

Rebuild of recordings



Administration manual for system providers

3/25/2020

Product line neo, version 6.x

The described functions can be used with the following ASC products:

EVOIPneo

EVOLUTIONneo / XXL / eco

EVOflex (country-specific)

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1 Introduction

This document describes the preconditions and the procedure to rebuild recordings after a recording server has failed.

In case, conversation data has been lost, there is the possibility to restore the recordings and the corresponding additional data.

During the initial installation, a backup is set up for the PostgreSQL database that you can fall back upon in case of loss of data. The import function neo rebuild is destined to rebuild recordings which have not yet been covered by the database backup.

The recordings are imported to the system storage and the corresponding meta data to the database. After the import, exclusively the tenant configured in the import configuration has access to the recordings.



For a rebuild with the import format neo rebuild no license is required for the import.



For information about the activation and administration of licenses refer to the administration manual for system providers *License administration*.



Chat recordings cannot be imported.

Conversations which exclusively consist of meta data cannot be imported either.



Data which has been encrypted with one of the following methods cannot be imported:

- neo key management
 - vormetric key management
-

2 Restrictions

The following functions are not supported:

- Restoration of encrypted data if its key is not available anymore.
- Restoration of statistics of the Recording Planner as they are stored exclusively in the database.

The following types of drives are not supported for import and export:

- EMC Centera
- S3
- ASC FS (*with the exception of importing archiving media from V10*)

3 Rebuild of recordings



Depending on the extent of the data loss, you may have to install the backup of the database first.

To fill the gap from the latest database backup to the most recent recording, in the application System Configuration, you can use the import function *neo* rebuild.



Basic information about using the application System Configuration can be found in the user manual for administrators *System Configuration - General information*.

3.1 Configure import job

To be able to use *neo* rebuild, you must configure an import job.



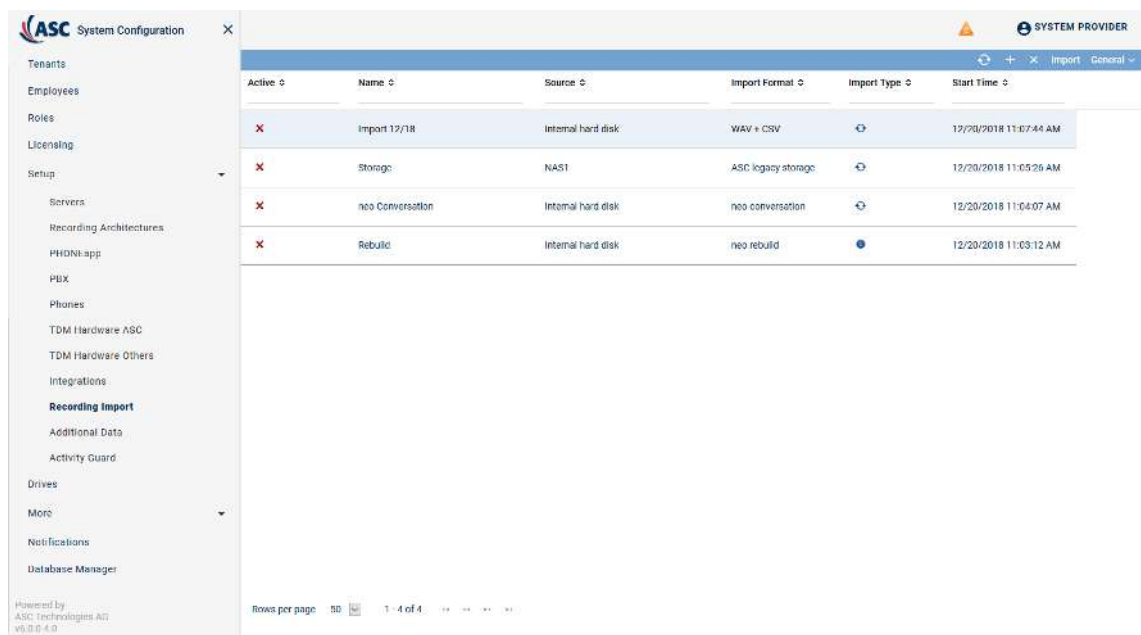
The following configuration has to be carried out as system administrator.



