefix	$\sim$	BNUMBER=67[0-9][0-9][0-9]\$ B_PRFX=08568					
7	MX-One_outbound_B_Number_prefix	$\sim$	BNUMBER=111[0-9][0-9]\$ B_PRFX=013443					
8	MX-One_outbound_B_Number_prefix	$\sim$	BNUMBER=221[0-9][0-9]\$ B_PRFX= 031325					
9	MX-One_outbound_B_Number_Override	$\sim$	BNUMBER=440[0-9][0-9]\$ BOVERRIDE=0856867000					
10	MX-One_local_reg_users_with_survivability	$\sim$	EXT_DIGIT_LENGTH=5					
				+				

# Ruleset MX-One\_build\_RURI survivability (ACTIVE ONLY IN SURVIVAL MODE)

PATTERN=111[0-9][0-9]\$

The pattern for the internal range of numbers, in this example the internal range would be 11100 – 11199

Calls to this number range stay always local (would not send to the PSTN in survival mode)

## DOMAIN=192.168.17.94

The IP-address of the MX-ONE instance running on the VM, in this case 192.168.17.94

# Ruleset: MX\_One\_Appearance\_Prefix (ACTIVE ONLY IN SURVIVAL MODE)

NEW: APP\_PREFIX=SCA-

This is the prefix for the usernames connected with shared appearance. In this example, you have two: "SCA-" and "EDN-"

# Ruleset: MX-One\_Remove\_Outbound\_Appearance (ACTIVE ONLY IN SURVIVAL MODE)

# PATTERN=321[0-9][0-9]\$

This rule removes any prefix used for Shared Call Appearance. The pattern for the internal range of numbers, in this example the internal range would be 32100 – 32199

# Ruleset: MX-One\_outbound\_A\_Number\_prefix (ACTIVE ONLY IN SURVIVAL MODE)

PATTERN=321[0-9][0-9]

This defines the local numbers.

A\_PRFX=040598

This is the prefix for the local numbers used on outgoing calls to the PSTN (in this example, received a number block 013443xxxxx from the PSTN provider and add the prefix on outgoing calls, so that the calling party number sent to the PSTN is correct)

# PSTN\_PREFIX=00

Dial this prefix to break out to the PSTN. Here, you need to configure the "00" (not to be mixed up with the "00" for international calls!)

# Ruleset: MX-One\_outbound\_B\_Number\_prefix (ACTIVE ONLY IN SURVIVAL MODE)

This ruleset applies to calls to numbers defined in BNUMBER and will add B\_PRFX to the called party number.

#### BNUMBER=67[0-9][0-9]\$

Applies to calls to the specific range of extensions,

## B\_PRFX=08568

This is the prefix for the Called Party Number. In this case, it was build like: National Prefix (08) + Main part of the HQ's local number: (568), in case somebody dials an extension in the HQ.

# Ruleset: MX-One\_outbound\_B\_Number\_Override (ACTIVE ONLY IN SURVIVAL MODE

This ruleset applies to calls to numbers defined in BNUMBER and will use the BOVERRIDE as Called Party Number.

#### BNUMBER=440[0-9][0-9]\$

Applies to calls to the specific range

#### BOVERRIDE=0856867000

Calls to extensions like BNUMBER will be sent to BOVERRIDE, in this example they will be sent to 0856867000

#### Ruleset: MX-One\_local\_reg\_users\_with\_survivability

(Builds the registration cache for survivability purpose)

#### EXT\_DIGIT\_LENGTH=5

The length of the internal numbers, in this case set to "5", for numbers like "00001 – 99999"

1. Click Save when done.

#### Trunk\_Lines\_ca

- Enter the IP-address of MX-ONE to the DOMAIN variable (in two places).
- Enter the number range that is allowed in the branch in the PATTERN parameter. For example, 321[0-9][0-9]\$ means that the allowed number range in this branch is 32100 32199.
- Insert a main extension number in MAIN\_EXT parameter, this is could be the local answering position when dialling a vacant number, and so on.
- Enter the PSTN\_PREFIX and STRIPNDIGTS, this is used to remove the public access code when dialling PSTN calls in survivable mode.

Figure 11.88: Configure Call Agent scr	een
--	-----

Configure Call Agent		
	Value	
Call Agent Parameters		
Name	trunk_lines_ca	
Enable	$\checkmark$	
Gateway	trunk_lines_gw 🗸	
Signaling Interface	$\sim$	
Media Interface	loop_m 🗸	
Peer Host		
Peer Network		
Force Transport	Тср 🗸	
Monitoring and Blacklisting Parameters		
Keep-Alive Interval	0	
Blacklisting Duration	0	
Blacklisting Delay	0	
Blacklisting Error Codes		

#### Figure 11.89: Call Agent Rulesets

Call Ager	II Agent Rulesets						
Priority	Name	Parameters					
1	200_OK_to_SIP_OPTIONS						
2	MX-One_remove_prefix V	PSTN_PREFIX=00					
3	MX-One_trunk_lines_to_reception_survivability	MAIN_EXT=11104 PATTERN=111[0-9][0-9]\$ DOMAIN=192.168.1					
4	MX-One_Set_RURI_User_Type_Parameter	USER_TYPE=trunk					
5	MX-One_build_RURI_survivability	DOMAIN=192.168.17.44					
6	MX-One_Appearance_Prefix	APP_PRFX=SCA-					
7	MX-One_Appearance_Prefix	APP_PRFX=EDN-					
8	media_relay						
			•				

# Ruleset: MX-One\_remove\_prefix

PSTN\_PREFIX=00

This is the prefix used to dial out to the PSTN

# Ruleset: MX-One\_trunk\_lines\_to\_reception\_survivability

An incoming call in survival mode will be sent to MAIN\_EXT destination if not reachable

MAIN\_EXT=11104

This will receive the incoming call in case the original destination is not reachable (not defined or not registered)

PATTERN=321[0-9][0-9]\$

The pattern for the internal range of numbers, in this example the internal range would be 32100 - 32199