In a multi-tenant system, you have to run a separate import job for each tenant.

1. Open the application System Configuration.
2. Log in as system administrator.
3. Select the menu item *Setup > Recording Import*.

⇒ The following main view appears:



Active	Name	Source	Import Format	Import Type	Start Time
	Import 12/18	Internal hard disk	WAV + CSV		12/20/2018 11:07:44 AM
	Storage	NAS1	ASC legacy storage		12/20/2018 11:05:26 AM
	neo Conversation	Internal hard disk	neo conversation		12/20/2018 11:04:07 AM
	Rebuild	Internal hard disk	neo rebuild		12/20/2018 11:03:12 AM

Fig. 1: Exemplary main view of import jobs

4. Click on the icon (Create) in the toolbar of the main view to configure the import format for *neo* rebuild.

3.1.1 Tab Details

Select the tab *Details* to select the tenant that you would like to carry out the rebuild for and to configure the import format.

Rebuild

<

Details*

Drives*

Mapping

Check Duplicate

>

Help

Active

☐

Name*

Rebuild

Description

Import format*

neo rebuild

Codec

G.711 a-law

Execution mode

☒ Once
 ☐ Continuous

Tenant*

1st-tenant

+

-

Conversations with employees without import key

☐ Import without mapping
 ☒ Don't import

Start time

End time


Save

Reset

Fig. 2: Tab Details - Import format neo Rebuild ASC neo rebuild

1. In the tab *Details*, enter the following parameters:


Active	<p>Tick the check box to activate the import configuration.</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> = Configuration is active; the import is started directly upon saving.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> = Configuration is not active; no import is carried out. A running import can be stopped that way.</p>
Name	Enter the name of the import configuration.
Description	Here, you can enter a description for the import configuration.
Import format	Select the import format <u>neo</u> Rebuild from the drop-down list.
Codec	The codec cannot be changed for this import format.
Execution mode	This import job is always executed only once. This setting has been preselected and cannot be changed for this import format. If the import has to be executed once again for some reason, you have to deactivate the import job, activate it again and save it.
Tenant	<p>Click on the button + to select the tenant that you would like to map the imported data to, see chapter "Assign tenant", p. 8.</p> <p>The rebuild functionality has to be carried out for each tenant separately.</p>
Conversations with employees without import key	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Import without mapping <p>The conversations without mapping are imported but cannot be mapped to an agent, i. e. these recordings can only be seen by those who have the right to see all recordings.</p>