DOMAIN=192.168.17.94

The IP of the headquarter (the main PBX), in this case 192.168.17.94

# Ruleset: MX-One\_Set\_RURI\_User\_Type\_Parameter

Set RURI User Type Parameter

# USER\_TYPE=trunk

1. Click **Save** when done.

# MX-ONE\_Lim1

1. Enter the IP-address of the MX-ONE in the **Peer Host** field.

Figure	11.90:	Peer	Host	field
--------	--------	------	------	-------

Configure Call Agent		
	Value	
Call Agent Parameters		
Name	MX-One_LIM1	
Enable		
Gateway	×	
Signaling Interface	uplink_s 🗸	
Media Interface	uplink_m 🗸	
Peer Host	192.168.17.94	
Peer Network		
Force Transport	None 🗸	
Monitoring and Blacklisting Parameters		
Keep-Alive Interval	0	
Blacklisting Duration	0	
Blacklisting Delay	0	
Blacklisting Error Codes		

2. Enter the IP-address of the GW in the **RURI\_HOST** parameter.

## Figure 11.91: RURI\_HOST parameter

Call Age	nt Rulesets		
Priority	Name	Parameters	
1	rewrite_RURI_host	RURI_HOST=192.168.17.85	
2	MX-One_core_side		
			<b>+</b>

# Ruleset: rewrite\_RURI\_host

Customize RURI host

RURI\_HOST= 192.168.17.85. This is the local IP address.

1. Click Save when ready.

#### MX-ONE\_TRUNK

1. Enter the IP-address of the MX-ONE in the **Peer Host** field.

```
Figure 11.92: Call Agent Parameters
```

Configure Call Agent		
	Value	
Call Agent Parameters		
Name	MX-One-trunk	
Enable		
Gateway	<b></b>	
Signaling Interface	trunk_s 🗸	
Media Interface	uplink_m 🗸	
Peer Host	192.168.17.94	
Peer Network		
Force Transport	None 🗸	
Monitoring and Blacklisting Parameters		
Keep-Alive Interval	0	
Blacklisting Duration	0	
Blacklisting Delay	0	
Blacklisting Error Codes		

Figure 11.93: Call Agent Rulesets

Call Age	nt Rulesets		
Priority	Name	Parameters	
1	media_relay		
2	MX-One_core_side		
			+

- 2. When all the changes for call agents are done, a yellow field is shown indicating that configuration has been modified.
- 3. Click Save when ready.

Figure 11.94: Configuration Modified screen



- 4. If the indication is not removed there are some error in the configuration.
- 5. Double check changes described above and correct them.

# ISDN



If ISDN trunks are used the first action to do is to click **Start Sensing**. The system automatically detects certain parameters, for example, number of channels.

# **Primary Rate Interface**



1. When sensing is done for several markets, specific parameters can be changed.

Interface Configuration	
Line Type: [Configure]	E1
Endpoint Type:	TE 🗸
Clock Mode:	Slave 🗸
Port Pinout:	Auto 🗸
Monitor Link State:	Enable 🗸
Line Coding:	HDB3 🗸
Line Framing:	CRC4 🗸
Signaling Protocol:	DSS1 V
Network Location:	User
Preferred Encoding Scheme:	G.711 a-Law 🗸
Fallback Encoding Scheme:	G.711 u-Law 🗸
Channel Range:	1-30
Channels Reserved for Incoming Calls:	
Channels Reserved for Outgoing Calls:	
Channel Allocation Strategy:	Ascending
Maximum Active Calls:	30
Signal Information Element:	Disable 🗸
Inband Tone Generation:	Enable 🗸
Inband DTMF Dialing:	Enable 🗸
Overlap Dialing:	Disable 🗸
Calling Name Max Length:	34
Exclusive B-Channel Selection:	Disable 🗸
Sending Complete:	Enable 🗸
Send Restart On Startup:	Enable 🗸
Link Establishment:	Permanent 🗸
Accepted Status Causes:	
Accepted Progress Causes:	1-127
Send Isdn Progress:	Send All
Send Progress Indicator IE:	Send All
Default TON for Calling Party Number IE:	National
Default NPI for Calling Party Number IE:	Isdn Telephony 🗸
Default PI for Calling Party Number IE:	Presentation Allowed
Default SI for Calling Party Number IE:	Context Dependent
Default TON for Called Party Number IE:	National
Default NPI for Called Party Number IE:	Isdn Telephony 🗸
Notification User Suspended:	Ignore 🗸

1. Click Apply and restart requested service when done.

# Interop

Figure 11.97: Interop screen											
System	Network	SIP Proxy	SBC	ISDN	POT	s sip	Media	Telephony	Call Router	Management	Reboot
Status	Statistics	Primary Ra	ite Interface	e In	terop	Timer	Services				

1. You can change other parameters dependent on market.

Figure 11.98: Interop Configuration screen										
Interop Configuration										
Progress Indicator In Setup:	Enable 🗸									
Progress Indicator In Setup Ack:	Enable 🗸									
Progress Indicator In Call Proceeding:	Enable 🗸									
Progress Indicator In Progress:	Enable 🗸									
Progress Indicator In Alerting:	Enable 🗸									
Progress Indicator In Connect:	Enable 🗸									
Maximum Facility Waiting Delay (ms):	0									
Use Implicit Inband Info:	Disable 🗸									
Call Proceeding Delay (ms):	0									
Calling Name Delivery:	Signaling Protocol 🗸									

2. Click Apply and restart requested service when done.

# Services



1. Change other parameters dependent on market.

## Figure 11.100: Services Configuration screen

Services Configuration	
Facility Services:	Disable 🗸
Calling Line Information Presentation:	Enable
Calling Line Information Restriction:	Disable 🗸
Calling Line Information Restriction Override:	Disable 🗸
Connected Line Identification Presentation:	Enable 🗸
Connected Line Identification Restriction:	Disable 🗸
Connected Line Identification Restriction Override:	Disable 🗸
Outgoing Notify:	Disable 🗸
Maintenance Service Call Termination:	Graceful 🗸
Date/Time IE Support:	Disable
AOC-E Support:	No
AOC-D Support:	No
Call Rerouting Behavior:	Unsupported 🗸

2. Click Apply and restart requested service when done.

# POTS

# Config

Figure 11.101: Config screen											
System	Network	SIP Proxy	SBC	ISDN	POTS	SIP	Media	Telephony	Call Router	Management	Reboot
Status	Config	FXS Configu	ration	FXO Con	FXO Configuration						

1. Set market specific data for Caller Id handling.

## Figure 11.102: General Configuration screen

General Configuration		
Caller ID Customisation:	EtsiDtmf 🗸	
Caller ID Transmission:	First Ring 🗸	
Vocal Unit Information:	All 🗸	

2. Click Apply when done and restart service.

# **FXS** Configuration

#### Figure 11.103: POTS FXS Configuration screen

System	Network	SIP Proxy	SBC	ISDN	POTS	SIP	Media	Telephony	Call Router	Management	Reboot
Status	Config	FXS Configur	ation	FXO Cont	figuration						

1. Set analog phone specific data according to market.

#### Figure 11.104: FXS Configuration screen

FXS Configuration		
Line Supervision Mode:	DropOnDisconnect 🗸	
Disconnect Delay:	0	
Auto Cancel Timeout:	0	
Inband Ringback:	Disable 🗸	
Shutdown Behavior:	Disabled Tone 🗸	
Power Drop On Disconnect Duration:	1000	
Service Activation:	Flash Hook 🗸	

#### Figure 11.105: Country Customisation screen

Country Customisation		ł
Override Country Configuration:	Disable 🗸	
Country Override Loop Current:	30	
Country Override Flash Hook Detection Range:	100-1200	

2. Click Apply when done and restart service.

Network

# SIP

# Gateways

System

Gateways

Following gateways and port numbers are pre-defined.

# Figure 11.106: Gateways screen SIP Proxy SBC ISDN POTS SIP Media Telephony Call Router Management

Misc

Reboot

**NOTE:** A SIP route must be defined in MX-ONE to handle traffic to and from the 'trunks\_MX-ONE' gateway.

#### Figure 11.107: Gateway Configuration screen

Gateway Configuration							
Name	Туре	Signaling Network	Media Networks	Media Networks Suggestion	Port	Secure Port	
MX1_analog_ext	Trunk 🗸	Uplink 🗸		Suggestion 🗸	5080	0 -	
trunk_lines_gw	Trunk 🗸	Loop 🗸	Loop	Suggestion 🗸	5066	•	
trunks_mx-one	Trunk 🗸	Uplink 🗸		Suggestion 🗸	5070	0 -	
						•	

## Servers

#### Figure 11.108: Servers screen

System	Network	SIP Proxy	SBC	ISDN POT	S SIP	Media T	Telephony	Call Router	Management	Reboot
Gateways	s Servers	Registrat	tions	Authentication	Transport	Interop	Misc			

1. Enter IP-address to MX-ONE in both **Registrar Host** and **Proxy Host** fields.

Figure 11.109: Default Servers screen

Default Servers		
Registrar Host:	192.168.17.44	
Proxy Host:	192.168.17.44	
Messaging Server	Host:	
Outbound Proxy Ho	st:	

2. Change trunk\_lines\_gw to Yes in the drop-down list for Gateway Specific.

Figure 11.110: Registrar Servers screen

Registrar Servers	3	
Gateway	Gateway Specific	Registrar Host
MX1_analog_ext	No 🗸	192.168.0.10:0
trunk_lines_gw	Yes 🗸	%sbc%
trunks_mx-one	No 🗸	192.168.0.10:0

- 3. Enter IP-address of MX-ONE in the **Proxy Host** field.
- 4. Enter IP-address of the gateway in the Outbound Proxy Host.

#### Figure 11.111: Proxy Servers screen

Proxy Servers				
Gateway	Gateway Specific	Proxy Host	Outbound Proxy Host	
MX1_analog_ext	Yes 🗸	192.168.17.44	192.168.17.81	
trunk_lines_gw	Yes 🗸	%sbc%	%sbc%	
trunks_mx-one	No 🗸	192.168.0.10:0	0.0.0:0	

- 5. Enter the IP-address of the gateway as Alternate Destination for MX1\_analog\_ext.
- 6. Enter the IP-address of MX-ONE as Alternate Destination for trunks\_mx-one.

# Figure 11.112: Keep Alive Destination screen

Keep Alive Destination		
Gateway	Alternate Destination	
MX1_analog_ext	192.168.17.85	
trunk_lines_gw	127.0.0.1	
trunks_mx-one	192.168.17.94	

7. Click **Apply** when done and restart service.

# Registrations

					Figu	i <b>re 1</b> 1	I.113: F	Regist	rations	screen		
System	Ne	twork	SIP Proxy	SBC	ISDN	POTS	SIP	Media	Telephony	Call Router	Management	Reboot
Gatew	ays	Servers	Registra	ations	Authentic	ation	Transport	Interop	Misc			

1. Enter the extension numbers for the analog extensions.

# Figure 11.114: Endpoints Registration screen

Endpoints Reg	gistration					
Endpoint Us	ser Name	Friendly Name	Register	Messaging	Gateway Name	
Slot1/E1T1			Disable 🗸	Disable 🗸	trunks_mx-one 🗸	
Slot2/E1T1			Disable 🗸	Disable 🗸	trunks_mx-one 🗸	
Slot3/FXS1 32	2104		Enable 🗸	Disable 🗸	MX1_analog_ext 🗸	
Slot3/FXS2 32	2105		Enable 🗸	Disable 🗸	MX1_analog_ext 🗸	
Slot3/FXS3 32	2106		Enable 🗸	Disable 🗸	MX1_analog_ext 🗸	
Slot3/FXS4 32	2107		Disable 🗸	Disable 🗸	MX1_analog_ext 🗸	
Slot4/E1T1			Disable 🗸	Disable 🗸	trunks_mx-one 🗸	
Slot5/E1T1			Disable 🗸	Disable 🗸	trunks_mx-one 🗸	