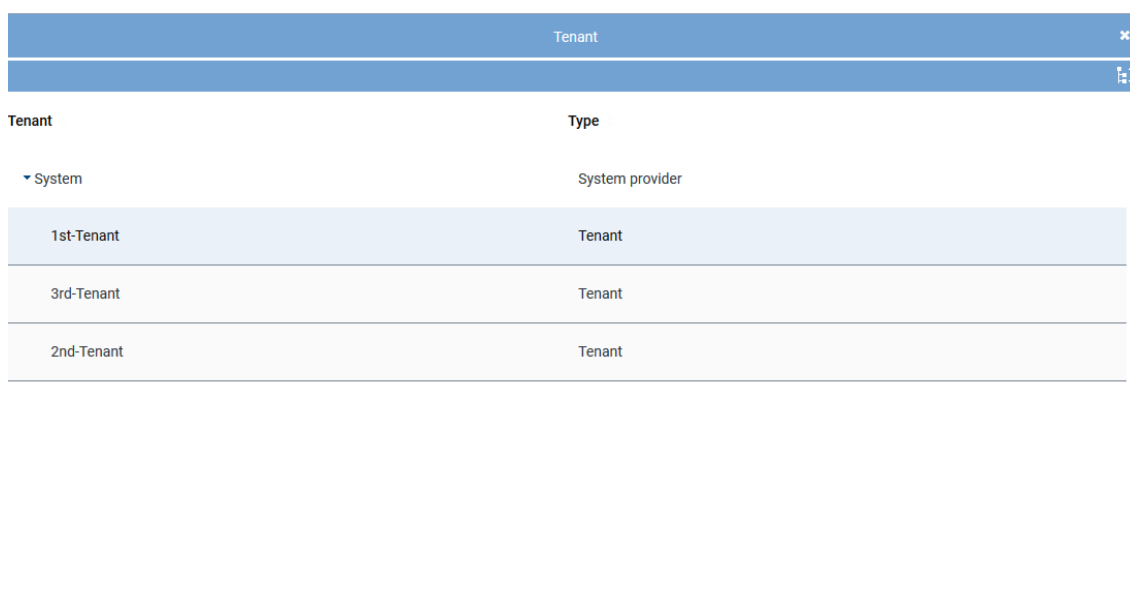
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Don't import The conversations are not imported into the destination system.
<i>Start time / End time</i>	<p>If you have selected the import format <i>neo</i> Rebuild, you can limit the period from which recordings are supposed to be imported.</p> <p>Define the <i>start time</i> and the <i>end time</i> to limit the import to the exact period during which data was lost. You can set the period generously; already existing conversations are not imported again.</p> <p>Alternatively, you can enter either only the start time or the end time. If you enter neither a start time nor an end time, the import period is unlimited.</p> <p>You can enter the date directly in both entry fields via the keyboard or by clicking on the icon .</p>

NOTICE!

You do not have to select a **PBX**; the conversations of all PBXs assigned to the selected tenant are imported.

3.1.1.1 Assign tenant

- Click on the button  on the right of the entry field.
- Select a tenant from the list.



Tenant	Type
▼ System	System provider
1st-Tenant	Tenant
3rd-Tenant	Tenant
2nd-Tenant	Tenant

Fig. 3: Add tenant

- To apply the selection, click on the button *Add*.
To discard the selection and close the window, click on the button *Cancel*.

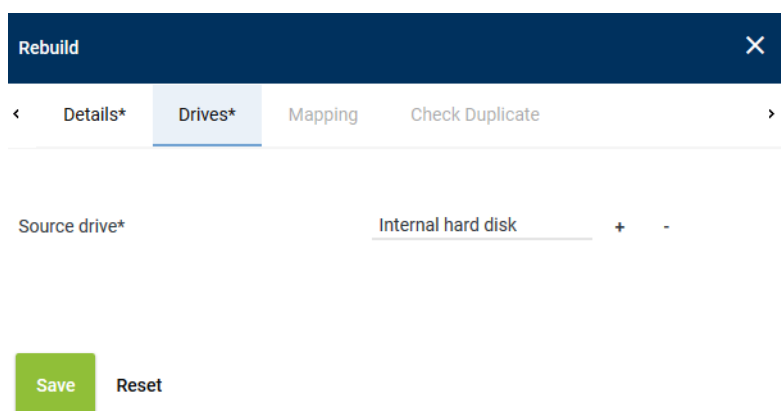
3.1.2 Tab Drives

Select the tab *Drives* to select the source drive from which the data is supposed to be imported.

A drive can be used in several job configurations as long as the drive is not used actively by a configuration.



If a drive is currently used actively by a job, no additional job which uses the same drive can be released or activated. This behavior includes all modules, i. e. regardless of the module that the configuration belongs to.



Rebuild

< Details* **Drives*** Mapping Check Duplicate >

Source drive* Internal hard disk + -

Save Reset

Fig. 4: Tab Drives - select source directory

Source drive Select the drive from which the data is supposed to be imported, see [chapter "Assign drive", p. 9](#).