2. Click Apply or Apply and Refresh when done.

# Authentication



P

1. If password is required, click for any item.

Authenti	cation								
Priority	Criteria	Endpoint	Gateway	Username Criteria	Validate Realm	Realm	User Name		
1	Endpoint	FXS1			Disable		11104		
2	Unit				Enable				
3	Unit				Enable				
4	Unit				Enable				
5	Unit				Enable				
6	Unit				Enable				
7	Unit				Enable				
8	Unit				Enable				
9	Unit				Enable				
10	Unit				Enable				
11	Unit				Enable				
12	Unit				Enable				
13	Unit				Enable				
14	Unit				Enable				
15	Unit				Enable				
16	Unit				Enable				
17	Unit				Enable				
18	Unit				Enable				
19	Unit				Enable				
20	Unit				Enable				
				Number of	rows to add: 1			<del>1</del>	

- 2. Indicate for which Endpoint and Criteria changes are applicable.
- 3. Enter the Auth Code, in the **Password** field.
- 4. Disable Validate Realm.

	Auther	tication							
	Priority	Criteria	Endpoint	Gateway	Username Criteria	Validate Realm	Realm	User Name	Password
ſ	1	Endpoint 🗸	Slot3/FXS1 🗸	~		Disable 🗸		32104	****

5. Click **Apply** or **Apply and Refresh Registration** when done and restart service. The result after 'Registration' and 'Authentication' should be like as follows.

Figure 11.118:	Endpoints	Registration screer	۱

Endpoints Reg	Endpoints Registration Status						
Endpoint	User Name	Gateway Name	Registrar	Status			
Slot3/FXS1	32104	MX1_analog_ext	192.168.17.93:0	Registered			
Slot3/FXS2	32105	MX1_analog_ext	192.168.17.93:0	Registered			
Slot3/FXS3	32106	MX1_analog_ext	192.168.17.93:0	Registered			

# Transport

## Figure 11.119: Transport screen

S	ystem	Network	SIP	Proxy	SBC	ISDN	POTS	SIP	Media	Telephony	Call Router	Management	Reboot
	Gateways	s Serve	rs	Registr	ations	Authenti	cation	Transport	Interop	Misc			

1. Enable UDP if required.

#### Figure 11.120: Protocol Configuration screen

Protocol Conf	iguration					
UDP	UDP QValue	тср	TCP QValue	TLS	TLS QValue	
Enable 🗸		Enable 🗸		Disable 🗸		

2. Click **Apply** when done and restart service.

# Misc

# Figure 11.121: Misc screen

System	Network	SIP Proxy	SBC	ISDN	POTS	SIP	Media	Telephony	Call Router	Management	Reboot
Gateways	s Serve	rs Regis	trations	Authentic	ation	Transport	Interop	Misc			

1. Enter the IP-address of MX-ONE in the SIP Domain Override filed for trunk\_lines\_gw.

Figure 11.122: Gateway Configuration screen

Gateway Configuration		
Gateway Name	SIP Domain Override	
MX1_analog_ext		
trunk_lines_gw	192.168.17.94	
trunks_mx-one		

2. Click Apply when done and restart service.

# Media

# Codecs

				F	igure	11.1	23: Co	decs sc	reen		
System	Network	SIP Proxy	SBC	ISDN	POTS	SIP	Media	Telephony	Call Router	Management	Reboot
Codecs	Security	RTP Statis	stics	Misc							

1. Change Codecs according to preference.

# Figure 11.124: Changing Codecs

	-		0 0	
Codec	Voice	Data	Advanced	
G.711 a-Law	Enable 🗸	Enable 🗸		
G.711 u-Law	Disable 🗸	Enable 🗸		
G.723	Disable 🗸			
G.726 16Kbps	Disable 🗸			
G.726 24Kbps	Disable 🗸			
G.726 32Kbps	Disable 🗸	Disable 🗸		
G.726 40Kbps	Disable 🗸	Disable 🗸		
G.729	Disable 🗸			
T.38		Enable 🗸		
Clear Mode	Disable 🗸	Disable 🗸		
Clear Channel	Disable 🗸	Disable 🗸		
X CCD	Disable 🗸	Disable 🗸		

2. Click **Apply** when done and restart service.

# Call Router

# **Route Config**



1. Click for index 1. This is used if the received B-number contains a full number. That is, more digits

than the pure DID numbers.

ik 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	Sources isdn-Slot1/E1T1, isdn-Slot2/E1T1, isdn- Slot3/E1T1, isdn-Slot4/E1T1, isdn-Slot5/E1T1, isdn-Slot5/E1T1, isdn-Slot7/E1T1, isdn- Slot3/E1T1, r2-Slot4/E1T1, r2-Slot5/E1T1, r2- Slot3/E1T1, r2-Slot4/E1T1, r2-Slot5/E1T1, r2- Slot3/E1T1, r2-Slot4/E1T1, r2-Slot5/E1T1, r2- Slot5/E1T1, r2-Slot4/E1T1, r2-Slot5/E1T1, r2- Slot5/E1T1, r2-Slot5/E1T1, e3m- Slot5/E1T1, e3m-Slot2/E1T1, e3m-	Criteria Property	Criteria Rule	Transformations	Signaling Properties	Destination	
	Slot3/E1T1, isdn-Slot4/E1T1, isdn-Slot5/E1T1, isdn-Slot6/E1T1, isdn-Slot7/E1T1, isdn- Slot8/E1T1, r2-Slot1/E1T1, r2-Slot2/E1T1, r2- Slot3/E1T1, r2-Slot4/E1T1, r2-Slot5/E1T1, r2- Slot6/E1T1, r2-Slot7/E1T1, r2-Slot5/E1T1, r2- Slot1/E1T1, e&m-Slot2/E1T1, isdn:Slot1/E1T1, e&m-Slot2/E1T1,						
f f f f f f f	Slot6/E11, e&m-Slot7/E111, e&m-Slot8/E111, fxo-Slot2/FX01, fxo-Slot2/FX02, fxo-Slot2/FX03, fxo-Slot3/FX04, fxo-Slot3/FX01, fxo-Slot3/FX02, fxo-Slot3/FX03, fxo-Slot3/FX04, fxo-Slot4/FX01, fxo-Slot4/FX03, fxo-Slot4/FX02, fxo-Slot4/FX04, fxo-Slot5/FX01, fxo-Slot5/FX02, fxo-Slot6/FX02, fxo-Slot6/FX01, fxo-Slot6/FX01, fxo-Slot6/FX02, fxo-Slot6/FX03, fxo-Slot6/FX01, fxo-Slot6/FX01, fxo-Slot6/FX01, fxo-Slot7/FX03, fxo-Slot7/FX04, fxo-Slot8/FX01, fxo-Slot8/FX02, fxo-Slot8/FX03, fxo-Slot8/FX01, fxo-Slot8/FX02, fxo-Slot8/FX03, fxo-Slot8/FX01, fxo-Slot8/FX02, fxo-Slot8/FX03, fxo-Slot8/FX01, fxo-Slot8/FX02, fxo-Slot8/FX03, fxo-Slot8/FX04	None		DID_Extension		sip- trunk_lines_gw	
2 5	sip-trunks_mx-one, sip-trunk_lines_gw	None				hunt-Hunt1	

2. In the Transformations field add a name for a transformation rule.

#### Figure 11.127: Configure Route screen

Configure Route 1				
	Value		Suggestion	
Sources	isdn-Slot1/E1T1, isdn-Slot2/E1T1, isdn- Slot3/E1T1, isdn-Slot4/E1T1, isdn-Slot5/E1T1, isdn-Slot6/E1T1, isdn-Slot7/E1T1, isdn- Slot8/E1T1, r2-Slot1/E1T1, r2-Slot2/E1T1, r2-	<b>~ &gt;</b>	Suggestion 🗸	
Criteria Property	None			
Criteria Rule			Suggestion 🗸	
Transformations	DID_Extension		Suggestion 🗸	
Signaling Properties			Suggestion 🗸	
Destination	sip-trunk_lines_gw		Suggestion 🗸	
Config Status				

+

- 3. Click Save.
- 4. Click in the first Call Property Transformation and enter the same name as above.
- 5. Use Called E164 for both Criteria Based On and Transformation Applies To fields.

Figure 11.128:	Configure	Transformation screen
----------------	-----------	-----------------------

Configure Transform	nation 1	
	Value	
Name	DID_Extension	
Criteria Based On	Called E164	
Transformation Applies To	Called E164	
Config Status		

+

- 6. Click Save or Save and Insert Rule.
- 7. Click in the second Call Property Transformation and enter the same name as above.
- 8. Use Called E.164 for both Criteria Based On and Transformation Applies To fields.

Figure 11.129: Configure Transformation screen 1

Configure Transfo	rmation 1	
	Value	
Name	DID_Extension	
Criteria Based On	Called E164 🗸	
Transformation Applies To	Called E164	
Config Status		

- 9. Click Save or Save and Insert Rule.
- **10.** Click in the second Call Property Transformation, and enter the same name as above.
- 11. The Criteria Rule in this case is 443(111..)\$ and the transformation rule is '\1.
- **12.** This means that if a B-number is received containing 44311104, then the 3 first digits (443) are removed before the call is sent to MX-ONE for further processing. (111..)\$ means that the number can only be 5 digits starting with 111.

+

#### Figure 11.130: Configure Transformation Rule 1

Configure Transform	nation Rule 1	
	Value	Suggestion
Туре	Called E164 to Called E164	
Name	DID_Extension	Suggestion 🗸
Criteria Rule	598(321\$)	Suggestion 🗸
Transformation Rule	<u>\1</u>	Suggestion 🗸
Next Transformation		Suggestion 🗸
Config Status		

13. Click Save or Save and Insert Rule. Now, the 'Call Property Transformations' looks like this as shown below.

#### Figure 11.131: Transformations screen



14. Click Save if the yellow indication on top of the page is ON.

# Management

				Fig	ure 11	.132	: Mar	nagen	nent s	creen			
System	Network	SIP Proxy	SBC	ISDN	POTS	SIP	Media	Teleph	ony Ca	ll Router	Manage	ment	Reboot
Configu	ration Scripts	Backup / Re	estore	Firmware	e Upgrade	Certif	icates	SNMP	CWMP	Access	Control	File	Misc

# **Backup/Restore**

1. Click the Activate unsecure script transfers through web browser link.

Image Configuration			
Transfer Parameters			
File Name:	Backup_2018-07-30_85.xml	Suggestion 🗸	
Transfer Protocol:	File 🗸		
Host Name:	0.0.0:0		
Location:			
User Name:			
Password:			
Backup Parameters			
Content:	Config And Certificates 🗸		
Privacy Parameters			
Privacy Algorithm:	None 🗸		
Privacy Key:			

2. Click Apply and Backup Now.

# File

## Figure 11.134: File screen

System	Network	SIP Proxy	SBC	ISDN	POTS	SIP	Media	Teleph	ony Ca	II Router	Manage	ment	Reboot
Configu	ration Scripts	Backup / R	estore	Firmware	e Upgrade	Certi	ficates	SNMP	CWMP	Access	Control	File	Misc