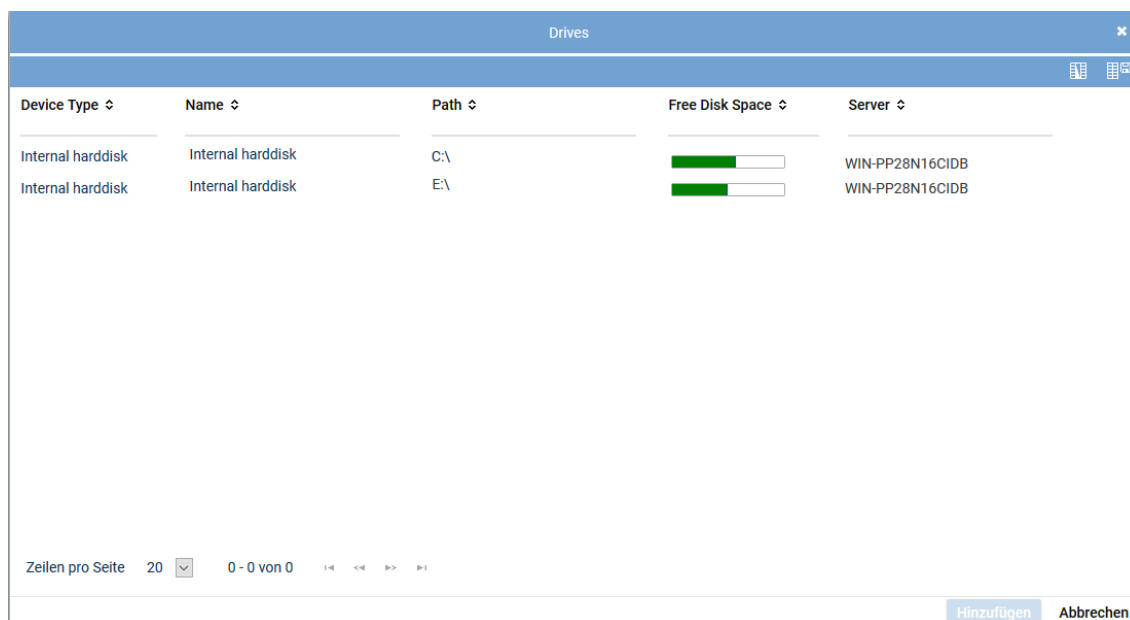
You have to create a separate import job for each drive.

The drive types S3 and EMC Centera are not supported for this import job.

1. To save the settings, click on the button *Save*.
To discard the settings, click on the button *Reset*.

3.1.2.1 Assign drive

1. Click on the button **+** on the right of the entry field.
2. Select a drive from the list.



Device Type ↕	Name ↕	Path ↕	Free Disk Space ↕	Server ↕
Internal harddisk	Internal harddisk	C:\	<div><div></div></div>	WIN-PP28N16CIDB
Internal harddisk	Internal harddisk	E:\	<div><div></div></div>	WIN-PP28N16CIDB

Zeilen pro Seite 20 0 - 0 von 0

Hinzufügen Abbrechen

Fig. 5: Add drive

3. To apply the selection, click on the button *Add*.
To discard the selection and close the window, click on the button *Cancel*.

4 Restoration of the database

4.1 Restore PostgreSQL database

During the installation of the provided PostgreSQL database of the *neo* recording software, a backup job is created for the PostgreSQL database which covers the last 5 days.

By default, you find the files in the following directory:

- %ASCDATA%\DatabaseBackup\



Information about the restoration of the PostgreSQL database can be found at <http://www.pgadmin.org/docs/dev/restore.html>.

To restore the database, proceed as follows.

Delete defective database

Before you install the backup, you have to delete the existing database and create a new one.