Internal files		
Name	Description	Size
conf/Backup_2018-07-30_85.xml	Automatically generated on 24/08/2018 08:29:46.	149 KB 📒
conf/FXO_Country_Defaults.cfg	FXO Country Defaults	1 KB 📒
conf/FXO_North-America_3km.cfg	FXO North-America 3km	1 KB 📒
conf/PRI_China-DSS1.cfg	China DSS1	з КВ 📒
conf/PRI_Default.cfg	PRI default configuration	з кв 📒
conf/PRI_NorthAmerica-NI1.cfg	North America NI1	з КВ 📒
conf/PRI_NorthAmerica-NI2.cfg	North America NI2	з кв 📒
conf/Survivability_Enable.cfg	Configures the EX Controller for MX-ONE survivability environment.	29 КВ 📒
conf/Survivability.cfg	Configures the unit to use the SipProxy service for basic use cases.	1 КВ 📒
vm/drives/mxone7.iso	Bootable disc file	6.2 GB 📒
10 file(s)	Total: 6.2 GB / Available: 2.4 GB	

1. Find the previously made backup image.

	Figure 11.136: Backup ima	ge
Öppnar Backup_2018-	07-30_85.xml	×
Du har valt att öppna	:	
Backup_2018-	07-30_85.xml	
som är en fil av	typen: XML Document (328 kB)	
från: http://192	.168.17.85	
Vad vill du att Firefox	k gör med denna fil?	
Oppna med	Office XML Handler (standard)	
⊖ <u>S</u> para fil		
<u>G</u> ör detta auto	omatiskt för denna filtyp i fortsättningen.	
	OK Avbry	t

2. Download and store on a secure place.

# **Configure TLS on an EX/GX Controller**

This section describes how to configure TLS on an EX/GX controller with a typical scenario for a branch office with survivability and local presence. TLS ensures secure communication between the MX-ONE system and the EX and GX controller.

# **Prerequisites**

Before you configure the TLS on the controller, ensure that the following requirements are met:

- The EX/GX controller setup is complete without TLS before you configure TLS on the controller. See the previous chapters in this document for the setup information.
- The EX/GX controller setup is fully loaded and the virtual machine on which MX-ONE has been setup is switched on.
- The FXS extensions are registered. You can view the registration status in the path SIP > Registrations.

- The FXS extensions need to be in the SBC registration cache. You can view in the path SBC > Registration.
- The TLS certificate authority is generated and is available in the path /etc/opt/eri\_sn/certs/root with:
  - Certificate authority file: /etc/opt/eri\_sn/certs/root/CA.pem
  - Private key: /etc/opt/eri\_sn/certs/root/private\_key.pem

# **Creating TLS Certificate with SAN**

This section describes how to create a TLS certificate with Subject Alternative Name (SAN). SAN extension of the certificate specifies additional host names so that more than one host can use the same copy of a single certificate. This is required because the traffic between FXS ports and the SBC uses the loopback 127.0.0.1 address.

# Connecting CA to the MX-ONE Server

To connect Certificate Authority (CA) to the MX-ONE server:

- 1. Log into the SSH client, such as Putty.
- 2. Connect to the MX-ONE server using the administrator credentials:

Real PuTTY Configuration	8 23
Category:	Basic options for your PuTTY session
····· Logging □·· Terminal ··· Keyboard ··· Bell ···· Features □·· Window	Specify the destination you want to connect to         Host Name (or IP address)       Port         10.211.162.41       22         Connection type:       Raw         Raw       Telnet       Rlogin         SSH       Serial
⊷ Appearance     ⊷ Behaviour     ⊷ Translation     ⊡ · Selection     ⊷ Colours	Load, save or delete a stored session Saved Sessions
Connection  Connection  Proxy  Telnet Rlogin	Default Settings
Serial	Close window on exit: Always Never Only on clean exit
About Help	Open Cancel

# Verifying the CA File

Using the command line, verify that the certificate authority file is valid and contains the required Issuer:

openssl x509 -in /etc/opt/eri sn/certs/root/CA.pem -text| grep Issuer

Issuer: CN=MXOneEnterpriseCA, C=SG, O=Root Certificate, OU=MX-ONE/emailAddress=root@EXLIMIPV4V6.mxonebglman.com

# Generating the Unit Certificate with SAN

For the TLS to be enabled on different interfaces you must generate a unit certificate with SAN. For example:

- Uplink: 10.211.162.127
- LAN1: 192.168.0.10 (default IP)
- Loopback: 127.0.0.1 (IP to connect FXS and PSTN ports to the internal SBC)

The certificate must be generated on the MX-ONE server using the following procedure:

1. Create a directory for the unit certificates.

```
mkdir -p /etc/opt/eri_sn/certs/units
cd /etc/opt/eri sn/certs/units
```

2. Create a configuration file for the uplink (10.211.162.127.cnf) to provide SAN options. Replace the uplink IP (10.211.162.127) with the IP address of the EX and GX controller.

```
cat << EOF > 10.211.162.127.cnf
[req]
distinguished name = req distinguished name
req extensions = v3 req
prompt = no
[req distinguished name]
CN = 10.211.162.127
[v3 req]
basicConstraints = CA:false
keyUsage = digitalSignature, keyEncipherment, dataEncipherment
extendedKeyUsage = serverAuth, clientAuth
subjectAltName = @alt names
[alt names]
DNS.1 = 192.168.0.10
DNS.2 = 127.0.0.1
DNS.3 = 10.211.162.127
IP.1 = 192.168.0.10
IP.2 = 127.0.0.1
IP.3 = 10.211.162.127
EOF
```

3. Generate a Private Key for the EX and GX controller unit. The first command will generate a key with password, the second one will convert the key so it requires no password (required by the following steps):

```
openssl genrsa -aes256 -out 10.211.162.127.key.protected 2048
openssl rsa -in 10.211.162.127.key.protected -out 10.211.162.127.key
```

4. Generate a CSR for the Unit.

```
openssl req -new -key 10.211.162.127.key -out 10.211.162.127.csr -sha256 -config 10.211.162.127.cnf
```

5. Verify the CSR:

openssl req -text -noout -verify -in 10.211.162.127.csr

6. Sign the CSR and generate a new certificate:

```
openssl x509 -req -sha256 -days 3652 -in 10.211.162.127.csr -CA
../root/CA.pem -CAkey ../root/private_key.pem -CAserial ../root/CA.srl
-CAcreateserial -out 10.211.162.127.crt -extfile 10.211.162.127.cnf
-extensions v3_req
```