1. Stop the services *ASC ServiceMan* and *ASC ApplicationServer*.
In multi-core systems, **all** Enterprise Cores must be stopped.
2. Open the program *pgAdmin III*.
3. Log in and select the database entry *asc_rs*.
4. From the context menu, select the entry *Delete/Drop* and delete the database *asc_rs*.

Create new database

1. Right-click on *Server > Server Name > Databases*.
2. Select the menu item *New Database* from the context menu.
3. In the tab *Properties*, enter *asc_rs* as name.
4. From the drop-down list *Proprietor*, select the value *postgres*.
5. In the tab *Definition* check whether the value for the coding has been set to *UTF8*.
6. Click on the button *OK* to save the database.

4.1.1 Restoration



A restoration has to be carried out via the PostgreSQL server.

1. Right-click on the database instance *asc_rs* that you would like to restore.

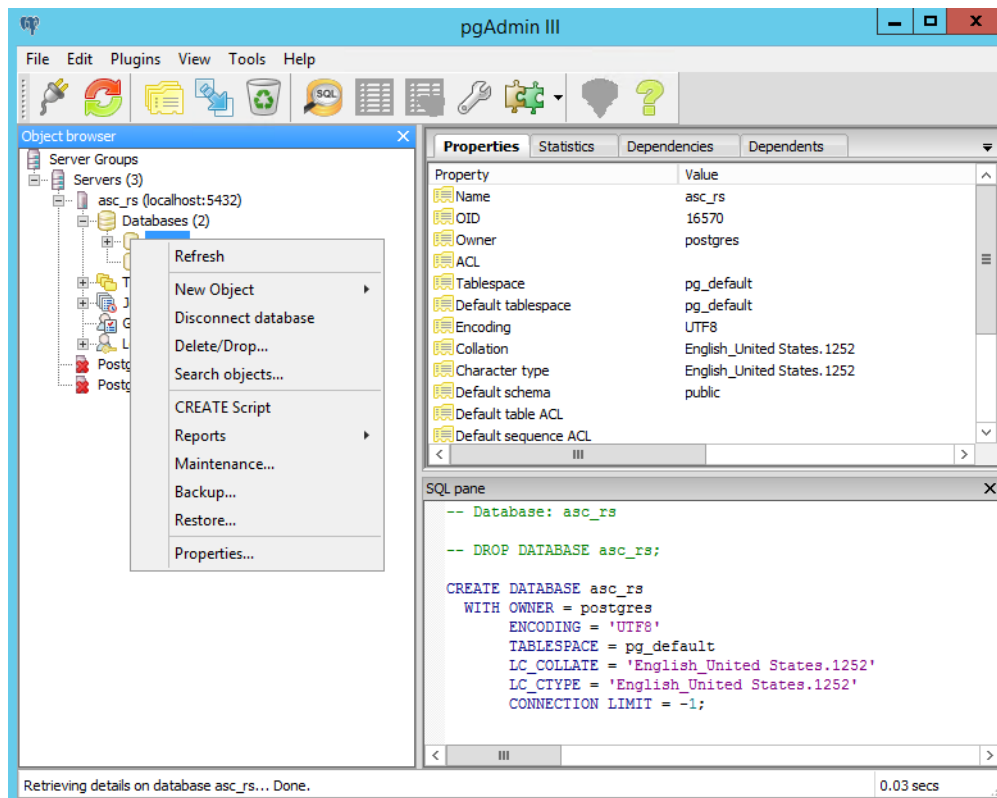


Fig. 6: Restore options

2. Select the menu item *Restore* from the context menu.

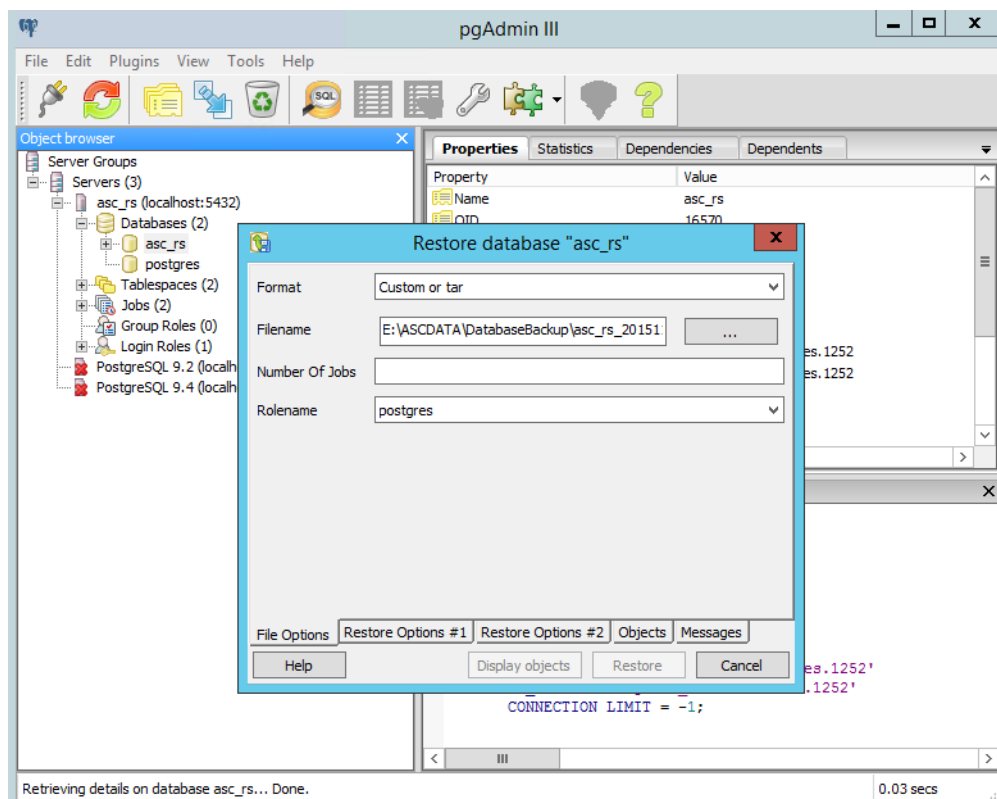



Fig. 7: Select restoration file

3. Select the following options for the restoration:

Format Select the entry *Custom or tar* from the drop-down list.

<i>File name</i>	Select the backup file from which you would like to restore the database by clicking on the button  .
<i>Role name</i>	Select the entry <i>postgres</i> from the drop-down list.

Tab. 1: Select restoration file

4. Click on the button *Restore*.
 - ⇒ Once the restoration has been completed, the tab *Messages* becomes active. Here, you can check the result.
Status 0 indicates that there are no notifications and that the restoration has been successful.
5. Reboot the server after the restoration.



If you have to restore a failover configuration on the standby server, copy the configuration files back into the database directory. For further information refer to the installation manual for system provider *Failover operation for PostgreSQL databases*.



For further information see <http://www.pgadmin.org/docs/dev/restore.html>.

4.1.2 Start updater

After the database has been restored, you have to start the ASC Updater to have the general components of the program installed subsequently.

1. Start *updater.exe* from the installation directory
C:\Program Files (x86)\ASC\ASC Product Suite\Updater
2. Restart the server once the updater is finished.
3. Check the functionality of the system.

4.2 Restore MSSQL database

1. Stop the services *ASC ServiceMan* and *ASC ApplicationServer*.
 In multi-core systems, **all** Enterprise Cores must be stopped.
2. Open the program *Microsoft SQL Server Management Studio*.
3. Log in and select the database entry *asc_rs*.
4. Check the properties and the files of the database.

The MSSQL database can be restored by means of the existing database. It is not necessary to delete the existing database and create a new one.

4.2.1 Restoration



For a restoration, the Microsoft SQL server must be running.