7. Verify the uplink certificate (10.211.162.127.crt):

```
openssl x509 -in 10.211.162.127.crt -text
```

8. Create the uplink .pem file.

cat 10.211.162.127.crt 10.211.162.127.key > 10.211.162.127.pem

Generate a Private Key for the EX and GX controller unit. The first command will generate a key with
password, the second one will convert the key so it requires no password (required by the following
steps):

```
openssl genrsa -aes256 -out 10.211.162.127.key.protected 2048
openssl rsa -in 10.211.162.127.key.protected -out 10.211.162.127.key
```

10. Generate a CSR for the Unit.

```
openssl req -new -key 10.211.162.127.key -out 10.211.162.127.csr -sha256 -config 10.211.162.127.cnf
```

**11.** Verify the CSR:

openssl req -text -noout -verify -in 10.211.162.127.csr 12. Sign the CSR and generate a new certificate:

```
openssl x509 -req -sha256 -days 3652 -in 10.211.162.127.csr -CA
../root/CA.pem -CAkey ../root/private_key.pem -CAserial ../root/CA.srl
-CAcreateserial -out 10.211.162.127.crt -extfile 10.211.162.127.cnf
-extensions v3_req
```

**13.** Verify the uplink certificate (10.211.162.127.crt):

```
openssl x509 -in 10.211.162.127.crt -text
```

14. Create the uplink .pem file.

cat 10.211.162.127.crt 10.211.162.127.key > 10.211.162.127.pem

#### Copying the Files on PC

Using a file transfer software, copy the following files from the MX-ONE to your PC:

- Unit Certificate: /etc/opt/eri\_sn/certs/units/10.211.162.127.pem
- Root Certificate: /etc/opt/eri\_sn/certs/root/CA.pem

# Configuring the EX/GX for TLS

The procedures described in this section shows how to configure TLS in an EX/GX controller to establish a secure connection with MX-ONE system.

## Login to the EX/GX Controller

Open a Web browser, log in to the EX/GX controller by using the default IP address or the previously configured uplink IP address. You can either log in as a public user (with no password) or an administrator using default credentials.

# **Installing Unit Certificates**

1. In the EX/GX controller user interface, navigate to Management > Certificates.

System	Network	SIP Proxy	SBC	ISDN	POTS	SIP	Media	Telepho	ony Call	Router	Manage	ment
Configu	ration Scripts	Backup / Re	estore	Firmware	Certific	ates	Virtuo	SNMP	CWMP	Acces	s Control	File

# Certificates

Certificate transfer through web browser is disabled because of unsecure HTTP access.

Activate unsecure certificate transfer through web browser

- 2. Under Certificate Import Through Web browser.
  - a. Choose Host and click Choose.
  - b. Select the appropriate file (.pem file) on your PC and then click Import.



- 3. Under Certificate Import Through Web browser.
  - a. Choose Other and click Choose.
  - b. Select the appropriate file (.pem file) on your PC and then click Import.

Certificate Import Through Web Browser	
Type Path	
Other  Choose File CAmx.pem	Import

#### 4. Verify that the certificates have been installed:

Some changes require to restart a service to apply new configuration. Please click this link to access the services table or just restart required services

Certificates

Host Cer	tificates														
File Nam	e	Issued To		Issued By		Valid F	rom		Valid To			Usage			
10.211.10	2.127.pem	10.211.162.127 MXOneEnterpris		rpriseCA	2019-0	8-09 14:4	0:22	2029-08-	08 14:40:	:22	TIsClient, TIsServer			Ξ	
0110-															
Other Ce	rtificates														
File Nam	e	Issued To Is			Issued By	Issued By Va			Valid From Valid To			Usag	je	CA	
CAmx.pe	m	MXOneEnte	erpriseC/	A	MXOneEnterpriseCA				2019-08-07 2020-08-06 14:58:23 14:58:23					Yes	
Cert_Mx[	Default001.der	Media5 Cor Primary CA		- Mediatrix		Media5 Corporation - Mediatrix Primary CA			2015-03-06 2065-03-06 15:06:40 15:06:40			TIsCI TIsSe		Yes	
Host Cer	tificate Assoc	iations													
File Nam	e	SI	P We	eb EAP	Conf	Fpu	File	Cert	Nim	SBC	CWI	/IP			
10.211.16	2.127.pem	-			<b></b>		<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>							

5. Restart required services and log in to the EX/GX controller user interface again.

Apply

# **Configuring the Secure SIP ports**

By default, the EX/GX controllers only listen to the non-secure SIP ports.

1. Navigate to **SIP > Gateways** in the EX/GX controller interface.

Gateway Configuration							
Name	Туре	Signaling Network	Media Networks	Media Networks Suggestion	Port	Secure Port	
MX1_analog_ext	Trunk <b>T</b>	Uplink <b>T</b>		Suggestion T	5080	5081 _	
trunk_lines_gw	Trunk <b>v</b>	Loop 🔻	Loop	Suggestion ▼	5066	5067	
trunks_mx-one	Trunk <b>T</b>	Uplink <b>T</b>		Suggestion T	5070	5071 -	
						•	

- 2. For each SIP Gateway, add a secure port (Port +1).
- 3. Click Apply and restart the services.

# Setting the TLS version, Cipher Suite, and Certificate Validation Level

For SIP gateways on the EX/GX to communicate with the SBC service, configure the TLS version to 1.2 and the Cipher Suite to CS3.

**NOTE:** It is recommended to disable the certificate validation until the setup is complete.

- 1. Navigate to Management > Configuration Scripts and click Execute.
- 2. Select Activate unsecure script transfers and execution through web browser.
- 3. In Execute inline script, copy and paste the following:

SipEp.TransportTlsVersion=TLSv1_2 SipEp.TransportTlsCipherSuite=CS3 SipEp.InteropTlsCertificateValidation=NoValidation Sbc.CertificateValidation=NoValidation Scm.RestartRequiredServices	
Execute Inline Script	
SipEp.TransportTlsVersion=TLSv1_2         SipEp.TransportTlsCipherSuite=CS3         SipEp.InteropTlsCertificate/alidation=No/alidation         Sbc.Certificate/alidation=No/alidation         Scm.RestartRequiredServices	(Clear Script)
	Execute

4. Click Execute. It takes approximately 30 seconds for the services to restart.

# Enabling TLS on the SBC Service

To enable TLS on SBC:

1. Navigate to SBC > Configuration.

System	Network	SIP Proxy	SBC	ISDN	POTS	SIP	Media	Telephony	Call Router	Management	Reboot
Status	Configurati	on Rules	ets L	ive Calls	Running (	Config	Events	Registration			

# • Configuration

2. In Call Agent Configuration, edit trunk\_lines\_ca by clicking on the Edit icon next to it.

Call Agent Configuration						
Name Enable	Gateway	Signaling Interface	Media Interface Pe	er Host	Peer Network	
local_users_ca 🗹		uplink_s	uplink_m		0.0.0.0/0	
trunk_lines_ca 🛛 🗹	trunk_lines_gw		loop_m		(	

3. Set Force Transport as **TIs** and click **Save**.

# Configure Call Agent

Configure Call Agent		
	Value	
Call Agent Parameters		
Name	trunk_lines_ca	
Enable		
Gateway	trunk_lines_gw T	
Signaling Interface	<b></b>	
Media Interface	loop_m T	
Peer Host		
Peer Network		
Force Transport	Tis	

- 4. Repeat the above steps for local\_users\_ca and MX-ONE\_LIM1 call agents.
- 5. In Signaling Interface Configuration, edit loop\_sand uplink\_sand set Allowed Transports to TIsOnly and TIs Mode to Both and click Apply.

Signaling Interface Configuration							
Name	Network	Port	Secure Port	Allowed Transports	TIs Mode	Public Address	
loop_s	Loop 🔻	0	0	TIsOnly T	Both <b>T</b>	<b>_</b>	
lan1_s	Lan1 🔻	0	0	All 🔻	Client <b>T</b>		
uplink_s	Uplink <b>T</b>	0	0	TisOnly T	Both <b>T</b>		
trunk_s	Uplink <b>v</b>	5090	5092	All 🔻	Client <b>v</b>		
						<b>±</b>	

- 6. Restart the required services. It takes about 30 seconds for the SBC service to restart.
- 7. Clear cache registration by navigating to **SBC > Registration**.

# Enabling TLS between SIP Gateways and SBC

To enable TLS between SIP Gateways and SBC:

1. Navigate to **SIP > Transport**.

Gateways	Servers	Registrations	Authentication	Transport	Interop	Misc		
System	Network	SIP Proxy SBC	ISDN PO	TS SIP	Media	Telephony	Call Router	Man

# Transport

General Configuration				
Add SIP Transport in Registration:		Enable T		
Add SIP Transport in Contact Hea	Add SIP Transport in Contact Header:			
Persistent Base Port:	Persistent Base Port:			
Failback Interval:	Failback Interval:			
TLS Certificate Trust Level:	TLS Certificate Trust Level:		•	
TCP Connect Timeout:		127		
Protocol Configuration				
UDP UDP QValue	тср	TCP QValue	TLS	TLS QValue
		Ter Qvalue		
Disable V	Enable V		Enable	

- 2. Configure the general configuration details as shown in the above figure and click Apply.
- 3. Restart the required services. It takes about 30 seconds for the service to restart.
- 4. Navigate to SIP > Registrations.
- 5. Validate if endpoints are registered the agent MX1\_analog\_ext.
- 6. Navigate to SBC > Registration, validate all endpoints are registered using TLS.

AoR	Contact-URI
sip:32100@10.211.162.41	sip:32100@10.211.162.127:16000;transport=tls
sip:32101@10.211.162.41	sip:32101@10.211.162.127:16000;transport=tls
sip:32102@10.211.162.41	sip:32102@10.211.162.127:16000;transport=tls
sip:32103@10.211.162.41	sip:32103@10.211.162.127:16000;transport=tls

7. Test a call between endpoints. For example 32100 to 32101.

Apply

# **Enabling SRTP on EX/GX Controller**

To enable SRTP on the EX/GX controller:

- 1. Navigate to **Media > Security**.
- 2. Under Select Endpoint, choose Secure.
- 3. Select Mode as, **Secure**.
- 4. Select Key Management Protocol as, SDES.
- 5. Select Encryption as, AES\_CM\_128.
- 6. Select Yes for the T.38 setting.

# **Enabling Certificate Validation**

After the EX/GX controller with TLS setup is complete, you can enable certificate validation:

- 1. Navigate to **Management > Configuration Scripts > Execute** and select Activate unsecure script transfers and execution through web browser.
- 2. In Execute Inline Script, copy and paste the following:

```
SipEp.InteropTlsCertificateValidation=HostName
bc.CertificateValidation=HostName
Sbc.ResetRegistrationCache
Scm.RestartRequiredServices
```

- 3. Click Execute.
- 4. Navigate SIP > Registrations.
- 5. Validate that the endpoints are registered to call agent MX1 analog ext.

# **Known Limitations**

Below are some known limitations when using the EX-Controller or GX-Gateway:

- When MX-ONE is installed as a virtual machine in the EX-Controller, Provisioning Manger is not allowed to be installed.
- When EX-Controller is used in a multi-server configuration the EX-controller can never be the master server.
- Maximum 5 servers can exist in a multi-server configuration, where at least one of the servers is an EX-controller.
- When deploying a MX-ONE as a virtual machine the maximum amount of RAM is 7168 Mbytes.



© Copyright 2020, Mitel Networks Corporation. All Rights Reserved. The Mitel word and logo are trademarks of Mitel Networks Corporation, including itself and subsidiaries and authorized entities. Any reference to third party trademarks are for reference only and Mitel makes no representation of ownership of these marks.