1. Right-click on the database instance that you would like to restore.
2. Select the menu item *Task > Restore > Database* from the context menu.

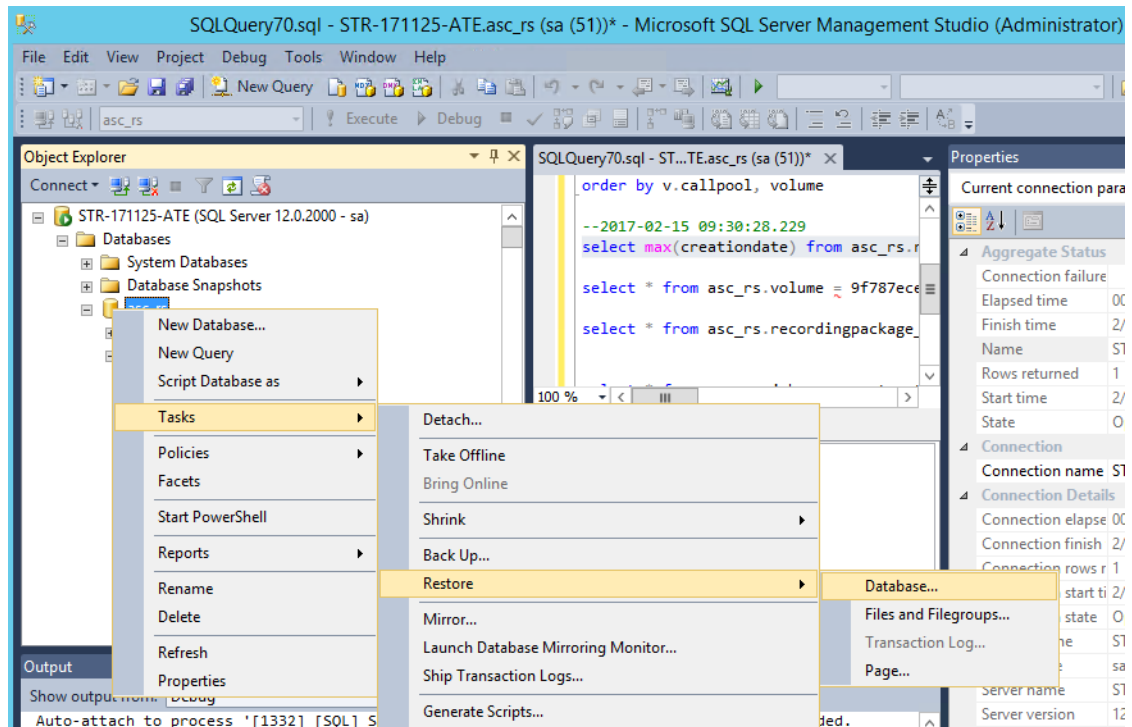


Fig. 8: Restore options

- Click on the menu item *General* in the navigation bar.

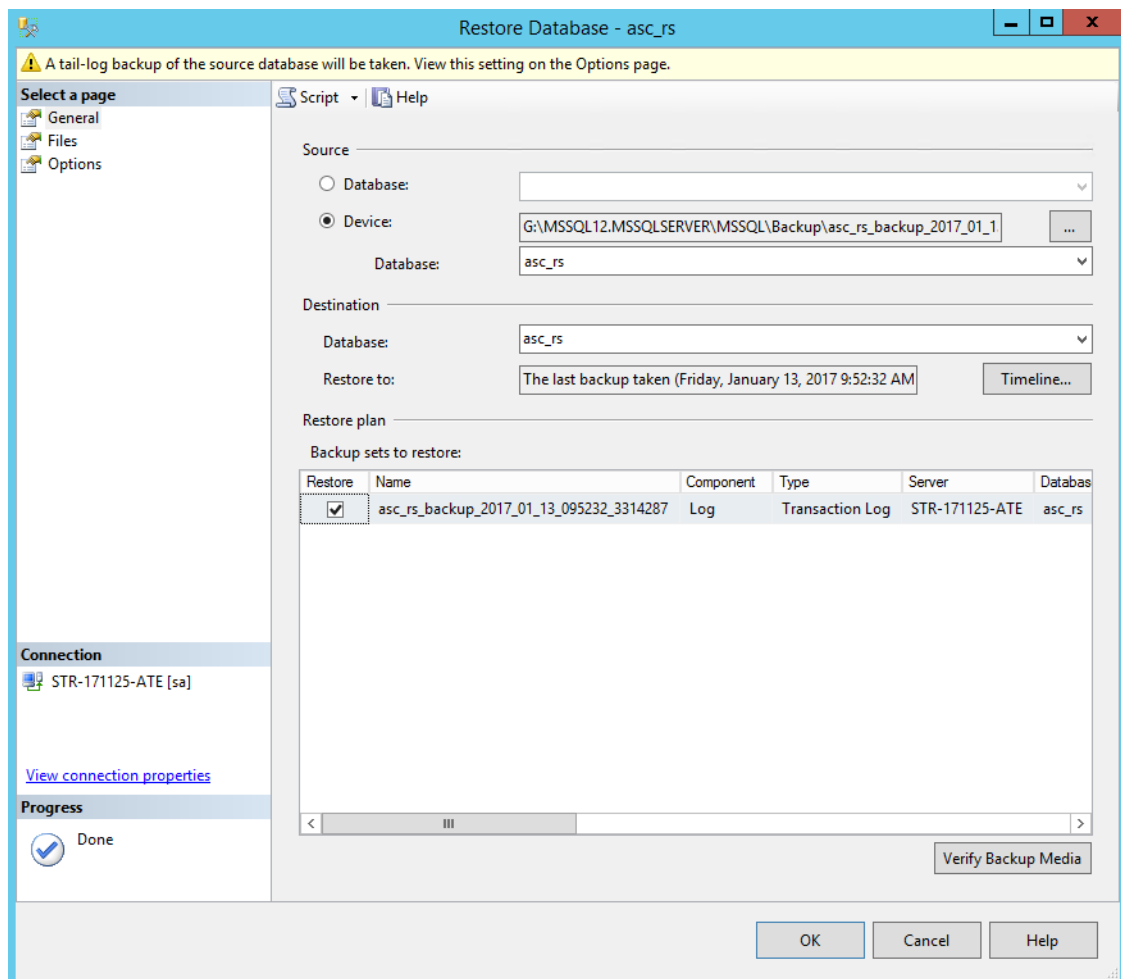


Fig. 9: Select restoration file

- Select the following options for the restoration:

Source

<i>Device</i>	Activate this option if the backup has been stored on a different medium.
<i>Database</i>	From the drop-down list, select the database backup from which you would like to restore the database, e. g. <i>asc_rs</i> .

Tab. 2: Select restoration file

Destination

<i>Database</i>	From the drop-down list, select the database you would like to restore, e. g. <i>asc_rs</i> .
<i>Restore to</i>	Select the backup that you would like to use for the restore. If you do not want to use the suggested backup for the restore, you can select a different backup by clicking on the button <i>Timeline</i> .

Tab. 3: Select destination

5. Click on the button *OK*.
 - ⇒ Once the restoration has been completed, the tab *Messages* becomes active. Here, you can check the result.
Status 0 indicates that there are no notifications and that the restoration has been successful.
6. After the restoration, check the properties and the files of the database.
7. Reboot the server after the restoration.



For further information see <http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ms187510.aspx>.

4.2.2

Start updater

After the database has been restored, you have to start the ASC Updater to have the general components of the program installed subsequently.

1. Start *updater.exe* from the installation directory
C:\Program Files (x86)\ASC\ASC Product Suite\Updater
2. Restart the server once the updater is finished.
3. Check the functionality of the system.

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